SEDALIA DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Democrat Established 1868. Vol. XL. } Consolidated 1907.
Sentinel Established 1880. Vol. XXVII. }

TWO PARTS—SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1909—PART ONE.

VOL. 3 NO. 54. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HON. W. H. TAFT IS PRESIDENT

Was Inducted Into Office With Imposing Ceremonies at Washington, D. C., at the Noon Hour Today

AN IMMENSE CROWD WAS IN ATTENDANCE

Hon. James S. Sherman Takes the Oath of Office and Becomes Vice President of United States.

DETAILS OF THE NOTABLE CEREMONIES

Inaugural Parade Finest Ever Seen in Washington, Despite a Snow Storm.

* William H. Taft, of Ohio, and James S. Sherman, of New York, were inaugurated at noon today as president and vice president of the United States.
* The ceremony of inauguration was accomplished with all due formality and finality but under the most unusual conditions, owing to a terrific blizzard which swept over the national capital, paralyzing street traffic, destroying communication with the outside world and bringing dismay to thousands of assembled visitors who had gathered in expectation of the usual spectacular demonstration.
* Notwithstanding the adverse conditions, all of the main features of the inauguration were carried out. The main change was in modifying the original program so that the inaugural address, usually delivered from the east portico of the capitol, was pronounced by Mr. Taft in the senate chamber.

Washington, March 4.—William Howard Taft is now president of the United States and James Schoolcraft Sherman is vice president.

President Taft took the oath of office shortly after noon in the chamber of the senate in the presence of one of the greatest throngs that ever gathered in the chief legislative city of the nation to witness the ceremonies attending the inauguration of a chief executive. The vice president took the oath of office in the senate chamber immediately preceding the administering of the oath to the president-elect.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Taft has been in civil pursuits all his life, the military display which accompanied his induction into office was greater than that which marked the inauguration of the militant rough rider president, Theodore Roosevelt, four years ago. Washington was filled with civilians and soldiers and sailors. From the earliest daylight hour the streets were crowded with people. Pennsylvania avenue, the center of all things in Washington, was packed with the crowds, every man and woman in which sought, by an early arrival, to obtain a place of vantage from which the great procession, which for hours passed through the broad thoroughfare, could be seen. Every window and every balcony overlooking the avenue had been preempted for weeks by persons willing to pay great sums to get an unobstructed view of the passing marchers.

Decorations Are Beautiful.

The scene was one of constant movement and constant color. The red, white and blue floated from every flagpole and fell as drapery from every cornice. The inaugural committee succeeded this year in outdoing all previous efforts at decorative effect.

In the line of march leading from the capitol up Pennsylvania avenue past the great treasury building and White house there were nearly 4,000 regular troops and twice as many members of the National Guard of the different states and independent military organizations. The civic features of the parade were many. The trades, the professions and all kinds of business activities were represented by thousands of persons who came to Washington to do honor to the country's new civil chief.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
PRESIDENT IN PARADE GUARDED BY SECRET SERVICE MEN.

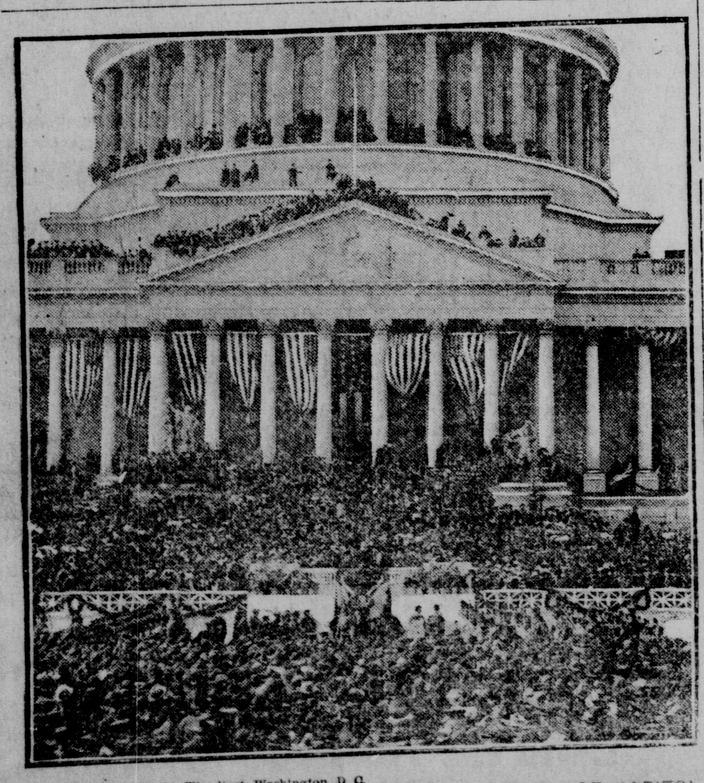
Gather at the Capitol.

Early in the day the president-elect met the out-going president in the White House. About an hour before noon, the congressional committee of arrangements, consisting of Senators Knox, Lodge and Bacon, and Representatives Burke, Young and Gaines, arrived at the executive mansion and informed the president and the president-elect that congress was in readiness for the ceremonies of the actual inauguration. At half-past eleven President Roosevelt and President-to-be Taft entered a carriage, Mr. Taft sitting at the left of Mr. Roosevelt. In the carriages immediately following were the members of the congressional committee of arrangements. A body of veterans of the civil and Spanish wars acted as an escort for the out-going and the incoming chiefs of state.

All the morning long the crowds had been awaiting the coming of the two officials. The cheering was constant and the names of both Roosevelt and Taft were intermingled with the shouts of applause. The drive to the capitol was made slowly in order that the veterans acting as a guard of honor might not be distanced.

The president and the president-elect were escorted by the congressional committee into the senate wing of the capitol through the historic doorway of bronze on the east side of the building. They went directly to the president's room where they remained until the committee of arrangements came to them and announced that the senate was in readiness to receive them. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft then walked to the senate chamber, taking the seats reserved for them in the first row directly in front of the vice-president's desk.

Vice-President Fairbanks and Vice-President-elect Sherman drove to the capitol together and went directly to the room of the vice-president. In turn they were escorted to the senate chamber as the two chief figures of the occasion had been escorted before them. Mr. Fairbanks went at once to his place as presiding officer of the senate and Mr. Sherman took a seat at the left of Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft, just across the center aisle of the chamber.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington D. C.
INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT AT EAST PORTICO OF CAPITOL.

Mr. Sherman Takes the Oath.

Edward Everett Hale, the veteran chaplain of the senate and one of the most picturesque figures in the United States, offered prayer. Immediately following the prayer, the oath of office was administered to Mr. Sherman by the outgoing vice-president, Mr. Fairbanks. The new vice-president next delivered his inaugural address, and then at once, as the first duty of his new office, he administered the oath to the newly elected senators of the United States.

Present on the floor of the senate chamber were many former senators of the United States, who have the privileges of the senate at all times owing to the fact of once having held membership in the body. The speaker and the entire house of representatives were present and with them were the chief officials of the district government, the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court, the heads of the executive departments of the government, the governors of the states and territories, the chief of staff of the army, and his aides, Admiral Dewey of the navy and his aides, and several veteran officers of the army and navy who, having received the thanks of congress for gallantry in battle, are entitled to the privileges of entering either branch of congress during session time. Among them was Gen. O. O. Howard.

President Taft Inaugurated.

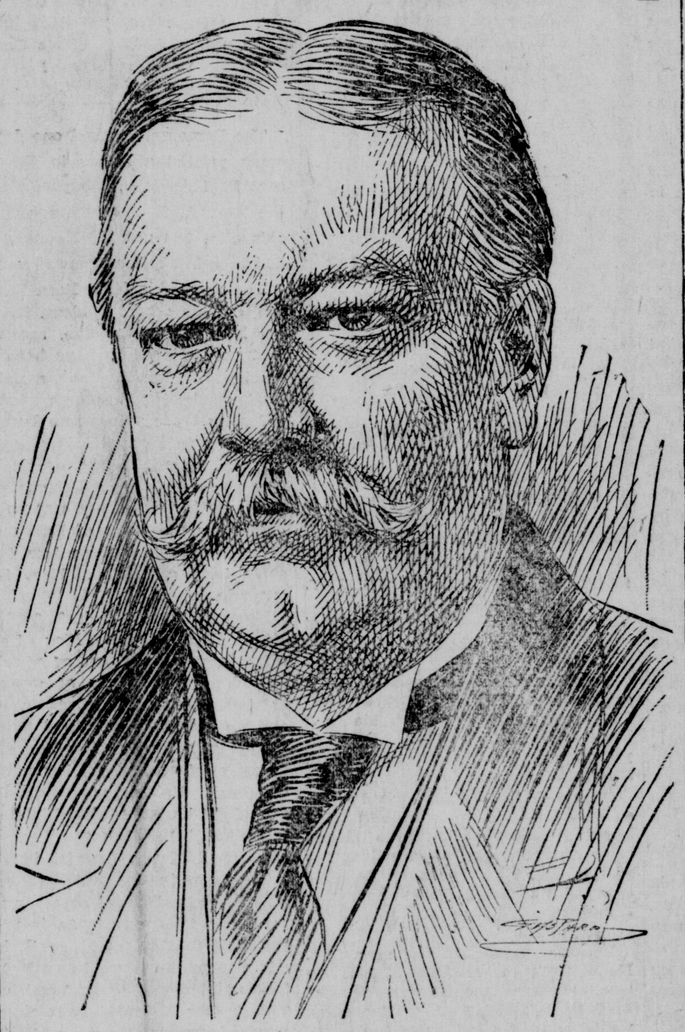
The white-haired chief justice of the United States, Melville W. Fuller, administered the oath of office to Mr. Taft, who, when he had taken it, bent and kissed the Bible held in the hand of his country's chief jurist. Immediately following the taking of the oath, President Taft delivered his inaugural address.

The president's speech frequently was interrupted by applause and at its close the great assembly broke into cheers. The president was congratulated by those who were close to him, including the retiring president and the other chief officials. President Taft then entered a carriage which was at once surrounded by the members of the Black Horse troop of Cleveland, O., which formed the special guard of honor. The president's carriage was driven north and then down the hill by the senate wing of the capitol until Pennsylvania avenue was reached. From that point the president drove slowly to the White House along the thoroughfare filled, save for its center, with crowds of his cheering fellow citizens.



VICE-PRESIDENT SHERMAN.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT



Parade Finest Ever Seen.

Washington, March 4.—Seldom has the national capital witnessed a parade that equaled in extent and magnificence that which followed President William H. Taft from the capitol to the White House immediately after his inauguration. As soon as the president's carriage started up Pennsylvania avenue the parade was formed.

The details of the military part of the procession were arranged by Brig. Gen. John A. Johnson, chief of staff to Gen. Bell, and by Maj. Samuel D. Sturgis, who acted as adjutant general.

The guard of honor attending President Taft was followed immediately by a mounted police guard and a full military band. Then came Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, chief of the general staff of the United States army, who was the parade's grand marshal, and his staff. The military division had the right of way after the president's escort. At its head were the West Point cadets in their gray uniforms, marching with the perfect alignment for which the military students are famed. Behind the stripling soldiers came the stripling sailors, the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis. The cadets of both schools were cheered, as they always have been cheered at every inaugural parade in which they have taken part. Immediately behind the future officers of army and navy came the regulars of the military service, veterans most of them, who had seen service in Cuba and in the Philippines, and, many of them, upon the plains in the days before the Indians had left the war path for the ways of peace.

In the line were the 2,600 men who had formed the Cuban army of pacification, and who had just left that island in pursuance of the policy of the United States to withdraw its troops as soon as the Cubans gave evidence that they were capable of governing themselves. In the force of regulars were cavalrymen, infantrymen and artillerymen, the yellow, the blue and the red of the service lending their colors, and something of the pomp and circumstance of war time, to the parade.

In the waters of Hampton roads for ten days the fleet which had made its record breaking journey around the world had been assembled. The battleships, the cruisers, the destroyers and the torpedo boats were drawn upon for "jackies" to give the sea service an adequate representation in the inaugural ceremonies. There were 3,000 sailors from the Connecticut, the Illinois and the other ships of Sperry's fleet in the parade. The marines followed the sailors. There was a full regiment of them, men from that branch of the service which has taken the initiative in many of the beyond-the-sea troubles in which the forces of this country have been engaged—in Korea in the late '60's, in Cuba in 1898, and in China in 1900.

Regulars and Sailors.

The regulars of the government service led the way, their conceded right. Behind them came the men who, in time of war, form first the reserve force, and later when brought into real soldiers' shape, the backbone force of the government's army—the National Guardsmen of the states of the union. The Guardsmen showed by their bearing, their marching and their evolutions the result of the deeper interest which in recent years has been taken in the military service by the civilian soldiers. The regulars and the guardsmen are closer together to-day in sympathy and in efficiency than ever they were before. The appearance of the state soldiers in the inaugural parade proved the truth of what many army officers have held recently—that to-day it is but a step from the discipline and the morale of the militia to the discipline and morale of the regulars.

Scores of Clubs in Line.

In the rear of the military division came the civic organizations. There were in line more than 100 clubs and political associations from all parts of the country, nearly all of them wearing some unique and distinguishing uniform. The American club of Pittsburg acted as personal escort to Thomas P. Morgan, the chief of the civic organizations' committee.

Among the organizations which had a place in the parade were several from President Taft's state—Ohio. Among these were the Citizens' Taft club and the Stamina Republican club of Cincinnati, Uniform Rank Knights of Maccabees, Cleveland; the Republican Glee club and the Buckeye Republican club of Columbus.

Middle West Well Represented.

Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kentucky, Minnesota and other states of the middle west and of the south were represented by associations of citizens, political clubs, and by prominent state, county and municipal officials. Many veterans of the civil war who served in the ranks of the union or in the ranks of the confederacy were present in the parade. There were more former confederates in line than were present at any previous inauguration of a Republican president.

Luncheon in White House.

As soon as President Taft reached the White House he entered and was greeted by the members of a specially invited presidential party, including the governors of several states, prominent federal officials, personal friends of the president and the members of the presidential family to a remote degree of relationship. A light luncheon was served in the great state dining-room, and as soon as it was over the president walked across the grounds of the White House to the presidential reviewing stand built on the south side of the avenue directly in front of the main entrance to the White House and facing Lafayette square. The president took his place on the reviewing stand, and with him were the members of the presidential party. Vice-President Sherman stood on the immediate right of the chief executive. Across Pennsylvania avenue directly in front of the president was a huge stand for spectators occupying the entire length of one side of Lafayette square.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
THE PRESIDENT'S ROOM IN THE PENSION BUILDING DECORATED FOR THE INAUGURAL BALL.

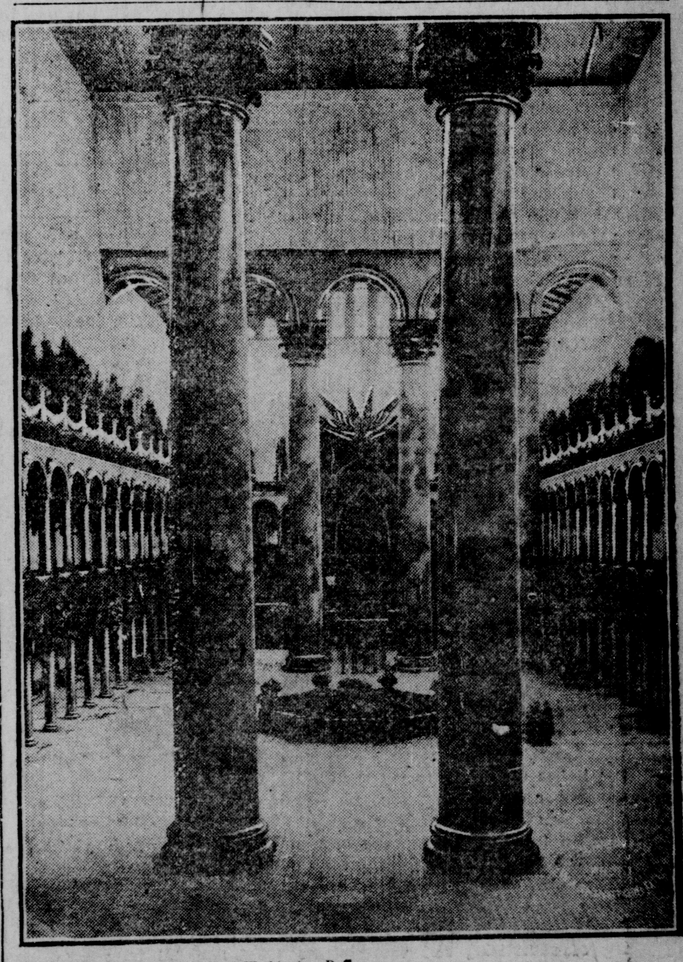
Veteran Organizations.

As a special honor to Vice-President James S. Sherman came the Conkling Unconditionals, a veteran marching political club, and the Sherman Scouts, both of Utica, N. Y., the home town of Mr. Sherman. New York being Mr. Roosevelt's state, as it is that of Mr. Sherman, contributed an unusual number of marching clubs to the ceremonies of the inauguration. Mr. Roosevelt's neighbors from Long Island paraded 250 strong. There were three Republican clubs from New York city, a political organization of colored men, from Brooklyn, and several other polit-

Parade Passes in Review.

As soon as the president appeared on the reviewing stand the leading band of the procession, which had been halted to await the appearance of Mr. Taft, began to play "Hail to the Chief." Gen. Bell gave the order to pass in review, and the great procession, having its head at the White House, moved forward to pass before the chief magistrate. As body after body of soldiers, sailors and civilians passed, they saluted and the president saluted in turn.

(Continued on Page 3.)



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
INTERIOR OF MAGNIFICENT PENSION BUILDING, SCENE OF THE INAUGURAL BALL.

DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

OLD SERIES. Established 1863. NEW SERIES. Inaugurated 1907.

A. D. STANLEY, Pres. and Manager.
W. H. POWELL, - Vice President.
GEORGE H. TRADER, - Secretary.

GEORGE H. SCRUTON.
Editor and Advertising Manager.
E. B. BURROWES,
Associate Editor.

Published Daily Except Saturday By
SEDALIA DEMOCRAT COMPANY

Entered as second-class matter January 2, 1907, at the postoffice at Sedalia, Mo., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1889.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, either by mail or carrier, one month ..... .45
If paid in advanec the price will be.
Daily, three months 1.25
Daily, six months 2.50
Daily, nine months 3.75
Daily, twelve months 5.00
Weekly Democrat-Sentinel.
Six months ..... .50
One year 1.00
Sunday Democrat-Sentinel.
Six months ..... .50
One year 1.00

The Sunday and weekly issues are always payable in advance.

Address all communications on business or for publication to
SEDALIA DEMOCRAT COMPANY,
SEDALIA, MO.
Office 412 Ohio St. Both Phones 232.

The Weather Forecast.

Fair and warmer tonight; Friday probably increasing cloudiness and warmer.

THE EMMANUEL MOVEMENT.

What is this idea that has aroused a storm of opposition and approval from one end of the country to the other? asked the Woman's Home Companion for March, and then it proceeds to answer its own question completely and effectively.

The movement, started by Dr. Worcester in Emmanuel church, Boston, has spread until now it embraces seventy-five churches. It is brought out plainly in this article that, while the mind's influence over the body was demonstrated centuries ago, the Emmanuel movement is an absolute departure, because it is a combination of religion and medicine—the physician and the minister working hand in hand to relieve the suffering of mankind.

Every step of the movement has been undertaken under the auspices of the physician. Its great value to the church is brought out clearly. In this March issue Dr. William B. Parker says, in part:

"Its significance to the church is hard to overestimate. It means turning the minds of men back to the church for practical help and succor.

"To the teacher, the student, the reader, the thinker, it means having a new topic added to his interests, a new religion open to development. It is comparable to the popular discovery of psychology twenty years ago, when that became the most interesting subject of reading in the world.

"It means clearing away mist and confusion from a subject of great importance and letting in new light upon the workings of our minds. It means strengthening each man's confidence in his ability to help himself and others. To the clergyman it has given an effective argument for the power of the spirit, the efficacy of prayer and the presence of God.

"To the medical profession it has done perhaps the greatest service in checking, if not curing, the materialism which was so general in its ranks."

JOURNALISM AT COLUMBIA.

The editors of the three Columbia papers—Watson, of the Tribune; McPherson, of the Herald, and Hirth, of the Statesman—are appealing to the press of the state to aid them in getting a square deal from the new school of journalism at the State University, says the Cole County Democrat.

The school of journalism publishes a daily newspaper as a matter of clinical practice for the students. But it does not stop there. It goes into the local field and solicits advertising and subscriptions in competition with the three Columbia papers. Of course, if the state of Missouri wishes to sanction this sort of thing it may do so; it has the power to put the local newspaper out of business in any town by simply establishing a paper in such town at the expense of the state of Missouri.

The point made by the local newspaper men of Columbia is, we think, well taken. As they say, "the soliciting of advertising and subscriptions are not essential in the teaching of journalism." What the University paper gets out of the deal doesn't amount to much to the state of Missouri, but what it takes from the local newspapers of Columbia may mean financial ruin to them.

"The state's revenues," says Messrs. Watson, McPherson and Hirth, "should not be used to combat legitimate private enterprises." We think they are quite right about it.

This paper, for one, hopes that the legislature will incorporate in the University appropriation bill a clause which will effectually prevent what the newspaper men of Columbia have clearly demonstrated to be a perversion of the revenues of the state.

The school of journalism should teach journalism. If it essays to teach merely business methods and forms, soliciting, etc., its purpose is already answered by the business courses in every school of the state.

SHAKING UP THINGS.

Abroad as well as at home there are well grounded suspicions in financial as well as industrial circles that the warfare of prices inaugurated by the steel trust is chiefly with a view of influencing the legislation by congress.

Men who were capable of putting their fingers in the eyes of our wide-awake president in the matter of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co., are by no means above such suspicion as to their motives.

Should the steel trust succeed in completely demoralizing the market it will hardly fail to make the desired impression on congress, if not upon the new administration.

Amid the falling prices, so skillfully and so recklessly maneuvered, it is figured that congress will hesitate to reduce the duties on structural steel bars and billets or steel and tin plate.

Pile of Slack Ignited.

The igniting of a pile of slack in the rear of the Sedalia Steam laundry, 216 South Lamine avenue, set fire to the laundry company's building, owned by Edward Hurley, at 4:10 o'clock this morning, caused damage of more than $100 to the building and possibly $200 to the laundry machinery. The damage is covered by insurance, and the fire will not disable the laundry company even in a slight degree.

A Swollen Jaw

Is not pretty or pleasant. Whether it's caused by neuralgia, toothache or accident, Ballard's Snow Liniment will reduce the swelling and relieve the pain. The great and sure cure for rheumatism, cuts, burns, bruises, scalds—any and all aches and pains. —W. E. Bard Drug Co.

"Jack Men" Take Departure.

W. P. Hays and son, Hundley, prominent jack men from Bloomfield, Ky., who came here to attend the Monsees sale, spent today as guests of Dr. W. J. Ferguson and left for St. Louis on the noon train. They were accompanied by J. L. Jones, another prominent jack man of Columbia, Tenn.

J. W. Cooper guarantees "S" and Vigoral flour.

This Is Getting Monotonous.

This time, by request of the state, the peace disturbance case of Fred Bush, colored, was continued by Judge Leaming today until March 15. This is the sixth continuance. Better try the case or dismiss it.

H. H. Edwards sells both "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

Miss Cornick Is Improving.

Miss Etta Cornick, a former nurse at Maywood hospital, who was recently operated upon at St. Mary's hospital at Decatur, Ill., has been discharged from the institution and is improving slowly.

Sick headache, constipation and biliousness are relieved by King's Little Liver Pills. They cleanse the system. Do not gripe. Price 25c. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

There Was Too Much Red Tape.

The lewd conduct case of Edward Morton and Rena Jackson was dismissed by Judge Rickman today too much "red tape" being attached to it to suit the magistrate's fancy.

M. B. Coleman guarantees Vigoral hard wheat flour.

Mr. Bunnell's Condition

J. W. Bunnell, of Dresden, who sustained serious injury in a runaway Monday evening, is about the same today.

For Sale—Good farm mules, business and driving horses. J. W. Menefee & Son, 401 West Main.

TO THOSE

Who, during the Lenten period, adopt a plainer diet than at other times, it is essential that the "plainer foods" be of the highest quality. This requirement is fully met by the Hicks store.

REMINDERS—

Smoked white fish.
New Irish mackerel.
Billet brand French sardines.
Richelieu lobster.
Richelieu salmon steak.
Marshall's kippered herring.
Russian Cavair.
Richelieu boneless codfish.
Richelieu dainty shrimps
Norwegian smoked sardines.
McGaw's favorite cream cheese.
Brick, Swiss and Neufchatel cheese.
Fine fresh oysters.

HICKS
THE GROCER

ROSE TO DIPLOMATIC HEIGHT.

Young Man Proved Decidedly Equal to the Occasion.

Harold visits on terms of intimacy a household that boasts of three good-looking sisters—Betty, Babbie and Ellen—and of these Harold has not yet quite made up his mind touching a certain important contingency.

On one occasion, when he had called early and no one was yet downstairs, Harold was half-dozing in a Morris chair in the library, when suddenly a pair of soft little hands covered his eyes and a sweet little voice commanded:

"Guess who!"

Immediately Harold was up a tree. He couldn't for the life of him determine whose voice it was—Betty's? Babbie's? Ellen's? A wrong guess would mean complications too awful to contemplate. Finally, however, a happy solution of the difficulty offered itself, and Harold blandly announced:

"It's the dearest, sweetest little girl in all the world!"

"Dear Harold," murmured the young thing, as she removed her hands.—Lippincott's.

A LIFE PROBLEM.

"Washclean" results have been a life long problem to the most skillful chemists, and should be appreciated by every woman at the head of a household.

Why? Because it entirely eliminates the washboard and washing machine, and when you inspect the clothing it will meet with your approval more than ever before. They are just the same every week and your help will stay with you better. Some of the best people in Sedalia are "Washclean" boosters, who before trying it, were the most skeptical. Don't be skeptical, thus proving yourself to be your worst enemy. Try it and be convinced. You will shake hands with yourself. Absolutely no injury to the fabrics, and eight washings 25c. Ask your grocer for "Washclean."

Lace Curtain Sale.

The greatest bargain ever offered in Sedalia in lace curtains at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio, this week.

Geo. M. Pemberton wants your orders for "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

The Wolf

A healthy, robust Savings account "keeps the wolf from the door." It is a barrier against many of the evils which beset people with small incomes. How is it with you? Do you keep a Savings Account? Money deposited with us is payable on demand, any part, or all. We share our profits with our depositors by paying 3 per cent compound interest. Open an account with us, with any amount—no matter how small.

Sedalia Trust Co.
"The Home of Savings"
4th and Ohio, Sedalia, Mo

DEATH STORY NOT TRUE

PAUL APPLEBY WAS NOT FATALLY INJURED IN A RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

LETTER FROM THE AGONIZED PARENTS

They Write to Dr. Nannie Dufur That They Have No Idea How Story Originated—Who Wrote Card to Miss Pearson?

The Democrat-Sentinel one day last week printed a rumor to the effect that Paul Appleby, the young son of the Rev. A. B. Appleby, formerly of this city, but now of Newton, Iowa, had been killed in a runaway accident.

The same day Miss Ruth E. Pearson, a High school student, living at 807 North Grand avenue, received a post card alleged to have been written by Miss Una Appleby, a sister of Paul, confirming the death rumor.

Among those who wrote letters of sympathy to Rev. and Mrs. Appleby was Dr. Nannie Dufur, of this city, who yesterday received the following reply, stating that there was no foundation for the story of Paul's death and the parents had no idea how it could have originated. Here is the letter in detail:

Newton, Iowa, March 2, 1909.—Dr. Nannie Dufur, Sedalia, Mo.: I appreciate from the bottom of my heart your kind expressions of sympathy, but fortunately our circle is unbroken, and we are all in our usual health.

I am at a loss to know how such a report originated. Paul has not even been sick. Unless you would call certain slight bruises received in a game of basket ball sickness. They have occasioned him no special inconvenience—have in no wise interfered with his school duties or other work.

I know that experience is not responsible for the report, for it is too slight to mention except as a foot note to the statement as to general health. This matter is a mystery to us, as we received from Calhoun and Sweet Springs letters of the same nature as your own.

Please reassure any inquiring friends that up to date we are all right—rejoicing perhaps a little more than usual that our family circle is unbroken, for really while we are so glad that we have these friends who are so prompt to tender their sympathy (I do not know when we have appreciated letters more) there is something that seems a little uncanny about it. It seems like we have been under the very shadow of death; but we pray that a merciful Heavenly Father who for nearly a quarter of a century of our married life has kept our circle without a break, may continue to watch over us and all our dear friends who would make our sorrow their own.

Thanking you again for your very thoughtful letter, we are, yours sincerely—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Appleby.

You will be interested in knowing that Paul has never lost a day from school or work on account of rheumatism since he took that course of treatment from you some years ago. He graduates from the high school this spring and expects to enter Iowa college at Grinnell in September.

Present our kindest regards to Mr. Dufur.

Miss Pearson was seen at the High school this morning and corroborated the printed story telling of her having received a card telling of Paul's death, but beyond that she knew nothing in the premises.

COLONEL TUCKER IS RETIRED

He Will Receive Three-Fourths of His Regular Pay.

Washington, March 4.—Luke E. Wright, secretary of War, as a last act in his administration, disposed last night of the case of Col. William Tucker, who was examined by an army board at Chicago for retirement.

In disposing of the case on behalf of the President, General Wright said Col. Tucker has been found disabled from active service by the board. This entitled Col. Tucker to retirement under three-fourths of his regular pay.

General Wright says the action by the president and the department is final and disposes of the long controversy.

NEW DOORKEEPER FOR TAFT

The President Will Make Changes In White House Attendants.

Washington, March 4.—Thomas E. Stone, now chief usher at the White house, will succeed Major Charles D. A. Loeffler as doorkeeper to the president. Mr. Stone has been at the White house ever since Secretary Cortelyou was secretary to the president, and on a number of occasions had personal charge of the cars on which the president traveled about the country.

I. H. Hoover, of this city, becomes chief usher. A number of other changes, all taking effect today, have been made in the White house attendants. Charles Pusey will be assistant doorkeeper to the president and Patrick E. McKenna chief of messengers.

The two policemen will be taken away from the north door of the White house, which is the residential part of the building. Two negro footmen who have served the Tafts at their home in the past will replace the policemen.

CONVICTS FIGHT BIG FIRE

None of a Hundred Prisoners Tried to Escape at San Quentin Cal.

San Quentin, Cal., March 4.—With never a thought apparently of attempting a break for liberty, convicts from the penitentiary to the number of 100 or more yesterday fought heroically to save from the flames the jute warehouse belonging to the prison.

Several prisoners were overcome by smoke and almost lost their lives. One of them, L. J. Frouman, employed as bookkeeper at the warehouse, suffered a broken leg and another fell unconscious on the roof of the warehouse.

A guard named White, while working near the guardhouse, located above the warehouse, fell headlong into the fire, but was rescued by convicts.

One thousand rounds of ammunition stored in the guardhouse fell into the flames and was exploded. Despite the danger of being hit by the flying bullets, the prisoners continued to fight the fire.

The warehouse is situated outside the prison walls and was damaged to the extent of $50,000. Firemen from San Rafael and San Francisco finally brought the flames under control.

"BIG SCHMIDT" QUITS GAME

Tiger Says He Is Through With Organized Baseball.

Fort Smith, Ark., March 4.—Charley Schmidt, catcher of the Detroit American league baseball team, yesterday bought a half interest in a local business and anounced that he was through with organized baseball.

The refusal of President Navin of the Detroit club to increase his salary and dissatisfaction with treatment accorded him is responsible for Schmidt's decision.

Meeting of the "U. D. C."

Mesdames J. W. Menefee, jr., Chas. Ogle, Frank Monroe and Miss Lou Menefee entertained the U. D. C. at Mrs. Menefee's home, 807 West Seventh street, last afternoon.

A contest to make the most words out of the letters used to spell the word "Confederacy" was held, Miss Kate Frazier winning the prize, a fancy handkerchief bag.

Refreshments of ice cream, pie, coffee and salted peanuts were served.

Signs of Life.

"Metchnikoff will perhaps increase man's life to 200 years by feeding him on curdled milk, and Doyen, with his old age serum, may add another 50 years to that. The signs of long life and short life, though will still hold good, and the delicate-skinned man will be prematurely cut off at 120 or 130, while the man with the rough, coarse hide will round out a generous 260 or 265."

The speaker, a physician, and himself coarse-hided, resumed thoughtfully:

"The signs of a short life—and my medical experience has shown these signs to be true—are quick growth, a small head, white and frail teeth slightly separated, a very fair and soft and beautiful skin, early corpulence, a small mouth and fine, soft hair.

"The signs of a long life are a coarse, rough skin, strong, yellowish teeth, coarse hair, a deeply furrowed brow, wide nostrils and a large mouth."

Prophecies of Big Ben.

Big Ben has been stopped three times by snow freezing on the hands and jamming them. A curious episode in its history took place in December 1861, just before the prince consort died, when, owing to the failure of an experimental piece of apparatus, the clock struck a hundred or more strokes without stopping. People who were unaware of the cause saw in the occurrence an omen of the great loss which shortly afterward befell the nation. Another sensational prank was played by the clock on April 9, 1886 when it stopped while Mr. Gladstone was making his famous speech in favor of home rule for Ireland. This was taken by some as an augury that the bill would not pass, and as regards the event the prophets were justified —From the Captain.

J. M. Licklider warrants beautiful "S" and Vigoral flour.

WHERE QUALITY STANDS THE TEST

Every Stetson bears the Stetson Name

So far as appearances go, a cheap-made hat may, at first glance, look like a



Stetson

but a few weeks later the poor hat will look old, while the **Stetson** will retain its fine finish, its fast, rich color and its excellence of style straight through the season. Come in! get a **Stetson.**

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest styles

See the New Spring Styles in Hats at

Wm. Courtney's

Taken to the Asylum

Sheriff M. T. Henderson left this afternoon for St. Joseph to place Peter Nolen in the state insane asylum, following the verdict of a jury in probate court Wednesday, pronouncing Nolen insane.

New Orleans Molasses.

We have the genuine article—open kettle, made like sorghum, only from the Louisiana Sugar Caine—75c gallon, at

CAIN'S CASH STORE.

PAWNED LEG FOR WHISKY

A Chicago Beggar Was Arrested and Signed the Pledge.

Chicago, March 4.—When Charles Williams, a beggar, was locked up by the police last night he confessed he had reached such a stage of thirst for whisky that he had pawned his artificial leg for $5. He promised to sign the pledge.

REAL ESTATE LOANS

I have a large sum of money on hand to loan on FARMS and improved up to date Sedalia property.

GRANT CRAWFORD,
410 OHIO STREET.

Official Statement of the Condition of the

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,
SEDALIA, MO.

At the close of business Feb. 5, '09.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 814,277.18	Capital Stock	$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts	5,357.03	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking House Fur. and Fixtures	24,500.00	Circulation	100,000.00
Real Estate	1,450.00	Undivided Profits	25,826.36
U. S. Bonds at par	150,000.00	Deposits	1,181,446.70
Other Bonds	90,400.00		
5 per cent Redemption Fund	5,000.00		
Cash and Sight Exchange	416,318.85		
Total	$1,507,303.06	Total	$1,507,303.06

The above Statement is correct. Wm. H. POWELL, Cashier.

No. 2919.

H. W. HARRIS, President. W. A. LATIMER, Cashier.
D. H. SMITH, Vice President. C. B. WALLACE, Asst. Cashier.

Third National Bank
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

CAPITAL $100,000. SURPLUS & PROFITS 40,000.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

Directors—C. W. McAninch, J. H. Mertz, S. C. Gold, D. H. Smith, J. T. Montgomery, J. N. Dalby, W. A. Latimer, H. W. Harris.

We solicit the business of banks, firms and individuals, and promise every courtesy consistant with good banking.

E. F. YANCEY, Pres. E. R. BLAIR, Cashier.
W. H. EVANS, Vice-Pres. W. O. TERRY, Ass't. Cashier.

The Sedalia National Bank
Does a General Banking Business.

Note Its Directors:—

E. F. YANCEY, W. H. EVANS, MARTIN RENKEN,
H. W. MEUSCHKE, W. A. LOWER, J. W. MURPHY,
HENRY LAMM, J. C. WILLIAMS, E. R. BLAIR.

Don't wait for an invitation, but go to this progressive bank and do your business.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

AMUSEMENTS

Wood's Opera House

ISABEL C. JACKSON AND CO.

OPEN THEIR ENGAGEMENT SUNDAY, MARCH 7, IN

DAVID BELASCO'S MASTERPIECE

"CHARITY BALL"

MATINEE SATURDAY.

PRICES TO SUIT EVERYONE.

10 AND 25c. A FEW CHOICE SEATS, 50c.

ILLINOIS SOLONS IN CLASH

Browne and Lantz, Enemies for Years, Are Separated by Members.

Springfield, Ill., March 4.—Lee O'Neill Browne, one of the twin heads of the democratic minority, and hero of the recent "girl in blue" mystery, yesterday seized Walter Lantz by the throat and shook him as a terrior would a rat. The encounter occurred in the room of the committee on judicial appointments, which was in executive session.

The row between Browne and Lantz had been smoldering for years. When Browne was pursued by the "woman in blue" several weeks ago, and started a belief that the woman was sent to Springfield to cause him trouble by "the Sherman house clique," Lantz made remarks of a disparaging nature which were level against Browne. The latter followed with a sneering reference to "dirty rats" who were trying to ruin him. Threats had been uttered by each.

Yesterday in the committee room Browne's motion to adopt the report of the sub-committee immediately and send the bill to the house with a favorable recommendation called forth a sneering suggestion from Lantz that quick action on the part of the democratic leader to oust democratic judges was bad form.

With livid face, and applying an epithet, Browne sprung at Lantz like a tiger, and it was all members of the committee could do to pull him away. At the same time Lantz kicked Browne in the stomach.

No apologies were made and hostilities are expected again on slight provocation.

The Best Cough Cure

A half ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine, two ounces of Glycerine and a half pint of Whisky, mixed, will cure any cough that is curable and break a cold in 24 hours. Take a teaspoonful every four hours. Ask your druggist for the genuine Leach's Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, prepared and guaranteed by the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O.

Owl Fountain Open

The Soda Fountain at The Owl Drug Store in East Sedalia is open and doing business.

PROVIDENCE.

Providence, Mo., March 2.

Miss Malvey Baker, of Kansas City, visited with Miss Anna Hudson a few days last week.

Uncle Billy Pollard visited with Mr. and Mrs. George Locey Friday.

Rev. Zeb Thomas preached at this place last Sunday.

Mr. Williams has moved to Mr. F. B. Brereton's house.

Mrs. Sitton, of Sedalia, returned to her home Wednesday, after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. G. Stamberger.

Uncle Jimmie Pollard visited with Mr. J. L. Anderson Wednesday evening.

Mr. Dustin Morris visited his sister, Mrs. A. P. Smith, Sunday.

J. M. Potter and wife spent Sunday with W. C. Wakefield.

Mr. Parker, of near Camp Branch, was transacting business here Friday.

Mr. George Anderson and Ward Brownfield visited with M. M. Brownfield Friday night.

Messrs. P. G. Stuart, J. L. Anderson, Willie Wood, J. M. Scott and Clarence Hudson were shopping in the Queen City Saturday.

Mr. Willie Scott and wife spent Sunday with Mr. E. Y. O'Neill and wife.

Mr. M. M. Brownfield and family left Saturday for their new home near Green Ridge.

Mr. E. W. Wood was a Queen City visitor Friday.

Mr. C. G. Fischer and family have moved to their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lon Baker were in Smithton, shopping, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers Friday.

Miss Annie Pollard visited with Mrs. J. L. Anderson last week.

George Holman and John Steelman, of near Beaman, attended preaching here Sunday.

Allie Wherley was dragging saw logs here Friday.

Mr. Andy Deweese was transacting business in this community Monday.

Willie Wood, J. G. Stamberger and Mr. Woolery were shopping in the Queen City Monday.

Miss Della Forbes and Miss Fannie Lee, of Buncombe, attended preaching at this place Sunday.

Mr. Eversole, of Sedalia, was writing insurance in this community today.

The Lovelase school closed last Friday.

ManZan Pile Remedy is put up in a tube with a nozzle attached. May be applied directly to the affected parts. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

SHARK AS TORPEDO DIRECTOR.

Odd Use to Which Inventor Would Have Put Sea Terror.

Fishes have been put to many queer uses while still alive; but probably the strangest was that suggested to the war department by an inventor. The propulsion of submarine torpedoes was the subject under discussion, and he proposed that a shark be imprisoned in a tube at the rear end of the projectile, its movements to be controlled by the active application of electricity. In case the shark attempted to swim away it was to be given an electric shock, and in this way kept on its course until the tropedo had reached its target.

Another remarkable use to which a fish has been put is as a barometer. The loach is very susceptible to atmospheric changes, and when retained in an aquarium is likely to throw itself out at the approach of or during any remarkable change of wind or weather, or, if in a pond or stream, will sometimes jump on the bank. It has been kept alive in aquaria as a living barometer from the supposition that certain movements indicate particular changes that are about to occur in the weather. In Russia the dead body of Cottus gobio, the miller's thumb, is used as a weathercock. Hung by a single thread, it will point to the direction whence the wind blows.—Sunday Magazine.

Gasoline stoves cleaned and repaired, saws filed, lawn movers sharpened. Home phone 272.

'TAINT OUR FAULT THAT COIN FLOUR. DON'T BLAME THEM FOR WANTING THE BEST. EVERYBODY INSISTS ON GOLD

Meeting of the Clio Club.

The study of Paris was begun by the members of the Clio club at today's meeting. "Triumphal Arches" was in charge of Miss Florence Poteet, and other subjects were handled as follows: "Luxenbourg" and "Place de Conrad" by Miss Mae Hawkins and "Boise de Boulouge" by Miss Jennie Morey.

Carpets, Rugs and Draperies McKenzie's, 114 East Fifth.

$3,000,000,000

Read these figures again, because you don't often see them in print. They represent the amount of money our modest American hen paid into the pockets of the American people last year.

Think of it!

For every bushel of corn produced by the soil there was $1.25 produced by the hen.

Miss Hen heads the list in wealth production.

Don't you think it will pay you to give your hens a little more attention?

Commence right now feeding LEE'S EGG MAKER, the best egg producer in the world. What money you invest in this preparation will be repaid several times over.

25c and 50c Packages. $2.00 Pails.

Dan Wilcox,

Druggist

104 West Main Street.

THE FAKE-RACING GANG

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., GRAND JURY CHARGES QUINTET WITH GRAND LARCENY.

BOND FOR EACH DEFENDANT IS $10,000

Maybray and Ryan Only Prisoners Who Will Be Taken to Iowa—The Case Is Truly a Remarkable One.

Little Rock, Ark., March 4.—Indictments were returned yesterday by the Pulaski county grand jury against J. C. Maybray, alias J. C. Gordon; F. M. Clark, alias George Leonard; I. J. Warner, alias Dr. James; J. C. Johnson, alias J. C. Lovejoy, and H. M. Stockwell, members of the horse racing syndicate, charging them with obtaining money under false pretenses and grand larceny in connection with the fleecing of J. G. Kile, of Cisco, Ill., out of $10,000 in this city February 17. The bonds of the defendants were fixed at $10,000.

J. C. Maybray and George Ryan are the only alleged members of the syndicate who will be taken to Iowa for trial, according to the program announced by District Attorney William G. Whipple and Postal Inspector H. S. Swenson.

The plan contemplates that J. S. Johnson, F. M. Clark, I. J. Warner and H. M. Stockwell, the other men under arrest, shall be tried in the Arkansas courts.

J. C. Maybray, the man who Postal Inspector Swenson alleges is the brains of the syndicate, is to be taken to Council Bluffs under a federal charge. He has been identified by nine men who claim to have been swindled out of an aggregate sum of $60,000 at Council Bluffs, Ia.

It is this mass of evidence which the federal officers hope to force him to face in taking him back to Iowa. It is semi-officially announced that Mabray will be given to the state officials for prosecution at Council Bluffs.

George Ryan, who is held at Hot Springs, Ark., under a federal charge, will be turned over to Detective Groneweg, of Council Bluffs, Ia., as soon as requisition papers are granted.

Maybray's companions in jail deeply degret the contemplated enforced separation from their leader, as he has been keeping up the spirits of all since their confinement in jail.

Ryan Also Is Identified.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 4.—Joseph P. Walker, of Denver, in the federal court here yesterday, positively identified George Ryan, of this city, as being the man who encouraged him to go to Council Bluffs, Ia., where later he was victimized of $5,000, he declares, by alleged foot-race swindlers now under arrest in Little Rock.

Ryan had been arrested and held under a $10,000 bond to answer a charge of misuse of the mails in connection with luring victims.

Postal Inspector Swanson, of Council Bluffs, brought seven of the victims here from Little Rock, but Walker is the only one who identified Ryan as being connected with the game.

Garden Tools.

All kinds of garden tools for less than sold for elsewhere at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio

MAKES A FLOATING COMPASS.

Peculiarity of Magnetized Needle When Placed in Water.

If a thoroughly dry and clean sewing needle is very carefully laid on the surface of the water in a basin the needle will float in spite of the high density of steel—seven or eight times that of water.

On close inspection it is found that the surface of the water is depressed under the needle, very much as if there were a thin film stretched over the water, and slightly indented by the weight of the needle. This property of liquids, of offering a certain assistance to a force exerted upon their surface, is termed "surface extension." The magnitude of the force of surface tension varies from one liquid to another. It is greatest in the case of mercury. The cause of the phenomenon must probably be looked for in the attraction of the liquid molecules to one another. A sewing needle, thus floating upon water, may be used as a compass, if it has previously been magnetized. It will then point north and south, and will maintain this position if the containing vessel is moved about; if the needle is displaced by force it will return to its position along the magnetic meridian as soon as the restraint is removed.

MULES FOR SALE

SOME GOOD FARM MULES AT BOULDIN BROS.' MULE BARN, ONE BLOCK NORTH MISSOURI PACIFIC DEPOT.

BELL PHONE 1479—HOME 140.

Call for "Little Squaw" Cigars—5c.

FAREWELL TO SEDALIA

NANA

LAST WEEK HERE

Terminating Sunday Next.

Last opportunity to see Suchorowsky's world-famed painting. The greatest portrayal of nude feminine beauty the world has ever gazed upon. Receptions daily from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. at the Fine Art Gallery, 114 West Third street, Alamo Building.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

HON. W. H. TAFT IS PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page 1.)

It took the procession three hours to pass the reviewing stand. It was a great sight, full of interest and color. Under the direction of the trained military chieftains who had given their time to the perfection of details, the parade passed quickly and in perfect form. When in front of the reviewing stand some of the civic marching clubs showed their proficiency in drill by performing evolutions. The regulars and National Guardsmen, however, swept by in perfect military precision. The parade was worthy of the occasion that called it into marching line.

WHY NOT STOP THAT ITCH?

10c Will Bring a Sample Direct From the D. D. D. Laboratories.

Is it worth 10 cents to you to stop that awful awful agonizing itch?

If you are afflicted with skin disease, the kind that seems to baffle medical treatment, and leaves you wild with itch, we hope you will not fail to investigate a prescription which is now recommended by many of the best skin specialists, even in preference to their own prescriptions. It is the simple, soothing oil of wintergreen compound known as D. D. D. Pescription and sells at $1.00 a bottle But a 10-cent sample bottle must convince you that the itch is instantly allayed by this prescription. Get a liberal bottle of the healing, soothing, external remedy, D. D.D. Prescription—and see!

We feel quite sure that before long you will be cured, and at any rate we know—KNOW POSITIVELY—that your itch will be allayed instantly, the minute that soothing liquid is applied to the skin.

Write direct to D. D. D. Co., 112 Michigan St., Chicago, enclosing 10 cents for the sample bottle.

W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Will Hold Teachers' Examination.

Prof. T. R. Luckett, superintendent of the county schools, will conduct a teachers' examination at the court house on Friday and Saturday, March 26-27.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Attachment Suit Dismissed.

The attachment suit of Gus M. Hodges vs. the Postal Vending company et al was dismissed by the plaintiff in circuit court.

LOOFBOURROW

Osteopath

Bell Phone 1565. 305-304 Hoffman Bldg.

Ladies' and Misses Hose

The best grade ever sold at 3 pair for 25c, at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

Gold Coin makes white bread.

WALCH'S

Hotel and Cafe

109-115 West Second St.

Everything that's good to eat At any Hour—Day or Night

Prompt Short Order Service

25c DINNER SERVED 25c

The Best Hotel Accommodations

Catering Especially to Ladies.

C. F. WALCH, Prop.

BALDWIN'S WILL FILED

There Will Be No Contest; Disposition Satisfies All Children.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 4.—The will of the late E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin, the famous turfman and plunger, disposing of property valued at about $25,000,000 was placed in court by his attorney, Bradner W. Lee.

All of Baldwin's near relatives are recipients of large bequests. It is understood that the disposition of the property is entirely satisfactory to all of the family and that no contest on their part will result.

Baldwin's two daughters, Clara Baldwin Stocker, of Arcadia, and Anita Baldwin McLaughry, of Berkeley, receive the famous Baldwin ranch at Arcadia, which includes more than 20,000 acres of land valued at upwards of $1,000 an acre. The widow, Lilly Bennett Baldwin, is willed an undivided one-third interest in certain property on Market street in San Francisco, known as the "Baldwin Annex." Zelda Selby, a third daughter, now residing in San Francisco, is bequeathed 200 acres of land in the Rancho La Puente, this county.

HAVE SPENT $7,013,824,885

Appropriations for Eight Years $274,129,413 Under Estimates.

Washington, March 4. — Senator Hemenway yesterday, in a farewell speech to the senate concerning appropriations made by congress in the last eight years, showed that the aggregate appropriations were $274,129,413 less than the estimates.

The estimates for eight years aggregate $7,287,954,298, against appropriations aggregating $7,013,824,885. The reduction congress made from the estimates were as follows: In 1903, $25,853,821, and for the succeeding seven years the reductions were as follows: $12,398,270, $49,801831; $15,075,732, $27,555,511, $22,392,499, $71,051,745, and for the fiscal years of 1910 $50,000,000.

DAYLIGHT SALOON DEFEATED

Nebraska House Kills the 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Bill.

Lincoln, Neb., March 4.—One liquor measure providing that saloons may legally remain open in this state only between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. was defeated in the house yesterday. The vote was 53 against and 43 for the bill.

County option bills are on the general file in both the senate and the house. Those opposing these bills say that the vote on the daylight saloon measure will be repeated on county option, although the option supporters have hope that such a measure may be passed.

Bills to submit a constitutional amendment providing for prohibition are on general file in the house, but have not yet come from the committee of the whole of the senate.

AN EXCLUSION ATTEMPT

Anti-Japanese Element Failed to Secure an Amendment.

Sacramento, Cal., March 4.—Another vain attempt was made by the anti-Japanese element in the assembly yesterday to exclude Japanese from the public schools.

An unimportant school bill by Sackett, of Ventura, was called up for final passage, when Poldiey, of Red Bluff, offered an amendment, barring not only Chinese and Japanese, but all Asiatics. The amendment was voted down.

BLIZZARD IN THE EAST

Storm of Great Intensity Swept Through Atlantic States.

Norfolk, Va., March 4.—A storm of great intensity swept through Eastern Virginia, Maryland and North Carolina last night, with a maximum wind of fifty-two miles an hour. The winds brought freezing weather. Serious storms are reported along the coast.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

For Rent—Livery barn, 109 West Fifth street. See N. F. Ebersole, agent.

For Rent—Two modern furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 408 East Fourth.

Found—Pair spectacles. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this notice.

Wanted—Twenty-five teams to haul gravel from Flat creek. Apply 400 West Second street.

"Little Squaw" cigars, all dealers, 5c

Mrs. Daugherty Much Better.

Mrs. C. W. Daugherty, who has been seriously ill with convulsions following childbirth, is reported to be improving very nicely.



The Advance Shipment of the

NEW REGAL SPRING SHOES

are now in and on sale, would be pleased to show you the

New Styles

The New Spring Hats are now being shown

THE BELL

ALBERT KAHN PROP

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT

Latest Wire Quotations on Grain, Live Stock and Local Products.

Grain Quotations.

The following quotations are furnished the Democrat-Sentinel at 3 p. m. each day by B. C. Christopher & Co., grain merchants, Board of Trade Building, Kansas City, Mo.:

Grain receipts—Wheat, 65 cars; corn, 39 cars; oats, 17 cars.

Wheat market—One-half to 1 cent lower. No. 2, $1.10@1.15; No. 3, $1.08½@1.13½; No. 2 red, $1.29@1.31; No. 3 red, $1.25@1.29. Futures—May, $1.08¼; uly, 97¾c; Sept., 73c.

Corn market—One-fourth to ¾c higher. No. 2 white, 64½c; No. 2 yellow, 63½c; No. 2 mixed, 63@63½c. Futures—May, 64⅜c; July, 64⅝c; Sept., 62¾c.

Oats market—Unchanged. No. 2 mixed, 51@51½c; No. 2 white, 55@59c

Fresh, Nice Stock of everything belonging to a first class Drug Store is at The Owl in East Sedalia.

Chas. Hoffman & Bro. warrants Big "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

NEW SPRING SUITINGS NOW READY.—LOEWER, TAILOR.

Mrs. Stinson to Entertain.

Mrs. John T. Stinson, 1001 West Third street, will entertain the ladies of the "C. W. B. M." of the First Christian church at her home at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Gehlken & Milburn sells both "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

Kansas City Observed Inauguration.

Kansas City, March 4.—Business was suspended five minutes on the Board of Trade today during the inauguration of William Howard Taft as president, while the members sang "America."

Roy Barker Is Manager.

Roy Barker, the entertainer, has accepted the position of manager of Cochran's Princess theater at Warrensburg.

Quality and low prices are combined at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

HITS TORPEDO; WIFE HURT

Curious Arkansan Wanted to Learn Composition of Explosive.

Little Rock, Ark., March 4.—Curious to ascertain the composition of a railroad torpedo, Henry Galloway, of Blevins, split it open with an ax.

His wife, who was standing by, was struck in the head and body with pieces of tin and lead, receiving injuries which are likely to result in blood poisoning.

Galloway was knocked down by the force of the explosion and the ax was hurled twenty feet.

Don't drug the stomach or stimulate the heart or kidneys. That is wrong. It is the weak nerves that are crying out for help. Vitalize these weak inside controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and see how quickly good health will come to you again. Test it and see. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

"SWEET HOME" NOT FOR PAYNE.

Writer of Song Frequently Without Place to Lay His Head.

The song we know so well as "Home, Sweet Home," was originally "Sweet Home," and John Howard Payne was formerly known as J. Howard Payne. The disillusioning process keeps on apace. It is well known that army bands in time of war are forbidden to play "Sweet Home" on account of the large number of desertions it causes. An officer with the fleet, writing to a friend, referred to the tune in these words: "We allow it occasionally at sea, where the men could not possibly desert without leaping overboard; but when on shore—never!" Imagine what a powerful influence such a tune must have on a homesick man, thousands of miles from wife, mother, sweetheart, babies!

Howard Payne's life was one of remarkable vicissitudes. Of an evening he would stroll along the streets looking into the brilliantly lighted parlors. Once in awhile he would see a family circle so happy and forming so beautiful a group that he would stop, gaze upon the scene, and with a sigh pass on. "How often," said he to an intimate friend, "have I been in the heart of Paris, Berlin, London, or some other city, and heard persons singing, or the hand organ playing, 'Sweet Home,' without a shilling to buy the next meal or a place to put my head. The world has, literally, sung it until every heart is familiar with its melody; yes, I have been a wanderer from my boyhood."

Call Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio street, over either phone, No. 289.

DO YOU WANT

SEDALIA TO GROW?

OF COURSE YOU DO. EVERY GOOD CITIZEN DOES. DO YOUR PART. JOIN THE

MERCHANTS & HOME INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

BE A BOOSTER! IT WILL HELP YOU. EVERY CITIZEN OF SEDALIA IS ELIGIBLE.

C. C. LAWSON, Sec. W. J. LETTS, Pres.

Did You See the Bread?

PRIDE OF PERRY IS CERTAINLY THE BEST FLOUR MADE.

E. L. Calvert, Agent Bell. 602.

WALK-OVER SHOES



The New Spring Styles

$3.50--Walk-Over Shoes--$4

You have never had as much Shoe Satisfaction as it is possible for you to get if you have never worn Walk-Overs. Walk-Overs come in all styles and all leathers at the uniform price of $3.50 and $4.00 always. The new spring styles now showing. Come in and see them.

St. Louis Co. Co.
Outfitters for Men and Women

THE LODGES

K. of P. No. 52 Notice.

Queen City lodge No. 52, Knights of Pythias, meets tonight at No. 210 Ohio street, third floor, over Mertz's drug store, at 7:30 o'clock, for regular business. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.

J. B. RICKMAN, C. C.
W. L. BRUMMET, K. of R. & S.

GOES TO JOIN THE OUTLAWS

John Grover Perrine Finally Escapes From Tebeau's Clutches.

Kansas City, Mo., March 4.—John Grover Perrine prefers the life of an "outlaw" to playing for George Tebeau. Yesterday "Nig" packed his "grip" and hiked for Stockton, Cal., where he will play second base for Danny Shay's "Independents" the coming season. John Grover wasn't infatuated with the contract offered him by the multi-magnate and he thought that it was about time to break away.

"I never made up my mind to jump until Tebeau handed Jimmy Burke that awful package," said John Grover last night. "I thought that if he would hand it to Burke, after the Irishman put baseball on the map of Louisville, there was no telling what he would do with me. Two years ago when I was with the Blues I batted in the .300 class. I led the team in base running and run getting. Well, the last two weeks of the season Tebeau fined me two weeks' salary. He said it was for 'dissipating'—whatever that is. That has been in my craw for two seasons and you can bet I am glad to get away. I believe that I am going to have a good season. At any rate I'm going to draw $100 more a month than Tebeau ever offered me."

Perrine is only 23 years old and he should be a star on the coast. He is an exceptionally clever infielder and a fair hitter. He was never satisfied with Tebeau and he should be better under different management.

HAIR TELLS CHARACTER.

Color of Hair Said to Indicate a Person's Temperament.

Many people believe that blonde, or light hair denotes affection and dark hair constancy. A person without hair is not devoid of character; far from it. The disposition of the average bald-headed man is to show such solicitude for the welfare of others, that he neglects himself. A germ causes baldness. Prof. Sabouraud, of Paris, France, innoculated a rabbit with Dandruff germs, causing it to become totally bald in five weeks' time. To rid the scalp of these dangerous germs it is necessary to apply Newbro's Herpicide.

"Destroy the cause—you remove the effect."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

One Dollar Bottles Guaranteed.—Scotten Drug Company.

Honey in Pound Frames.

15c pound. New Mackerel, cod fish, and Halibut just received at

CAIN'S CASH STORE.
112-114 West Main street.

Marriage Rumor Not True.

Miss Ruth Pearson authorizes the Democrat-Sentinel to state that there is no truth in the report that she and John Rector were secretly married recently.

Crepe tissue paper, full size, best grade, 5c. per roll, at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

Sedalia Awning & Mattress Company

Manufacturers of

Tents, Awnings, Mattresses,

Paulins and All Kinds of Canvas Goods.

We Take Up, Clean, and Lay Carpets Same Day

Furniture Repaired, Recovered and Made to Look Like New. Pictures Framed—Large Stock Mouldings to Select From. All Work Done Right at Reasonable Prices.

Phone 322. Factory, 212-214 Osage St.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING

SUPPLIES AND REPAIRS.

Estimates Furnished. Our Prices Are the Lowest

SEDALIA ELECTRIC CO. **Bell Phone 966**

406 OSAGE STREET.

SKETCHES OF CABINET

THOSE WHO WILL COMPRISE OFFICIAL FAMILY OF PRESIDENT W. H. TAFT.

THE HON. PHILANDER C. KNOX IS AT HEAD

Hon. Charles Nagle, of St. Louis, Is New Secretary of Commerce and Labor—James Wilson the Only Hold Over.

Washington, D. C., March 4.—Following is the personnel of President William H. Taft's cabinet:

Philander C. Knox.

Philander Chase Knox, who will be Mr. Taft's secretary of state, re-enters the cabinet after five years in the United States senate, to which he was appointed in June, 1904, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Matthew M. Quay. Like most of his colleagues in the new cabinet, Mr. Knox is a lawyer and first came into national prominence as attorney general in Mr. McKinley's first cabinet, when he successfully prosecuted the Northern Securities case.

Mr. Knox is 56 years old, having been born in Brownsville, Pa., May 6, 1853. After graduating from Mount Union college at Alliance, Ohio, he began the study of law in Pittsburg and three years later was admitted to the bar in that city. When Mr. Knox was only 24 years of age he was appointed assistant United States district attorney for the Western district of Pennsylvania.

After a short term in this office, however, he resigned and entered private practice with James H. Reed, under the firm name of Knox & Reed. This firm became counsel for many large interests and it is said that Mr. Knox has received some of the largest fees ever paid in this country. During the homestead riots in 1892 he was counsel for the Carnegie Steel Co., and directed the legal end of that famous labor disturbance.

When in 1901 Mr. McKinley appointed him attorney general Mr. Kno's participation in the Homestead affair caused some opposition on the part of labor organizations to his confirmation. As attorney general Mr. Knox not only prosecuted to successful issue the government's suit against the Northern Securities company, but conducted the case against the so-called Beef trust with the result that that combination was dissolved by the final decree of the United States supreme court.

Mr. Knox has been credited with having prepared and carried through the Panama canal purchase in 1903. It was shortly after the conclusion of the Panama purchase that Mr. Knox was appointed to the United States senate by Governor Pennypacker to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Quay, and afterward he was elected by the legislature for the full term expiring in March, 1911.

It was at Mount Union college that Major McKinley first became acquainted with young Knox. Mr. McKinley was at that time prosecuting attorney of Stark county, and the acquaintance begun when they were both young finally ripened into the friendship of later years, and culminated in the Pennsylvanian's entry into the second McKinley cabinet.

It has always been understood that President McKinley sought to induce Mr. Knox to accept the attorney generalship in his first cabinet, but the offer was declined on the plea of private interests. Mr. Knox is entitled to twice write the degree of LL. D. after his name, both the University of Pennsylvania and Yale university having conferred that honor upon him.

Richard A. Ballinger.

Four states may claim a proprietary interest in Richard A. Ballinger, the new secretary of the interior. He is a native of Iowa, having been born in Boonsboro in 1859; after practicing law in Illinois for a while he removed to Alabama, and in 1889 he became a resident of Port Townsend, in Washington state.

The next year he was appointed United States commissioner at Port Townsend and later was elected judge of the superior court of Jefferson county. Five years ago Mr. Ballinger was elected mayor of Seattle and when his term as mayor expired President Roosevelt appointed him commissioner of the general land office.

As a practitioner at the bar Mr. Ballinger made a specialty of the admiralty and maritime law, and his position as commissioner of the general land office gave him a wide knowledge of the land laws and other important problems which will fall under his jurisdiction as secretary of the interior.

Mr. Ballinger's father studied law in the office of Abraham Lincoln, and his ancestors on both sides participated in the war of the revolution and the war of 1812. He was prepared for college in the public schools and is a graduate of Williams college, class of '84. He is the author of "Ballinger on Community Property" and of "Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statute of Washington." Mr. Ballinger is a republican state committeeman for the state of Washington, and was a member of the advisory committee during the last campaign.

Jacob M. Dickinson.

Jacob McGavock Dickinson, the new secretary of war, is the southern member of President Taft's cabinet. A Mississippian by birth, he is a citizen of Tennessee and as a Cleveland democrat supported Mr. Taft for the presidency.

Probably his most notable public service was as counsel for the United States in the Alaskan boundary case before the arbitration tribunal in London in 1903. He was an assistant attorney general of the United States during Cleveland's administration, and has been general counsel for the Illinois Central Railroad company for some years, spending most of his time in Chicago, where the general offices of that company are located.

Mr. Dickinson is 58 years old, having been born in Columbus, Miss., in 1851. He is a graduate of the University of Nashville, from which school he has a degree as master of arts, and he studied law at Columbia university, at the University of Leipzig, and in Paris.

He is president of the American Barr association, and belongs to the Chicago club, the Onwentsia and the Iroquois clubs, all of Chicago. Mr. Dickinson is the owner of the famous Belle Meade stock farm in Nashville.

George Von Lengerke Meyer.

George von Lengerke Meyer, who goes from the postmaster general's office to the navy department, was brought into the cabinet in February, 1907, to succeed Postmaster General Cortelyou. He was at that time ambassador to St. Petersburg, to which post he had been transferred from Rome, where he had served five years as ambassador.

Mr. Meyer is a native of Boston, in which city he was born in 1858. After graduating from Harvard he entered the employ of a commission firm, and some years later became a member of the firm of Linder & Meyer, East India merchants, which had been established by his father. He is an officer or director in many large manufacturing and financial concerns, and has always been active in politics, having been a member of the Boston common council, an alderman, a member of the state legislature, serving as speaker of the lower house for three consecutive years.

Mr. Meyer was elected a member of the republican national committee in 1899, and on McKinley's election he was made ambassador to Italy. He is a member of the Athletic, the Somerset and St. Botolph clubs of Boston, and among other business offices is president of the Ames Plow Co. and a director of the Old Colony Trust Co. and the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co. Mr. Meyer is a sportsman and an angler, and is known as a crack shot

George W. Wickersham.

New York's representative in the new cabinet is George W. Wickersham, who becomes attorney general. Mr. Wickersham is a member of the law firm in which President Taft's brother, Henry W. Taft, is a partner, and he is known as an expert in railroad law.

Although a resident of New York City, Mr. Wickersham is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Pittsburg in 1858. He first took civil engineering at Lehigh university, but later entered the law school of the University of Pensylvania, from which he holds the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

He immediately entered practice in Philadelphia, but later went to New York and associated himself with the firm of Chamberlain, Carter & Hornblower. A year later he became managing clerk of the firm of Strong & Cadwalader, of which President Taft's brother is a member, and eventually was taken into partnership.

Mr. Wickersham is counsel for a large number of corporations, among them the Interborough railroad, and as attorney for the railroads in the famous Chicago Traction case came into considerable public prominence.

He is fond of travel, usually spending a portion of the year abroad and is a devoted equestrian. He has a country residence at Cedarhurst, Long Island, and also a home in New York City.

Charles Nagel.

Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, the new secretary of commerce and labor, is better known among the lawyers and educators than to the public at large, although he served as a member of the Missouri house of representatives and is a member of the republican national committee. He is a native westerner, having been born in Colorado county, Texas, in 1849. He comes of professional ancestors, his father, Dr. Herman Nagel, being one of a family of four brothers of whom three are physicians and his maternal grandfather and great-grandfather were clergymen.

In the height of the civil war the pronounced union sentiments of Dr. Naged compelled him to remove from Texas to St. Louis. Here Charles Nagel soon entered the St. Louis high school. Graduating from there he took a two years' course in the St. Louis Law school and then went to the University of Berlin, where he took a special course in law and political economy. Returning to St. Louis in 1873 he was admitted to the bar and soon took an active part in municipal affairs.

In addition to being a member of the lower house of state legislature, he was for four years president of the city council of St. Louis. Although he has taken an active part in politics and has an extended law practice, he has found time to give much attention to educational matters. He fills a professorship in the St. Louis Law school; is a member of the board of trustees of the Public library, of the board of trustees of Washington university and a member of the board of control of the St. Louis Museum of Fine Arts.

Mr. Nagel, as the Missouri member of the republican national committee, served during the recent campaign as a member of the executive committee and was in charge of the western headquarters. Socially, he has been active in his native city, being a member of the University club, the Commercial club, the St. Louis club, the Round Table and Country clubs, and also of the Metropolitan club in Washington City.

Frank H. Hitchcock.

Although the youngest member of the new cabinet, Frank H. Hitchcock, Mr. Taft's postmaster general, is probably better known to the public than any of his colleagues by reason of the prominence he obtained as the chairman of the republican national committee in the recent campaign.

Mr. Hitchcock is only 42 years of age, and since he left school has been in the employ of the government. He is a native of Ohio, but received his education in Massachusetts, to which state his parents removed while he was quite young. Graduating from Harvard in 1891, he obtained a clerkship in the department of agriculture.

Later, Secretary Wilson made him chief of the division of foreign markets, and when the department of commerce and labor was organized he was made its first chief clerk. In Mr. Roosevelt's first campaign he was assistant secretary to the republican national committee, and was later appointed first assistant postmaster general. He resigned that position when the Taft campaign opened to take charge of Taft's interests. Subsequently he was elected chairman of the republican national committee, which post he still holds.

During his first years as a government clerk in Washington Mr. Hitchcock found time to take a law course at Columbian University, and on his graduation was admitted to the bar in the District of Columbia, and three years later was admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States.

Among other associations, he is a member of the American Economic association, the American Statistical association and the American association for the Advancement of Science. Mr. Hitchcock is a bachelor.

James Wilson.

If Secretary Wilson continues to hold the agricultural portfolio until next November, he will have broken the record for continuous cabinet service, which is now held by Albert Gallatin, once secretary of the treasury, who served twelve years, eight months and twenty-five days. Secretary Wilson was appointed at the outset of the McKinley administration.

He was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1835, and at the age of 17 he was brought to this country by his parents. He was educated in the public schols of Iowa and at Iowa college.

He engaged in farming, and, entering politics, was a member of the 12th, 13th and 14th assemblies of Iowa, being elected speaker of the assembly in his last term. He served for three terms in congress.

In the Forty-eighth congress his seat was contested, and the opponents of General Grant, who was then nearing his end at Mount McGregor, used the seating contest for a filibuster to defeat the Grant retirement bill. Mr. Wilson saved the measure by resigning on the stipulation that the Gant bill be immediately passed.

Franklin MacVeagh.

Franklin MacVeagh, merchant, who will be the next secretary of the treasury, was born on a farm near Phoenixville, Chester county, Pa. He was graduated from Yale as B. A. in 1862, and from Columbia law school in New York in 1864, and began practice with his brother, Wayne MacVeagh, but his health failing, he abandoned law and went west.

Shortly after he established in Chicago the wholesale grocery house of MacVeagh & Co., which for many years has been one of the largest in the country, and from which, it is reported, he has only recently resigned. He is also a director of the Commercial National bank and other Chicago corporations.

Mr. MacVeagh is distinguished in Chicago, not only as a successful merchant, but especially for his active work in behalf of civic progress and reform. He became president of the Citizens' association in Chicago in 1874, and continued to hold the office for several years afterwards, making it the instrument of many important political reforms.

At the head of the Bureau of Charities, he added greatly to the effectiveness of that organization, and as chairman of the Municipal Art league and otherwise he has been a faithful worker for the beautifying of Chicago by extension of the boulevard system and in many other ways. He has also taken an active part in the work of the National Civic Federation.

Mr. MacVeagh was until recently affiliated with the democratic party, and in 1895 he was nominated in convention by the democracy of Illinois for the United States senate. He made a canvass of the state, but was defeated in legislature. He married Miss Emily Eames.

AT THE LYRIC THEATRE

WHITEHURST & WYLDE

A comedy sketch team appearing in "How Would You Like to Be the Girl," "Retribution" and "The Pajama Girl."

An Entire Change of Pictures: "No Race Suicide," "Grandfather's Tobacco," "Burglars" and others.

ADMISSION 10c.

Palace Theatre

"THE CORD OF LIFE," A very thrilling picture.

"THE LAPLANDERS," Depicting vividly these people of the north.

Other Good Pictures:

SONG

MANSION OF MILLIONAIRES

ADMISSION 5c.



This is the trademark which is on every genuine bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

sold in nearly all the countries of the world. Nothing equals it to build up the weak and wasted bodies of young and old.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World" :: :: :: ::

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

Bee Hive Bargain Store

FOURTH & OHIO. SEDALIA, MO.

This Store Will Be Closed to Mark Down All Goods.

Getting Ready for The Big Sale!

Watch This Paper!

E. G. MOSBERG

Carriage Painting and Trimming

Work Guaranteed

114 S. Kentucky. Bell Phone 139.

COAL BUY NOW!

MISSOURI, ARKANSAS, ILLINOIS, KANSAS AND PENNSYLVANIA COAL

Always on Hand

FULL WEIGHT TONS

TRY

COON RIDGE LUMP

Sedalia Ice Light and Fuel Company

EDW. R. ANDLER, Manager



'Phone 126

Snow White Lace Curtains

Don't bother with all the work and muss of trying to launder your lace curtains at home. Send them to the Dorn-Cloney Laundry.

We'll lift the labor and worry off your mind, laundering them as good, perhaps better than you could yourself—simply because we have the proper facilities for doing the work.

Make up your mind to do it now.

DORN - CLONEY LAUNDRY CO

THIRD AND LAMINE STS.

PAPA IN HIS BOYHOOD DAYS.

Not the Paragon of Virtue He Would Like Sons to Be.

There is a dear old lady in up-town home who doesn't take much stock in new-fangled surgery. More especially she sniffs at the theory that wayward boys can be cured of their bad inclinations by having their brains nicked with a knife.

The other day her grandson came to her.

"Grandma," he said, "was papa a pretty naughty boy when he was as old as we?"

"I'm sorry to say he was, Georgie. He headed all the michief for miles around."

"Now, mother," remonstrated George's father. "It wasn't quite as bad as that."

"You know it was, James," retorted the old lady. "And I won't have you holding yourself up as a model for your boys."

"Say, grandma," Georgie interrupted, "do you think it would have done papa any good if the doctor had cut into his head like mamma was reading about?"

The old lady laughed.

"In the first place, they couldn't have caught him," she said. "And in the next place they would have had to cut off his head to do him any good."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

SMOKE MO. STATE FAIR CIGARS 5c

PERSONALS

J. G. McCormick went to Lamar today.

C. C. Kelly returned last night from Knob Noster.

J. T. Loveland went to Lamonte this morning.

Will Riley made a business visit at Boonville today.

J. B. O'Brien went to Moberly today on business.

H. W. Harris went to Rocheport today on business.

C. C. Lawson returned last night from Kansas City.

Will Evans, of Beaman, is in the city today, visiting.

C. E. Andrews, of Boonville, is here today on business.

Will Lee went to Windsor this morning on business.

Joe Steehn went to Cole Camp this morning on business.

Col. J. West Goodwin returned last night from St. Joseph.

F. L. Cutler made a business visit at Schell City today.

George W. Longan, of Kansas City, is here on business.

G. A. Widder went to Holden this morning on business.

Dr. D. P. Dyer made a business visit at Dresden today.

T. L. Bradley, of Warrensburg, is in the city on business.

John Bond, of Tipton, is here today, attending the horse sale.

Mrs. R. C. Miller went to Warrensburg this afternoon to visit.

Miss Hattie Lawson left this afternoon for a visit at St. Louis.

J. A. Kenworthy made a business visit at Warrensburg today.

Mrs. Henry Laupheimer returned last night from Kansas City.

Mrs. Lou Shirk went to Kansas City this afternoon to visit.

Mrs. Emmett Bealert is spending the day with friends at Beaman.

C. S. Swartzel went to Warrensburg this morning on business.

James Wilkerson went to Warrensburg this morning on business.

C. A. Ware, of Jefferson City, is a guest at Walch's European hotel.

Otto and Frank Botz went to Kansas City this morning on business.

Mrs. George Cox left this morning for a visit at Kansas City, Kan.

W. S. Trader, of Warrensburg, is here today, visiting George Bichsel.

Roy Barker came down from Warrensburg last night for a short visit.

P. M. Hoffman, of Longwood, is a guest at Walch's European hotel today.

Hallam Courtney left this morning for a business visit at Sioux City, Iowa.

Miss Llulu Kruse left this morning for Hannibal to visit Miss Mae McComas.

Dr. W. J. Ferguson returned last night from a professional visit at Dresden.

Miss Lou Menefee will go to Tipton this afternoon to visit Miss Kathryn Monroe.

J. H. Lincoln returned this afternoon from a business visit at Jefferson City.

Mrs. C. E. Everect returned this morning from a visit with her sister at Dresden.

Mrs. John Reece, of 211 West Sixth street, visited with friends at Knobnoster yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Sherman and child, of Clinton, arrived this morning to visit friends.

Vivian McCurdy was a westbound passenger on Missouri Pacific train No. 37 this morning.

John Guenther returned this morning from a four months' visit to his old home in Central Ohio.

Miss Bertha Lobenstein returned to her home at Warrensburg this morning, after visiting relatives here.

Mrs. J. H. O'Brien, who has been quite ill at St. Luke's hospital at St. Louis, is improving satisfactorily.

W. K. Morrow, of Warrensburg, is visiting the family of F. L. Farley, and incidentally attending the horse sale.

Mrs. T. P. Madden, a former Sedalia lady, but now living at St. Louis, arrived this afternoon to visit Sedalia friends.

H. C. Daugherty and G. E. Petty, both of Versailles, Mo., are here today, and are guests at Walch's European hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Walker returned home to Fayette today, after visiting Prof. Isaac Farris and sister, Miss Susie Farris.

Miss Virginia Dameron returned this afternoon from a six weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. W. Frazier, at Bushton, Ill.

J. C. Edwards, of Warrensburg, representing the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., arrived this morning for a brief business visit.

Mrs. George M. Mahy and children, of Scranton, Pa., arrived this afternoon to visit Mrs. Mahy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mertz.

Mrs. H. T. McArthur and daughter, of Lamonte, were here today as the guests of the family of Howard Wood, and returned home this afternoon.

O. M. Rice, of rural route No. 1, Hughesville, attended the Monsees jack sale on Tuesday, and remained over to the Petty jack sale on Wednesday.

Miss Edna Bohling returned home to Smithton this morning, after visiting her sisters, and was accompanied by Miss Elizabeth Bohling, who will visit there.

Mrs. A. L. Hyland returned home to Jefferson City this afternoon, after visiting F. O. Withers and family. She was accompanied by Mrs. Withers, who will visit there.

Mrs. J. L. Butler, formerly Miss Nellie Madden, who has been visiting her parents at St. Louis, passed through here this afternoon, on her way home to Atchison, Kan.

Miss Daisy Williams, of Nevada, passed through Sedalia today, on her way to Tampa, Fla., to teach in the Cuban school of the Home Missionary society of the Methodist church, South.

Ted Clark, who recently accepted a position with the Courtney Shoe Co. at St. Louis, arrived here today to visit home folks and left this afternoon for Nebraska in the interest of the house.

E. J. Adamson, district manager for the Jesse French Piano Co., went to Jefferson City on the morning train today to lay plans for the establishment of a branch agency of the company at the state capital.

Mrs. Mark Ritter and two little sons arrived this morning from Paducah, Ky., to join Mr. Ritter, a machinist at the Missouri Pacific shops, and will make Sedalia their future home. They are located temporarily at 2222 East Broadway.

Carpets, Rugs and Draperies McKenzie's, 114 East Fifth.

J. C. Bullock will guarantee Vigoral hard wheat flour.

His American Souvenir.

John Schmidt was young and German. Shortly after he came to New York his friends in Germany wrote:

"Send us as a souvenir something typical of American habits."

So John Schmidt looked around. After observing Americans at home and in public for a period of three weeks he considered himself competent to comply with the request. Last week he sent home the thing which, in his opinion, most adequately represented American customs and institutions. He sent six packages of chewing gum.

Definition.

"Pa, what is a knocker?"

"A knocker, my boy, is a man who usually finds fault with another man who is doing something better than he could do it himself."—Detroit Free Press.

Love Each Other So.

Cora—Have you seen my new photographs, dear? Every one says they look exactly like me.

Dora—What a shame! Can't you get another sitting?

J. J. McRoberts wants your orders for "S" and Vigoral flour.

Longest Telegraph Wire Span.

An Indian stream, the River Kistnah, 600 feet wide, has the longest span of telegraph wire in the world.

Go to McGinley's for the well known "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

WOOED H'S WIFE'S SISTERS

One Testifies to Correspondence; Other to Visiting Wine Room.

St. Louis, March 4.—How Harry J. Holness made love to his wife's sisters was told yesterday in Judge Grimm's court in their testimony in Mrs. Holness' suit for divorce. Holness is now superintendent of a printing concern in Mexico City.

The sisters are Mrs. Louella Bauman, a plump and pretty brunette manicurist, 20 years old, and Miss Mabel Largen, of Pekin, Ill.

Mrs. Bauman said she was separated from Nick Bauman, her husband, last September, on account of his discovery that Holness was writing love letters to her. For a year prior to that time she had been corresponding with him, she said.

"How often did he write to you?" she was asked.

"His letters were very numerous," she replied. "They were love letters."

She said some of the letters were "warmer than others," and explained that Holness wanted her to leave Bauman and elope with him. He wrote to her, she said, that he did not love his wife.

Miss Largen said that she never willingly received a declaration of love from Holness, but on her birthday, April 21, 1906, she said he took her down town to celebrate and they visited a wine room. So humiliated was she by this experience that she says she did not tell her sisters of it.

Holness filed a cross-bill in which he said that his wife expressed love for F. F. McArthur, Holness' business partner in Mexico, ten years younger than Mrs. Holness. She is 37. Mrs Holness, cross-examined as to this, denied there was anything improper between her and McArthur.

Robt. Ramsey's is the place to buy "Vigoral" or "S" flour.

"DRY" WAVE BROKE HEART

Patrick J. Lamphear, "the Man With the Golden Nose."

Lexington, Ky., March 4.—Broken hearted over the prospects of Kentucky going dry, Patrick J. Lamphear, "the man with the golden nose," is slowly sinking and physicians say death is now only a matter of a few hours.

By virtue of his nose Lamphear became years ago the most famous whisky and liquor expert in the world, and on this marvelous proboscis was hinged some of the biggest whisky transactions ever known.

But now that state-wide prohibition has practically girdled the south and with every indication that the temperance wave will hit Kentucky within a few months, Lamphear realizes that his occupation is fading away and relatives and physicians who have watched his gradual decline recently say that no illness of any consequence his seized him, but that he is broken hearted over the future of the liquor industry.

Blindfolded, with a half dozen bottles of whisky in front of him, Lamphear can tell by the smell just how old each brand is and where it was made, provided it is Kentucky whisky, and because of this remarkable sense of smell he amassed a fortune years ago. His ability was recognized by distillers and he was sent by the government to the Paris exposition as a representative of the Bourbon whisky industry.

New ribbons, low prices, excellent quality, at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

Mrs. Barker Some Better.

Mrs. J. H. Parker, wife of an M., K. & T. engineer, was taken seriously ill with heart trouble Wednesday, but is improved today. As a result of her illness, Mr. Barker was taken off of train No. 1 last evening and another engineer was substituted to take the train to Parsons.

Take Your Prescriptions to The Owl Drug Store. They will have prompt and careful attention and quick delivery. 1105 East Fifth.

Fresh Nice Stock of everything belonging to a first class Drug Store is at The Owl in East Sedalia.

"One Half the World"

One-half the world wear glasses, but not half of that half wear the right glasses. The wrong glasses are often worse than none; they are a constant strain and a permanent injury to the eyes.

Only a painstaking and scientific examination can determine what glasses you require; you can't tell by trying them on out of a basket. Be on the safe side; let Ormond, our optical expert, give your eyes a careful examination.

Ormond & Klueber,

316 OHIO STREET.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Definite word has been received from our Mrs. M. B. Scaggs, assuring us that she would be in Sedalia, Saturday Morning. Mrs. Scaggs comes to this store as our modiste with highest class references and leaves a long clientele of satisfied patrons, to take charge of our Dressmaking Department.

We invite all who desire garments made to measure—to acquaint themselves with Mrs. Scaggs, and her prices.

More—

New Suits arrived today, direct from New York City, as fast as express trains could bring them.



Only the few hours behind the foremost Eastern styles that it takes the fastest trains to get here.

No two styles alike, remember, and like all good things—the best goes first—in a word, EARLY SELECTION IS IMPORTANT.

Continuation Sale of Pleated Skirts for Friday and Saturday

HALF PRICE

$10.00 Pleated Skirts	$5.00
$12.50 Pleated Skirts	$6.25
$13.75 Pleated Skirts	$6.88
$15.00 Pleated Skirts	$7.50
$16.50 Pleated Skirts	$8.25
Up to $25.00 Pleated Skirts	$12.50

Broadcloths, Panamas, Silks and Voiles in black, brown, blue, grey, tan, etc., plain colors, also many mannish mixtures in fashionable shades.

Flower-Barnett Dry Goods Co.

THE STORE THAT SETS THE PACE

219-221-223 OHIO ST.

Christmas High Finance.

"William Bayard Hale, who has got more fame by suppressing an interview than ever got by printing one, is a caustic, sarcastic man," said a magazine editor.

"I once heard Hale speak at a bankers' Christmas banquet. He always speaks well, because he is a clergyman. One part of his speech I'll never forget. It bore on Christmas games.

"'There is one Christmas game,' he said, 'that has become very popular, especially in banking circles. It resembles hide-and-seek. You play it as follows:

"'A cashier or a president takes all the institution's money and runs and hides. Detectives swarm out to find him. If they succeed, he comes home with them, and has to pay a forfeit.'"

Going the Limit.

The country cousin considered that he was caught beyond reclaim in the giddy maelstrom of metropolitan life. At dinner with his city cousin he had actually drunk an entire glass of beer. Then they had taken a taxicab and gone to a show. And now that it was over the city cousin had brazenly piloted the visitor into a barroom and suggested drinks.

"No!" objected the country cousin.

"Come on!"

A look of diabolical wickedness spread over the rural features.

"All right! I might as well go the whole hog. I'll have—a second glass of beer!"

Call The Owl in East Sedalia for your wants from the Drug Store. Both Phones.

Stephenson Re-elected to Senate.

Madison, Wis., March 4.—Isaac Stephenson was today re-elected United States senator on the twenty-third ballot, receiving 63 out of 123 votes of the joint assemby.

SMOKE MO. STATE FAIR CIGARS 5c

Died of Dlood Poisoning.

Louella Brown, colored, aged 26 years, died from blood poisoning at her home, 115 East Cooper street, at 10:10 o'clock last night. The body will be shipped to Nelson, Mo., tomorrow for burial.

Horse Stepped on Foot.

James Collins, of the city engineering department, is unable to be at work, suffering from an injured right foot, caused by a horse stepping on the member.

TO GET RICH "GRAFTERS"

GOVERNOR J. W. FOLK'S ADVICE TO OFFICERS IN PITTSBURG CASES.

MISSOURIAN WAS ASKED FOR HIS ADVICE

"Expose the Men Higher Up," He Says, "for Experience Proves That It Kills Them Even if They're Not Convicted."

Pittsburg, Pa., March 4.—Joseph W. Folk, ex-governor of Missouri, is taking a personal part in the local graft cases.

Mr. Folk, who was in the city to deliver a lecture, was called into the cases by the district attorney, Mr. Blakely.

Immediately after the conference Blakely began the interrogation of George T. Oliver, a multi millionaire, who is slated by the republican organization to take the place in the senate made vacant by the resignation of Senator Knox.

Before beginning the interrogation Blakely received advice from Mr. Folk as follows:

"Be honest about this investigation You will find bigger thugs behind the little fellows. Graft investigation history proves that no man worth $100,000 has gone to jail, no matter how strong the evidence against him. There are wealthy men behind the Pittsburg graft. Go after them.

"When you are unable to secure a conviction remember that public exposure of the wealthy grafter is his death warrant. It not only blasts his reputation among men, but the history of such investigation is that exposure means the actual physical death of widely known men within two years after their guilt is established. Where the little grafter pays for his crime with imprisonment the big grafter pays the death penalty.

"If you are unable to get convictions keep right at it until you clean up your city. You'll either send them to jail or to their deaths, and for the good of Pittsburg the end is the same in both cases."

WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

Beginning Sunday, March 7, Isabel C. Jackson and her company will open their engagement at Wood's opera house in that great play by David Belasco, "The Charity Ball." This play is one of the epoch marking plays of the stage, pure in theme, brilliant in dialogue, intensely dramatic in its wonderful construction; interspersed with bright, high comedy, the wit and humor of which is appreciated. "The Charity Ball" is at once entertaining, amusing and instructive. It tells a beautiful story of every day life. Its characters charm because they are human; and its tone is uplifting; its lesson ennobling. Miss Jackson as An Cruger will make her initial appearance in a role that is particularly adapted to display her art. The supporting company is all that can be asked and the opening promises to be most pleasing.

Race Suicide

Is not nearly the meance to increase in population that death among infants are. Eight out of ten of these deaths are directly or indirectly caused by bowel troubles. McGee's Baby Elixir cures diarrhoea, dysentery, sour stomach and all infant ailments of this nature. Just the thing for teething babies. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Buy your "Vigoral" or "S" flour of the "Star Grocery Co."

Sharp Eyes Will Notice Our Saving Prices.

Our Bargain Basement



Is filled with Shoes for Men, Women and Children. There is a great Bargain in ebery pair of these Shoes. If you buy them, you actually get

More Than Your Money's Worth.

Men's $3.50 Shoes for	2.48	Women's $3.50 Shoes for	2.48
Men's $3.00 Shoes for	1.98	Women's $3.00 Shoes for	1.98
Men's $2.50 Shoes for	1.48	Women's $2.50 Shoes for	1.48
Boys' $2.25 Shoes for	1.69	Misses' $2.25 Shoes for	1.69
Boys' $2.00 Shoes for	1.48	Misses' $2.00 Shoes for	1.48

Children's $1.35 and $1.50 Shoes for 98c

QUINN BROS.

Bargain Basement.

MENEFEE'S

Elective Lump Coal, Per Ton $3.50

Once used, always used. We also have several hundred tons of KANSAS MINERAL LUMP and NUT COAL. Special prices on 2-ton lots.

20 lbs Best Eastern Cane Granulated Sugar	$1.00
8½ lbs pure lard	$1.00
5 gallons best oil	45c
Dry sugar cured ham, per lb	13½c
Guaranteed Hard Wheat Flour per cwt	$2.75
One bushel choice potatoes	85c
Three cans tomatoes and corn	25c
One pound 25c coffee	20c
One pound 20c coffee	15c
Our Best "Fanchon" Hard Wheat Flour, per cwt	$2.95
One gallon bucket syrup	35c
FRESH COUNTRY EGGS, PER DOZEN	20c

We have the largest and best stock of hay, straw, grain and mill feeds in the city.

Come and see us and we will convince you that we can save you money.

715 East Third. Yards 400 West Second.

All Phones 328.

Fair and warmer tonight; Friday probably cloudy and warmer.

Chasnoffs | Chasnoffs

FRIDAY'S Underpriced Attractions!

Important Sale of New Spring Silks.

New Foulards. New Fancy Silks.

Here's an opportunity to purchase the silks you require underprice. Special purchase of Foulards and Fancy Silks are offered at savings away out of the ordinary at this season of the year.

Satin Foulards and Fancy Silks; most desirable colors and patterns; plenty of stripes, dots, spots and rings, 19 to 24 inches wide; $1.00 value 59c

$8.00 Chic Spring Hats at $4.95.



Just a sample item from our Millinery department, where you can depend upon getting the latest styles at lowest prices. The one illustrated is a medium size, hand made model of beautiful braid, trimmed with jet bands and rosette of ribbon, specially priced at $4.95. Other new spring Hats in a profusion of styles; $2.98 to $15.00.

Women's $8.00 New Spring Skirts, $5.87

A prominent maker with whom we do considerable skirt business, and who supplied us with many of our best selling styles this season, sent us 100 skirts at a discount price, which saving goes directly to you tomorrow—skirts of chiffon, panamas, voiles and fancy serges, in gored, circular and flared models—some plain tailored, others attractively trimmed with buttons, satin bands, folds and tailored straps—if in need of a skirt, do not fail to take advantage of this offering—skirts that are well tailored, hang gracefully and fit perfectly; $8.00 is what they are really worth. Friday, choice of anw for 5.87 5.87

Low Prices for New Dress Goods

44 inch white and black stripe suiting; 69c value 39c

44 inch all wool French serge in all the new shades; $1.00 value 79c

44 inch all wool Broadway stripe; satin prunella cloth; $1.50 value 97c

44 inch stripe batiste; 89c value 59c

10c GINGHAMS, 6¾c

These are the desirable Everett Classic Ginghams, in steel blue, nurse stripe or plain blue, pink and tan; some stores sell it at 10c; on sale 6¾c

RUMBLINGS OF THE RAIL

PLACING OF LARGEST ORDER FOR RAILS SINCE RATE DISTURBANCE.

COACH CAB AND CABOOSE ITEMS

Matters of Interest Picked Up From Various Sources For the Benefit of Democrat-Sentinel Readers.

The New York Central railroad announced yesterday that it had arranged to buy 101,000 tons of steel rails for 1909 delivery.

This is the most important contract placed with the steel companies since the rate war began. The order includes 20,000 tons already delivered to the railroad. The remaining 81,000 tons will be delivered between now and August 1.

The Lackawanna Steel company gets 51,000 tons of the order, the United States Steel corporation 42,600, the Algoma Steel company of Canada 5,400 and the Bethlehem Steel company 2,000 tons. What would be the price of the rails could not be learned.

Hospital Arrivals.

Following are new arrivals at the Katy hospital:

Earl Overby, foundryman, Parsons, Kan.

J. M. Lambeth, clerk, Denison, Texas.

George Caparoon, bridge carpenter, Wagoner, Okla.

Thomas Ellison, fireknocker, Denison, Texas.

Automatic Couplers.

Dominic Stoffel, assistant claim agent for the Katy, went to Hannibal today.

Harry Sinnett, a railway mail clerk, went to Kansas City this morning for a day's stay.

A. C. Miner, traveling passenger agent for the Katy, went to Windsor this morning.

Richard Snell, who has been a patient at the Katy hospital, was discharged today.

W. B. Shirk, commercial agent for the Missouri Pacific, went to St. Louis last night on company business.

E. M. Dennis, trainmaster for the Missouri Pacific, went to Kansas City on the fast mail train this morning.

Lou Smasal, a Missouri Pacific lineman, returned this morning from a business visit on the Lexington branch.

Effective March 8, Lexington branch train No. 623 will stop on Mondays at Mount Washington, Mo., for United States mail sacks.

George Light, passenger conductor on Missouri Pacific trains Nos. 209 and 10, between Kansas City and Joplin, is laying off, and is here visiting home folks.

The body of Loven Lee, colored, who died at the M. K. & T. hospital early Wednesday morning, was shipped to Perry, Texas, on train No. 1 last evening for burial.

R. H. Oglesby, a member of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, passed through Sedalia this morning, en route from his home at Warrensburg to points east of here.

Joseph Severen, a Missouri Pacific shopman, residing at 230 Stewart avenue, was hit on the head while at work at the shops today and sustained slight injuries. He was attended by Dr. A. J. Campbell.

Ora Embree, an M., K. & T. fireman, had one eye painfully injured this morning as he was preparing to go out on his run on the Kansas City division, caused by a lubricator glass breaking, a piece of the glass flying into his eye.

J. B. Meckbee is the man to buy "S" and Vigoral flour of.

See the new line of ruchings at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

Death of Patrick Foley.

Patrick Foley, a well known and prosperous farmer eight miles southeast of Sedalia, died of a congestive chill at his home at 3 o'clock this morning. He was 76 years old, and came to Pettis county from Chicago. The Rev. Fr. McNamee will conduct funeral services at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, and burial will be made in the Catholic cemetery.

Froencke & Cordes sells "Vigoral" and "S" flour.

No Issue of Rosa Pearle's Paper.

Owing to the serious illness of the editor, there will not be an issue of Rosa Pearle's Paper next Saturday evening.

EVERYBODY USES GOLD COIN FLOUR THAT WANTS THE BEST.

The Lion Weather Follows the Lamb Weather in March

You will need coal and wood then. Be wise and be prepared. We can serve you better now than when we are rushed

HEYNEN COAL COMPANY

PHONES 522.

THE FIRST BABY THERE

Fashionable Division of Millionaires' Residential District.

St. Louis, March 4.—When the stork yesterday invaded the sacred precincts of Kingsbury place, the most fashionable division of the millionaire residential district, it broke all precedent and left a son at the home of Mr. and Mrs. en F. Edwards. Mr. Edwards is president of the National Bank of Commerce and was much talked of as a possible secretary of the treasury in the Taft cabinet.

The boy is the only heir to his father's millions, which the sire acquired in his rise from office boy in the bank to its presidency.

Until yesterday the only babes in Kingsbury place were those chiseled from stone and surmounting the costly park entrances.

Mr. Edwards is a strong Roosevelt man, and the coming of the baby at the close of the Roosevelt administration is laughingly ascribed by Mr. Edwards' friends to his staunch support of the Rooseveitian doctrines.

FORAKER GETS LOVING CUP

Remembered for Efforts in Behalf of Brownsville Soldiers.

Washington, March 4.—In appreciation of his efforts in behalf of the discharged Brownsville battalion, the negro citizens of Washington will present to Senator Foraker on Friday next a massive solid silver loving cup.

The cup stands nearly two feet high and rests on a massive ebony case. It weighs nearly 100 ounces. Around the handle are the letters B. C. D. representing the names of the companies of the battalion.

Around the base in raised letters are the words, "Twenty-fifth United States Infantry." In the gold lining of the bowl is inscribed a quotation from a speech made by Senator Foraker in the senate January 12, 1909, in behalf of the soldiers, in which he said:

"They ask for no favors, because they are negroes, but only for justice, because they are men."

"TAFT IS PRESIDENT"

That Was the Greeting Received by Telephone Subscribers in Chicago.

Chicago, March 4.—"Taft is president." Thousands of persons who called for telephone number at 11 o'clock today in this city were given this astounding information by the sweet girl voices in the exchanges, instead of the usual "Number, please."

It was Chicago's unique method of celebrating the hour that the chief executive of the nation was taking the oath of office.

A. E. Leslie & Son make a specialty of "S" and Vigoral flour.

15 Years

Experience enables us to give you the best in

FIRE INSURANCE

8 Strong Companies Low Rates.

Reynolds and Reynolds

TELEPONE 153.

408 OHIO ST, 2ND FLOOR.

THE DEATH OF "DAD" SMITH

Died at His Home on East Fourth Street Wednesday Night.

John S. Smith, more familiarly known as "Dad" Smith, one of Sedalia's oldest residents, died from a complication of diseases at 8:35 o'clock Wednesday evening at his home, 209 East Fourth street, aged 79 years on September 25, last.

"Dad," as he was known by every friend, for a period of fifteen years was employed as switch engineer by the Missouri Pacific in the local yards.

He resigned that position and became janitor at the county court house. Since then he had held various positions in the city, his last one being that of fireman at the Missouri State Fair building, Fourth street and Lamine avenue.

Mr. Smith had been ill forty-one days. Up to ten minutes before his death he was perfectly conscious and his demise followed a hemorrhage.

Deceased had been married twice, his second wife being Mattie Moore, of Warsaw, Mo., to whom he was married twenty-one years ago. He carried $2,000 insurance in the A. O. U. W.

The funeral arrangements have not been perfected.

CIRCUIT COURT ENTRIES

Road Overseers to Make Report to the Highway Engineer.

The judges of the county court, at today's session appointed Samuel Powell overseer for road district No. 24, vice Herbert Lytle, and Milt Durrill overseer in district No. 30, vice Fred Looney.

J. C. Higgins was allowed a warrant for $3 for one wolf scalp.

As the Democrat-Sentinel goes to press the jury for the April term of criminal court is being drawn.

The court made an order requiring every road overseer to make a monthly report to the county engineer, giving each date of separate transaction; the date each man worked, whether poll tax employment, hired labor or own time as overseer, and incorporated in the order the request that all receipts for money expended during the month be filed and until same is complied with no requisition for funds shall be made.

The engineer is also to charge each road overseer the full amount of poll taxes due from the district and an account of the taxes must be filed not later than October 1 of each year.

SEDALIA CAMP MEETING

Woodmen of the World Continue to Boom in Sedalia.

Nine candidates were initiated into Sedalia camp No. 16 Woodmen of the World, at last night's meeting, as follows: H. O. Berry, H. F. Bennett, W. L. Fessler, A. H. Gafken, J. R. Ivy, Edwin H. Schupp, J. W. Shipp, E. A. Nichols and G. H. Finnell.

The morning degree of the order was conferred on a class of nine members and eight application cards were balloted on.

The camp decided to give an entertainment in conjunction with the Woodmen Circle on the night of Wednesday, March 31. The affair will be given at the Odd Fellows' hall.

THOUSANDS WERE DELAYED

In Baltimore the Blizzard Kept People From Getting to Washington.

Baltimore, Md., March 4.—(By united wireless to Washington)—Thousands of people bound for the inaugural ceremonies were delayed here today by reason of the paralysis of train traffic resulting from the blizzard.

For hours Baltimore was cut off from communication with the outside world.

Fined for an Assault.

James Dewitt was fined $5 and costs by Judge J. B. Rickman today for striking with a cinder W. H. Wooldridge.

Later Judge Hoffman remitted the fine and gave Dewitt until May 1 to pay the costs.

Miss Cundiff to Give Party.

Miss Rosebud Cundiff, the refined and pretty young doughter of Editor J. J. Cundiff, will entertain nineteen lady friends at a roller skating party at Colonial hall Tuesday night, March 9, in honor of her nineteenth birthday.

WANTED

Modern 7 or 8-room residence, $4,000 to $6,000; quick sale for right house.

FOR RENT

135 Boonville, 5 rooms; lot 103x165, large barn, garden, etc; good condition, $10.00.

TO EXCHANGE

10-acre fruit farm, Willow Springs, Mo., for residence in Sedalia. This is A-1.

HIGHLEYMAN REALTY CO.

Bell Phone 78. Suite 1, Katie Bldg.

JOKED ABOUT THE BLIZZARD

Roosevelt and Taft Made the Weather Topic of Pleasantry.

Washington, March 4.—President-elect and Mrs. Taft spent the night at the White House as guests of President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

"I always knew it would be cold when I was made president of the United States," was the laughing remark of Mr. Taft this morning, as he looked out of the White House window.

Mr. Taft said he never felt better in his life. President Roosevelt greeted his successor with rare good humor as they met at breakfast. Mr. Taft's greeting was: "Mr. President, even the elements protest," to which President Roosevelt said: "Mr. President-elect, I knew there would be a blizzard clear up to the time I went out of office."

President Roosevelt and President-elect Taft were escorted to the capitol promptly at the hour set, their progress through the blinding snow being met with cheers from the hardy spectators.

They entered the senate chamber, arm in arm, their appearance being the signal for an outburst of applause.

Mr. Taft took the oath shortly before 1 o'clock, it being administered by Chief Justice Fuller.

When he had concluded his address he was escorted to his carriage and driven to the White House, accompanied by Mrs. Taft.

Ex-President Roosevelt walked out of the capitol, amid the cheers of the throng and escorted by the members of the New York republican central committee to the Union station, where he boarded the train for New York and Oyster Bay.

The ceremonies at the capitol ended at 1:45, after which the senate adjourned until tomorrow, when it meets in response to the extra session call.

F. T. Mulcahy will sell you "S" or Vigoral flour.

THE TAYLOR HORSE SALE

Ten Animals Had Been Sold Up to 2 O'clock.

The attendance at the W. B. Taylor combination horse sale at the state fair grounds is large this afternoon, there being several hundred persons on the grounds. The sale did not begun until after the dinner hour. Up to 2 o'clock ten sales had been recorded, the name of the animal its gait, record, owner and place of residence and purchaser and place of residence being as follows:

Redwood C, trotter, 2:30; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia, Mo.; sold to Hal Horton, of Sedalia, for $370.

Queen Walnut, pacer, 2:07¼; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to John Cruso, New Orleans, La., for $725.

Bob Walnut, pacer, 2:20; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to Fred Renshaw, Tipton, Mo., for $580.

Willie P, pacer, 2:12; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to F. O. Stoneking, Warrensburg, Mo., for $400.

Admiral Schley, pacer, 2:21¼; William Lewis, Sedalia; sold to Henry Meyer, Sedalia, for $260.

Bellbar, trotter, 2:16¾; W. B. Taylor and Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to J. D. Shockency, Nevada, Mo., for $1,675.

Mary McQuillen, trotter, 2:24¼; Henry Myers Sedalia, Mo.; sold to J. C. Cordes, Sedalia for $300.

Judge Wilson, pacer, 2:07¼; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill, Mo.; sold to C. C. Anderson, Lawrenceville, Ohio, for $400.

McGrattin, trotter, 2:23½; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill; sold to same as above for $255.

Buzz, pacer, 2:16¼; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill; sold to H. C. Clark, Memphis, Mo., for $225.

F. T. Cain warrants Vigoral or "S" flour the very best.

TRACTION STRIKE IN MANILA

Most of the Cars Now Operated by Non-Union Men.

Manila, March 4.—The carmen and other employes of the Manila street railway system went on strike this morning to enforce a series of demands, following an all-night meeting at labor headquarters. These demands include an increase in pay and a rearrangement of hours.

Most of the cars are being operated by the company with non-union Filipinos and Americans. A strong force of police is guarding the cars, but there has been no violence. While small crowds gathered at the junction points, demonstrations were not attempted.

Buy the "S" or "Vigoral" flour of R. H. Cusick.

Square Deal Fence.

We have just received a new supply of Square Deal Field and Poultry Fence. This fence is made of the highest quality of wire, is made heavier and more durable than the ordinary woven wire, and our prices are reasonable.

Call and see us or telephone us your orders for Field and Poultry fence while our stock is complete.

P. Hoffman

FAIRBANKS' INKSTAND TO GO

Government Gets a Check for $200 From the Vice President.

Washington, March 4.—When he leaves office today Vice President Fairbanks will take with him the beautiful ink stand which has ornamented his desk for the last four years.

This ink stand has been the subject of considerable interest because of the published story that it had cost $500. According to custom the presiding officer of the senate is privileged to design and have manufactured such ornamental ink receptacles as he fancies, and the one procured by Mr. Fairbanks was one made by a manufacturing jeweler of New York.

The criticism of the reputed cost of this stand has rankled in Mr. Fairbank's heart for four years, and he sent yesterday to Secretary Bennett a check for $200, which was the actual cost of the ornament, and announced he would take it with him.

FANS WILL HELP PAY BURKE

Friends of Jimmy Start a Petition to Have Him Retained.

Louisville, Ky., March 4.—Local baseball fans are circulating a petition to the Louisville club management asking for the retention of Jimmie Burke as manager of the team, each signer pledging himself to contribute $1 to the fund to make up the difference in the terms named by the club and the sum sought by Burke.

Thus far between 200 and 300 signers have been secured and the promoters claim they will get 1,000 names in a few days.

Will Hold All Day Session.

The Women's Guild of Calvary Episcopal church will hold an all-day session at the parish hall tomorrow, Friday, the 5th inst. A lunch will be served at noon.

SALOON THOUGHT NO. 88.

St. Louis recently had the lid on for 77 hours. They were closed from Thursday midnight until Monday morning, on account of the democratic primary on Friday, and the republican primary on Saturday, and Sunday made 77 hours. During these 77 hours, the first 24 hours there were 11 arrests for drunkenness, and the same for the second 24 hours, and only TWO for the third period of time, making but 24 arrests for drunkenness. Comparing this to the same 48 hours the week before there were for the first 24 hours 66 arrests for drunkenness in FORTY-EIGHT hours. Just compare this with 24 arrests in 77 hours DRY, and with 182 arrests in 48 hours WET. The 24 arrests in the 77 hours dry were as follows: ONE from East St. Louis, and 23 from LID CLUBS. The excise commissioner who has never favored PROHIBITION, but STRICT REGULATION said this upon being interviewed: "Well, what do you want ME to say. Facts are facts, and you can't get around them, can you?" — Woman's National Daily, Wednesday, March 3, Page 4. THE DRYS.

JAIL FOR BOSTON ELOPERS

Symphony Orchestra Flutist and Fellow Player's Wife Held.

Boston, Mass., March 4.—A round trip to the Pacific coast, in which Daniel Maquarre, flute soloist of the Boston Symphony orchestra, and Mrs. Mathilde Lenom, wife of another Symphony player, participated, ended yesterday in the superior court here, when both pleaded guilty to a statutory offense, and, failing to furnish $3,000 bail, were sent to jail to await trial.

The pair disappeared simultaneously in November. They were located recently by Mr. Lenom in San Francisco, where Mrs. Lenom had opened a millinery store and Marquarre was giving music lessons and were arrested at the request of the Boston authorities.

Neither of the accused was represented in the court proceedings yesterday and neither made an effort to obtain bail.

Go to Friedkin's to buy "S" or "Vigoral" flour.

A Sedalian Is President.

Alderman E. R. Andler, of this city, is attending the annual meeting of the Western Ice Dealers' association in Kansas City, and delivered his annual address today. The association has a membership of more than 300 in the country between the Mississippi and the Rocky mountains. It is estimated that the membership includes more than 90 per cent of the dealers in the aforementioned territory.

Notice to Live Stock Owners.

When you contemplate employing a veterinarian, remember that the better the qualifications of the man you employ the less your chances for loss in proportion. Walter Warren has been practicing in Sedalia for over three years and desires that you make inquiry about his work. He is the only graduated veterinarian located in Pettis county that does a general practice. When you have a valuable animal that needs attention you cannot afford to employ any but the best. If you desire to consult him call at his residence, 1021 South Kentucky street. Phone 246, or at Hardings barn, 218 South Osage.

W. S. Scott sells and warrants "Vigoral" and "S" flour.

Burial of William Tutt.

The funeral of William M. Tutt, colored, who died Wednesday, was held from the Morgan Street Baptist church at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and burial was made in the colored cemetery.

$100,000

We have on hand $100,000 to loan on improved farm and city property. Privilege of making partial payments. Our interest rates are the lowest. See us before placing your application.

Sedalia Trust Com'y

"The Home of Savings." 4th and Ohio.

MERCHANDISE BROKERS

H. D. WILLIAMSON CO.

WHOLESALE FLOUR AND FEED.

Agency for Cox & Gordon's Celebrated Hams and Bacon.

206 WEST MAIN PHONES 510 SEDALIA, MO

SEDALIA DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Democrat Established 1868. Vol. XL. Sentinel Established 1880. Vol. XXVII. Consolidated 1907.

TWO PARTS—SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1909—PART TWO.

VOL. 3. NO. 54. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

INAUGURATION ADDRESS

PRESIDENT WILLIAM H. TAFT DELIVERED IT THIS AFTERNOON.

PAYS HIS PREDECESSOR WARM TRIBUTE

Will Maintain and Enforce the Roosevelt Reforms—Extra Session of Congress March 15 for Tariff Revision.

Washington, March 4.—President Taft's inaugural address, delivered after he had taken the oath of office, was as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: Any one who takes the oath I have just taken must feel a heavy weight of responsibility. If not, he has no conception of the powers and duties of the office upon which he is about to enter, or he is lacking in a proper sense of the obligation which the oath imposes.

The office of an inaugural address is to give a summary outline of the main policies of the new administration, so far as they can be anticipated. I have had the honor to be one of the advisers of my distinguished predecessor, and as such, to hold up his hands in the reforms he has initiated. I should be untrue to myself, to my promises and to the declarations of the party platform upon which I am elected to office, if I did not make the maintenance and enforcement of those reforms a most important feature of my administration. They were directed to the suppression of the lawlessness and abuses of power of the great combinations of capital invested in railroads and in industrial enterprises carrying on interstate commerce. The steps which my predecessor took and the legislation passed on his recommendation have accomplished much, have caused a general halt in the vicious policies which created popular alarm, and have brought about in the business affected, a much higher regard for existing law.

To render the reforms lasting, however, and to secure at the same time freedom from alarm on the part of those pursuing proper and progressive business methods, further legislative and executive action are needed. Relief of the railroads from certain restrictions of the anti-trust law have been urged by my predecessor and will be urged by me. On the other hand, the administration is pledged to legislation looking to a proper federal supervision and restriction to prevent excessive issues of bonds and stocks by companies owning and operating interstate commerce railroads.

Then, too, a reorganization of the department of justice, of the bureau of corporations in the department of commerce and labor, and of the interstate commerce commission, looking to effective co-operation of these agencies, is needed to secure a more rapid and certain enforcement of the laws affecting interstate railroads and industrial combinations.

I hope to be able to submit, at the first regular session of the incoming congress, in December next, definite suggestions in respect to the needed amendments to the anti-trust and the interstate commerce law, and the changes required in the executive departments concerned in their enforcement.

It is believed that with the changes to be recommended, American business can be assured of that measure of stability and certainty in respect to those things that may be done and those that are prohibited, which is essential to the life and growth of all business. Such a plan must include the right of the people to avail themselves of those methods of combining capital and effort deemed necessary to reach the highest degree of economic efficiency, at the same time differentiating between combinations based upon legitimate economic reasons and those formed with the intent of creating monopolies and artificially controlling prices.

The work of formulating into practical shape such changes is creative work of the highest order, and requires all the deliberation possible in the interval. I believe that the amendments to be proposed are just as necessary in the protection of legitimate business as in the clinching of the reforms which properly bear the name of my predecessor.

Extra Session for March 15.

A matter of most pressing importance is the revision of the tariff. In accordance with the promises of the platform upon which I was edected, I shall call congress into extra session, to meet on the fifteenth day of March, in order that consideration may be at once given to a bill revising the Dingley act. This should secure an adequate revenue and adjust the duties in such a manner as to afford to labor and to all industries in this country, whether of the farm, mine or factory, protection by tariff equal to the difference between the cost of production abroad and the cost of production here, and have a provision which shall put into force, upon executive determination of certain facts, a higher or maximum tariff against those countries whose trade policy toward us equitably requires such discrimination. It is thought that there has been such a change in conditions since the enactment of the Dingley act, drafted on a similarly protective principle, that the measure of the tariff above stated will permit the reduction of rates in certain schedules and will require the advancement of few, if any.

The proposal to revise the tariff made in such an authoritative way as to lead the business community to count upon it, necessarily halts all those branches of business directly affected, and as these are most important, it disturbs the whole business of the country. It is imperatively necessary, therefore, that a tariff bill be drawn in good faith in accordance with promises made before the election by the party in power, and as promptly passed as due consideration will permit. It is not that the tariff is more important in the long run than the perfecting of the reforms in respect to anti-trust legislation and interstate commerce regulation, but the need for action when the revision of the tariff has been determined upon, is more immediate to avoid embarrassment of business. To secure the needed speed in the passage of the tariff bill, it would seem wise to attempt no other legislation at the extra session. I venture this as a suggestion only, for the course to be taken by congress, upon the call of the executive, is wholly within its discretion.

For Graduated Inheritance Tax.

In the making of a tariff bill, the prime motive is taxation, and the securing thereby of a revenue. Due largely to the business depression which followed the financial panic of 1907, the revenue from customs and other sources has decreased to such an extent that the expenditures for the current fiscal year will exceed the receipts by $100,000,000. It is imperative that such a deficit shall not continue, and the framers of the tariff bill must of course have in mind the total revenues likely to be produced by it, and so arrange the duties as to secure an adequate income. Should it be impossible to do so by import duties, new kinds of taxation must be adopted, and among these I recommend a graduated inheritance tax, as correct in principle and as certain and easy of collection.

The obligation on the part of those responsible for the expenditures made to carry on the government, to be as economical as possible, and to make the burden of taxation as light as possible, is plain and should be affirmed in every declaration of government policy. This is especially true when we are face to face with a heavy deficit. But when the desire to win the popular approval leads to the cutting off of expenditures really needed to make the government effective, and to enable it to accomplish its proper objects, the result is as much to be condemned as the waste of government funds in unnecessary expenditure. The scope of a modern government in what it can and ought to accomplish for its people has been widened far beyond the principles laid down by the old laissez faire school of political writers, and this widening has met popular approval.

In the department of agriculture, the use of scientific experiments on a large scale, and the spread of information derived from them for the improvement of general agriculture, must go on.

The importance of supervising business of great railways and industrial combinations, and the necessary investigation and prosecution of unlawful business methods, are another necessary tax upon government which did not exist half a century ago.

Necessary Expenditures.

The putting into force of laws which shall secure the conservation of our resources, so far as they may be within the jurisdiction of the federal government, including the most important work of saving and restoring our forests, and the general improvement of waterways, are all proper government functions which must involve large expenditure if properly performed. While some of them, like the reclamation of arid lands, are made to pay for themselves, others are of such an indirect benefit that this cannot be expected of them. A permanent improvement, like the Panama canal, should be treated as a distinct enterprise, and should be paid for by the proceeds of bonds, the issue of which will distribute its cost between the present and future generations in accordance with the benefits derived. It may well be submitted to the serious consideration of congress whether the deepening and control of the channel of a great river system, like that of the Ohio or of the Mississippi, when definite and practical plans for the enterprise have been approved and determined upon, should not be provided for in the same way.

Then, too, there are expenditures of government absolutely necessary if our country is to maintain its proper place among the nations of the world, and is to exercise its proper influence in defense of its own trade interests, in the maintenance of traditional American policy against the colonization of European monarchies in this hemisphere, and in the promotion of peace and international morality. I refer to the cost of maintaining a proper army, a proper navy and suitable fortifications upon the mainland of the United States and in its dependencies.

BILL ASSUMES THE BURDEN



We should have an army so organized, and so officered, as to be capable in time of emergency, in co-operation with the national militia, and under the provisions of a proper national volunteer law, rapidly to expand into a force sufficient to resist all probable invasion from abroad and to furnish a respectable expeditionary force, if necessary, in the maintenance of our traditional American policy which bears the name of President Monroe.

Calls for Strong Army and Navy.

Our fortifications are yet in a state of only partial completeness and the number of men to man them is insufficient. In a few years, however, the usual annual appropriations for our coast defenses both on the mainland and in the dependencies, will make them sufficient to resist all direct attack, and by that time we may hope that the men to man them will be provided as a necessary adjunct. The distance of our shores from Europe and Asia of course reduces the necessity for maintaining under arms a great army, but it does not take away the requirement of mere prudence, that we should have an army sufficiently large and so constituted as to form a nucleus out of which a suitable force can quickly grow.

What has been said of the army may be affirmed in even a more emphatic way of the navy. A modern navy cannot be improvised. It must be built and in existence when the emergency arises which calls for its use and operation. My distinguished predecessor has in many speeches and messages set out with great force and striking language the necessity for maintaining a strong navy commensurate with the coast line, the governmental resources and the foreign trade of our nation; and I wish to reiterate all the reasons which he has presented in favor of the policy of maintaining a strong navy as the best conservator of our peace with other nations and the best means of securing respect for the assertion of our rights, the defense of our interests and the exercise of our influence in international matters.

Our international policy is always to promote peace. We shall enter into any war with a full consciousness of the awful consequences that it always entails, whether successful or not, and we, of course, shall make every effort, consistent with national honor and the highest national interest, to avoid a resort to arms. We favor every instrumentality, like that of The Hague tribunal and arbitration treaties made with a view to its use in all international controversies, in order to maintain peace and to avoid war. But we should be blind to existing conditions, and should allow ourselves to become foolish idealists, if we did not realize that with all the nations of the world armed and prepared for war, we must be ourselves in a similar condition, in order to prevent other nations from taking advantage of us and of our inability to defend our interests and assert our rights with a strong hand. In the international controversies that are likely to arise in the orient, growing out of the question of the open door and other issues, the United States can maintain her interests intact and can secure respect for her just demands. She will not be able to do so, however, if it is understood that she never intends to back up her assertion of right and her defense of her interest by anything but mere verbal protest and diplomatic note. For these reasons, the expenses of the army and navy and of coast defenses should always be considered as something which the government must pay for, and they should not be cut off through mere consideration of economy. Our government is able to afford a suitable army and a suitable navy. It may maintain them without the slightest danger to the republic or the cause of free institutions, and fear of additional taxation ought not to change a proper policy in this regard.

The policy of the United States in the Spanish war, and since, has given it a position of influence among the nations that it never had before, and should be constantly exerted to securing to its bona fide citizens, whether native or naturalized, respect for them as such in foreign countries. We should make every effort to prevent humiliating and degrading prohibition against any of our citizens wishing temporarily to sojourn in foreign countries, because of race or religion.

Defect in Federal Jurisdiction.

The admission of Asiatic immigrants who can not be amalgamated with our population has been made the subject either of prohibitory clauses in our treaties and statutes, or of strict administrative regulation secured by diplomatic negotiation. I earnestly hope that we may continue to minimize the evils likely to arise from such immigration without unnecessary friction and by mutual concessions between self-respecting governments. Meantime, we must take every precaution to prevent, or, failing that, to punish outbursts of race feeling among our people against foreigners of whatever nationality who have by our grant a treaty right to pursue lawful business here and to be protected against lawless assault or injury.

This leads me to point out a serious defect in the present federal jurisdiction which ought to be remedied at once. Having assured to other countries by treaty the protection of our laws for such of their subjects or citizens as we permit to come within our jurisdiction, we now leave to a state or a city, not under the control of the federal government, a duty of performing our international obligations in this respect. By proper legislation we may, and ought to, place in the hands of the federal executive the means of enforcing the treaty rights of such aliens in the courts of the federal government. It puts our government in a pusillanimous position to make definite engagements to protect aliens and then to excuse the failure to perform those engagements by an explanation that the duty to keep them is in states or cities, not within our control. If we would promise, we must put ourselves in a position to perform our promise. We cannot permit the possible failure of justice due to local prejudice in any state or municipal government to expose us to the risk of a war which might be avoided if federal jurisdiction was asserted by suitable legislation by congress and carried out by proper proceedings instituted by the executive, in the courts of the national government.

Monetary and Banking Laws.

One of the reforms to be carried out during the incoming administration is a change of our monetary and banking laws, so as to secure greater elasticity in the forms of currency available for trade, and to prevent the limitations of law from operating to increase the embarrassments of a financial panic. The monetary commission lately appointed is giving full consideration to existing conditions and to all proposed remedies, and will doubtless suggest one that will meet the requirements of business and of public interest. We may hope that the report will embody neither the narrow view of those who believe that the sole purpose of the new system should be to secure a large return on banking capital or of those who would have greater expansion of currency with little regard to provisions for its immediate redemption or ultimate security. There is no subject of economic discussion so intricate and so likely to evoke differing views and dogmatic statements as this one. The commission in studying the general influence of currency on business and of business on currency, have wisely extended their investigation in European banking and monetary methods.

Urges Postal Savings Banks.

The incoming congress should promptly fulfill the promise of the Republican platform and pass a proper postal savings bank bill. It will not be unwise or excessive paternalism. The promise to repay by the government will furnish an inducement to savings deposits which private enterprise cannot supply, and at such a low rate of interest as not to withdraw custom from existing banks. It will substantially increase the funds available for investment as capital in useful enterprises. It will furnish the absolute security which makes the proposed scheme of government guaranty of deposits so alluring without its pernicious results.

I sincerely hope that the incoming congress will be alive, as it should be, to the importance of our foreign trade and of encouraging it in every way feasible. The possibility of increasing this trade in the orient, in the Philippines and in South America are known to everyone who has given the matter attention. The direct effect of free trade between this country and the Philippines will be marked upon our sale of cottons, agricultural machinery and other manufactures. The necessity of the establishment of direct lines of steamers between North and South America has been brought to the attention of congress by my predecessor, and by Mr. Root before and after his noteworthy visit to that continent, and I sincerely hope that congress may be induced to see the wisdom of a tentative effort to establish such lines by the use of mail subsidies.

The importance which the department of agriculture and of commerce and labor may play in ridding the markets of Europe of prohibitions and discriminations against the importation of our products is fully understood, and it is hoped that the use of the maximum and minimum feature of our tariff law to be soon passed will be effective to remove many of those restrictions.

The Panama Canal.

The Panama canal will have a most important bearing upon the trade between the eastern and the far western sections of our country, and will greatly increase the facilities for transportation between the eastern and western seaboard, and may possibly revolutionize the transcontinental rates with respect to bulky merchandise. It will also have a most beneficial effect to increase the trade between the eastern seaboard of the United States and the western coast of South America, and, indeed, with some of the important ports on the east coast of South America reached by rail from the west coast. The work on the canal is making most satisfactory progress. The type of the canal as a lock canal was fixed by congress after a full consideration of the conflicting reports of the majority and minority of the consulting board, and after the recommendation of the war department and the executive upon those reports. Recent suggestion that something had occurred on the isthmus to make the lock type of the canal less feasible than it was supposed to be when the reports were made and the policy determined on, led to a visit to the isthmus of a board of competent engineers to examine the Gatun dam and locks which are the key of the lock type. The report of that board shows that nothing has occurred in the nature of newly revealed evidence which should change the views once formed in the original discussion. The construction will go on under a most effective organization controlled by Col. Goethals and his fellow army engineers associated with him, and will certainly be completed early in the next administration, if not before.

Some type of canal must be constructed. The lock type has been selected. We are all in favor of having it built as promptly as possible. We must not now, therefore, keep up a fire in the rear of the agents whom we have authorized to do our work on the isthmus. We must hold up their hands, and speaking for the incoming administration, I wish to say that I propose to devote all the energy possible and under my control, to the pushing of this work on the plans which have been adopted, and to stand behind the men who are doing faithful hard work to bring about the early completion of this, the greatest constructive enterprise of modern times.

The governments of our dependencies in Porto Rico and the Philippines are progressing as favorably as could be desired. The prosperity of Porto Rico continues unabated. The business conditions in the Philippines are not all that we could wish them to be, but with the passage of the new tariff bill permitting free trade between the United States and the archipelago, with such limitations in sugar and tobacco as shall prevent injury to the domestic interests on those products, we can count on an improvement in business conditions in the Philippines and the development of a mutually profitable trade between this country and the islands. Meantime our government in each dependency is upholding the traditions of civil liberty and increasing popular control which might be expected under American auspices. The work which we are doing there redounds to our credit as a nation.

Cites Progress of Negroes.

I look forward with hope to increasing the already good feeling between the south and the other sections of the country. My chief purpose is not to effect a change in the electoral vote of the southern states. That is a secondary consideration. What I look forward to is an increase in the tolerance of political views of all kinds and their advocacy throughout the south, and the existence of a respectable political opposition in every state; even more than this, to an increased feeling on the part of all the people in the south that this government is their government, and that its officers in their states are their officers.

The consideration of this question cannot, however, be complete and full without reference to the negro race, its progress and its present condition. The 13th amendment secured them freedom; the 14th amendment due process of law, protection of property and the pursuit of happiness; and the 15th amendment attempted to secure the negro against any deprivation of the priviliege to vote, because he was a negro. The 13th and 14th amendments have been generally enforced and have secured the objects for which they were intended. While the 15th amendment has not been generally observed in the past, it ought to be observed, and the tendency of southern legislation to-day is toward the enactment of electoral qualifications which shall square with that amendment. Of course, the mere adoption of a constitutional law is only one step in the right direction. It must be fairly and justly enforced as well. In time both will come. Hence it is clear to all that the domination of an ignorant, irresponsible element can be prevented by constitutional laws which shall exclude from voting both negroes and whites not having education or other qualifications thought to be necessary for a proper electorate. The danger of the control of an ignorant electorate has therefore passed. With this change, the interest which many of the southern white citizens take in the welfare of the negroes has increased. The colored man must base their hope on the results of their own industry, self-restraint, thrift and business success, as well as upon the aid and comfort and sympathy which they may receive from their white neighbors of the south. There was a time when northerners who sympathized with the negro in his necessary struggle for better conditions sought to give to him the suffrage as a protection, and to enforce its exercise against the prevailing sentiment of the south. The movement proved to be a failure. What remains is the 15th amendment to the constitution and the right to have statutes of states specifying qualifications for electors subjected to the test of compliance with that amendment. This is a great protection to the negro. It will never be repealed, and it never ought to be repealed. If it had not been passsed, it might be difficult now to adopt it; but with it in our fundamental law, the policy of southern legislation must and will tend to obey it, and so long as the statutes of the states meet the test of this amendment and are not otherwise in conflict with the constitution and laws of the United States, it is not the disposition or within the province of the federal government to interfere with the regulation by southern states of their domestic affairs. There is in the south a stronger feeling than ever among the intelligent, well-to-do and influential element in favor of the industrial education of the negro and the encouragement of the race to make themselves useful members of the community. The progress which the negro has made in the last 50 years from slavery, when its statistics are reviewed, is marvelous, and it furnishes every reason to hope that in the next 25 years a still greater improvement in his condition as a productive member of society, on the farm, and in the shop and in other occupations, may come. The negroes are now Americans. Their ancestors came here years ago against their will, and this is their only country and their only flag. They have shown themselves anxious to live for it and willing to die for it. Encountering the race feeling against them, subjected at times to cruel injustice growing out of it, they may well have our profound sympathy and aid in the struggle they are making. We are charged with the sacred duty of making their path as smooth and easy as we can. Any recognition of their distinguished men, any appointment to office from among their number, is properly taken as an encouragement, and an appreciation of their progress, and this just policy shall be pursued.

Sees Era of Better Feeling.

But it may well admit of doubt whether, in the case of any race, an appointment of one of their number to a local office in a community in which the race feeling is so widespread and acute as to interfere with the ease and facility with which the local government business can be done by the appointee, is of sufficient benefit by way of encouragement to the race to outweigh the recurrence and increase of race feeling with such an appointment is likely to engender. Therefore, the executive, in recognizing the negro race by appointments, must exercise a careful discretion not thereby to do it more harm than good. On the other hand we must be careful not to encourage the mere pretense of race feeling manufactured in the interest of individual political ambitions.

Personally I have not the slightest race prejudice or feeling, and recognition of its existence only awakens in my heart a deeper sympathy for those who have to bear it or suffer from it, and I question the wisdom of a policy which is likely to increase it. Meantime, if nothing is done to prevent, a better feeling between the negroes and the whites in the south will continue to grow, and more and more of the white people will come to realize that the future of the south is to be much benefited by the industrial and intellectual progress of the negro. The exercise of political franchises by those of his race who are intelligent and well-to-do will be acquiesced in, and the right to vote will be withheld only from the ignorant and irresponsible of both races.

Labor Legislation.

There is one other matter to which I shall refer. It was made the subject of great controversy during the election, and calls for at least a passing reference now. My distinguished predecessor has given much attention to the cause of labor, with whose struggle for better things he has shown the sincerest sympathy. At his instance, congress has passed the bill fixing the liability of interstate carriers to their employes for injury sustained in the course of employment, abolishing the rule of fellow-servant and the common law rule as to contributory negligence. It has also passed a law fixing the compensation of government employes for injuries sustained in the employ of the government through the negligence of the superior. It also passed a model child labor law for the District of Columbia. In previous administrations an arbitrary law for interstate commerce railroads and their employes, and laws for the application of safety devices to save the lives and limbs of employes of interstate railroads had been passed. Additional legislation of this kind was passed by the outgoing congress.

I wish to say that in so far as I

(Continued on Page 2)

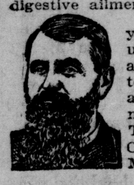
Keep Baby Healthy; Free

No child can be well and strong unless its bowels move regularly every day at the same hour. Such regularity promotes good health. One passage is absolutely necessary, while two are not too many.

There is one remedy that is especially adapted to the needs of children, and which thousands of American mothers are using today, and that is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the great herb laxative compound. Its gentle action, so free from griping, its tonic effects, and its perfect purity, vouched for to the United States Government, makes it an ideal children's laxative tonic.

Mrs. M. F. Cash, of Webb, Okla., is an old-time friend of this wonderful child's remedy and she says she could scarcely keep house without it. She became acquainted with it through Dr. Caldwell's offer of a free trial bottle, which she found so effective on her baby that she now always keeps it in the house. Mrs. K. L. Stout, of Louisville, Ky., also first used it in a free sample, then bought it of her druggist at the regular price, which is only 50 cents or $1 a bottle. It gave her little girl a splendid appetite and a vigorous stomach. Where Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin once finds its way into the home it makes a life-long friend. They soon discard salts, pills and powders.

Those who have never yet used Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin should begin to do so, for they are missing a valuable household friend. In order to acquaint you with its merits at no expense to yourself the doctor will send you a free test bottle on receipt of name and address. It has been justly called the nation's safeguard to health in the cure of constipation, dyspepsia, heartburn, liver trouble, sick headache, sour stomach and similar digestive ailments.



If there is anything about your ailment that you don't understand, or if you want any medical advice, write to the doctor, and he will answer you fully. There is no charge for this service. The address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 509 Caldwell bldg., Monticello, Ill.

W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

INAUGURATION ADDRESS

(Continued from Page 1.)

can, I hope to promote the enactment of further legislation of this character. I am strongly convinced that the government should make itself as responsible to employes injured in its employ as an interstate railway corporation is made responsible by federal law to its employes; and I shall be glad, whenever any additional reasonable safety device can be invented to reduce the loss of life and limb among railway employes, to urge congress to require its adoption by interstate railways.

Federal Injunctions Upheld.

Another labor question has arisen which has awakened the most excited discussion. That is in respect to the power of the federal courts to issue injunctions in industrial disputes. As to that, my convictions are fixed. Take away from the courts, if it could be taken away, the power to issue injunctions in labor disputes, and it would create a privileged class among the laborers and save the lawless among their number from a most needful remedy available to all men for the protection of their business against lawless invasion. The proposition that business is not a property or pecuniary right which can be protected by equitable injunction is utterly without foundation in precedent or reason. The proposition is usually linked with one to make the secondary boycott lawful. Such a proposition is at variance with the American instinct and will find no support in my judgment when submitted to the American people. The secondary boycott is an instrument of tyranny, and ought not to be made legitimate.

The issuing of a temporary restraining order without notice has in several instances been abused by its inconsiderate exercise, and to remedy this, the platform upon which I was elected recommends the formulation in a statute of the conditions under which such a temporary restraining order ought to issue. A statute can and ought to be framed to embody the best modern practice, and can bring the subject so closely to the attention of the court as to make abuses of the process unlikely in the future. American people, if I understand them, insist that the authority of the courts shall be sustained and are opposed to any change in the procedure by which the powers of a court may be weakened and the fearless and effective administration of justice be interfered with.

Having thus reviewed the questions likely to recur during my administration, and having expressed in a summary way the position which I expect to take in recommendations to congress and in my conduct as an executive, I invoke the considerate sympathy and support of my fellow citizens, and the aid of Almighty God in the discharge of my responsible duties.

TOTAL OF SALE, $15,450

THAT OF THE PETTY BROTHERS AT THEIR FARM WEST OF THE CITY.

WAS EXCLUSIVE JACK AND JENNET SALE

Twenty-Two Jacks Sold for $11,780 and Fifteen Jennets Sold for $1,755—Those Who Made the Many Purchases.

Petty Bros. first exclusive jack and jennet sale, held Wednesday on their farm west of the city limits, was a most flattering success in every particular, and the young proprietors at the close had the hearty congratulations of all the large crowd who attended.

Between two and three hundred stock and jack men who returned on the special train Tuesday evening from attending the Monsees sale remained over and attended the Petty sale, free transportation being furnished by the proprietors.

When the sale was opened in the large tent used, every seat was occupied by a jack man, each closely examining the catalogues of the sale. From start to finish the bidding was spirited, and splendid prices were realized, making the sale a good second to the Monsees sale of the day previous.

Altogether twenty-two jacks were sold for $11,780, or an average of $535.50. Considering the fact that the sale included a number of young animals the result was most encouraging.

Fifteen jennets sold brought $1,755, or an average of $117. An imported Percheron stallion sold for $1,235, and "Marion," a black imported German coach stallion, sold for $680, bringing the total receipts of the sale up to $15,450.

The jennets were sold first, before dinner, and went for the following prices:

Clever Belle, sold to A. C. Petty, Arcola, Mo., for $160.

Liberty Belle went to W. A. Terry, Cave City, Kas., for $145.

American girl also sold to A. C. Petty, Arcola, Mo., for $125.

Leone Lady went to J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., for $70

Spanish Girl went to P. Coffman, Savannah, Mo., for $110.

Charleston Maid went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo., for $100.

Liberty Beck went to L. M. Monsees for $100.

Lady Walker went to J. R. Hampton, Sedalia, for $60.

Miss Jumbo went to G. E. Norwood, Nelson, Mo., for $75.

Del Smock (937), after much spirited bidding, went to J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., for $230.

Bet (398) went to W. M. Olive, Rich Hill, Mo., for $105.

Belle of Nelson III went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo., for $130.

Lady Summers III went to R. J. Butts, Altus, Ark., for $95.

Florida II went to W. H. Powell, Higginsville, Mo., for $150.

Clever Belle II went to L. M. Monsees for $100.

When the crowd had been seated after dinner in the amphitheater prominent in the audience were Col. J. L. Jones, of Columbia, Tenn.; L. M. Monsees, of Limestone Valley farm; Col. John G. Callison, of Windsor; Luke Emerson, of Bowling Green; Mr. Finley, of Higginsville, and many other prominent jack men of this and other states, who were there to assist in making the sale a success, and their kind words at times prompted close competition in bidding.

After Col. Jones had delivered a short but most interesting talk on the jack and mule, the jack sale proper was opened, the following being the prices obtained:

Joseph Folk 2032, black jack with white points, 3 years old, was one of the most closely contested animals in the ring, but was finally secured by Wesley Cornine, of rural route No. 3, Nelson, for $1,225, and the same bidder secured Callaway Boy 2165, for $1,105.

Fair View Boy 2029, black with white points, 5 years old, was in great demand and after close bidding was secured by Neil Bros., St. Johns, Kas., for $1,300.

Bert Hackley 2026, black with white points, 3 years old, was secured by H. A. Johnson, Red Cloud, Neb., for $900.

George, 2028, black with white points, 4 years old, was sold to C. A. Jay, Nelson, Neb., for $825.

McElroy 606, black with white points, went to Monroe Cook, of California, Mo., for $650.

Mammoth, Jr., black with white points, after much spirited bidding, went to W. E. Parsons, Carson, Mo., for $715.

Albert 2027, black with white points, 4 years old, went to D. E. Winton, Bemis, N. M., for $725.

Petty's King, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Claude White, of Franklin, Mo., for $400.

Sedalia Boy 2025, black, 3 years old, went to W. E. Parsons, Carso, Mo., for $655.

Major, black with white points, 3 years old, was another animal in demand, but after close competition, was secured by A. C. Henderson, of rural route No. 5, Sedalia, for $525.

Liberty Jumbo, black with white points, a yearling colt, was picked up by Luke Emerson, of Bowling Green, Mo., for $450.

Monarch, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Herman Wemper, Moqua, Ill., for $455.

John H., 4 years old, was secured by Neil Bros., also, for $350.

Buffalo Bill 2124, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Guy Warren, Sedalia, for $285.

Esperanto, black with white points, was secured by Wesley Cornine, of rural route No. 3, Nelson, for $215, it being his third purchase.

Jumbola, black, 2 years old, went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo., for $240.

Judge Nick Bradley, of Warrensburg, secured Sampson, a yearling black, for 205, and the same gentleman got Jumbo S., another yearling black, for $150.

February, a black yearling, was secured by L. M. Monsees for $130.

Dictator, brown with light points, went to D. E. Hunter, Sabina, N. M., for $80.

Brookshire, black with white points, went to Monroe Cook, California, Mo., for $195.

Col. R. L. Harriman, of Buncoton; Col. James Sparks, of Marshall; Cols. C. J and Kemp Hieronymus, of Sedalia, and Col. Charles Henry, of Mora, conducted the sale, while John Petty looked after the books.

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Sedalia Citizen.

Is your back lame and painful?

Does it ache, especially after exertion?

Is there a soreness in the kidney region?

The symptoms indicate weak kidneys.

There is danger in delay.

Weak kidneys fast get weaker.

Give your trouble prompt attention

Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly.

They strengthen weak kidneys.

Read this Sedalia testimony:

Mrs. L. E. Killian, 504 East Second street, Sedalia, Mo., says: "For years my kidneys were disordered and an excess of uric poison in my system caused pain in my back and a stiffness in my joints. My general health was far from good, and I was unable to derive any benefit from the various remedies I used. When I read about Doan's Kidney Pills I procured a box from Bard's drug store, and soon felt better. I can truthfully recommend Doan's Kidney Pills in return for what they have done for me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Tribe of Ben Hur Meeting.

Fourteen applications were balloted on and the following were initiated at last night's meeting of Sedalia court No. 39, Tribe of Ben Hur. Mr. and Mrs. J. E. O'Bannon, Mrs. K. Raymond Barnum, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Curnutt, Mr and Mrs. E. H. Allen, Mrs. Phoebe Shrike, A. H. Kemp and J. H. Wallace.

R. L. Sweringen wants your order for "S" and Vigoral flour.

Will Give Two Recitals.

Miss Lucile McVey went to Warsaw this morning to give a recital tonight, and tomorrow night will give a recital at Lincoln.

Garden and Flower Seed, the best by test. Ask your neighbor. 1c. per package at Ramsey's Sixth and Ohio.

Call for Little Squaw Cigars—5c.

Ed Carl guarantees "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

Ask Your Neighbors



So many people scattered all over the American Continent have been cured by Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines that there's scarcely a hamlet where some of these grateful people are not to be easily found—ever ready to say a good word for the medicines which cured them and which very likely may cure you, if similarly afflicted. Look them up. They are walking advertisements for Dr. Pierce's medicines—ever ready to pass the good news along that these medicines *cure* when many others fail. Little advertised NOW, because their record of 40 years of cures makes great displays of their merits unnecessary. The great American *people* pretty generally know of their unequaled record.

As a Stomach and Liver invigorator, and Blood cleanser

"GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY"

IS PAR EXCELLENCE THE REMEDY NEEDED.

For Woman's Peculiar Weaknesses and Derangements,

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

Still Stands at the Head of the Line.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.



Get the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser by R.V. Pierce, M. D.,—the People's Schoolmaster in Medicine—revised and up-to-date book of 1000 pages—which treats of diseased conditions and the practical and successful treatment thereof. Cloth-bound sent post-paid on receipt of 31 cents in one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*, in strong paper covers for 21 stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

MEDAL FOR HEROIC GIRL

Mary McCann Saved Nine Children in General Slocum Disaster.

Washington, March 4.—The heroism of a little girl in saving the lives of nine children will be recognized at the capitol March 18, when a gold life saving medal will be presented to Miss Mary McCann, about to be graduated from the Florence Crittenden Training School of Washington.

The presentation ceremonies will take place in the speaker's room, and the speaker, the vice president of the United States, and Representative Goulden, of New York, will be present.

It was nearly five years ago that Miss McCann, then only a little girl, distinguished herself. She was convalescing from scarlet fever on North Brothers' Island, N. Y., June 15, 1904, near the place of the destruction of the steamer General Slocum.

The river was filled with human beings, and little Mary McCann, disregarding her own illness, waded into the water and rescued nine children.

Woods' Liver Medicine is a liver regulator which brings quick relief to sick headache, constipation, biliousness and other symptoms of liver disorders. Particularly recommended for jaundice, chills, fever, malaria. The $1 size contains two and one-half times as much as the 50c size. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Little Buell Was "At Home."

Buell, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rowlette, was "at home" to twelve of his little friends Wednesday afternoon. The time was spent in games and music. The prize, a book, was won by Mabel Harriman for cutting the Brownie down. Refreshments were served, and all had a delightful time.

Brandt & Grote warrants "S" and Vigoral flour the best.

Must Serve His Sentence.

"Jack" Dwyer, who several weeks ago was given a one hundred days' jail sentence by Judge Gresham for vagrancy, and who was later given a stay to leave town, returned yesterday and was remanded to jail to serve out the sentence.

NOTHING ELSE LIKE IT

TREMENDOUS POPULARITY OF THE "VEGETABLE PRESCRIPTION" HERE IN SEDALIA.

IT RELIEVES EVEN CHRONIC CASES

Mix It at home—No Sufferer from Kidney or Bladder Trouble or Rheumatism Should Leave It Untried.

That the readers of this paper appreciate advice when given in good faith is plainly demonstrated by the fact that one well known local pharmacy supplied the ingredients for the "vegetable prescription" many times within the past two weeks. The announcement of this simple, harmless mixture has certainly accomplished much in reducing the great many cases of kidney complaint and rheumatism here, relieving pain and misery, especially among the older population, who are always suffering more or less with bladder and urinary troubles, backache and particularly rheumatism.

Another well known druggist asks us to continue the announcement of the prescription. It is doing so much real good here, he continues, that it would be a crime not to do so. It can not be repeated too often, and further states many cases of remarkable cures wrought.

The following is the prescription, of simple ingredients, making a harmless, inexpensive compound, which any person can prepare by shaking well in a bottle. Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Any first-class drug store will sell this small amount of each ingredient, and the dose for adults is one teaspoonful to be taken after each meal and again at bedtime. There is enough here to last for one week, if taken according to directions. Good results will be apparent from the first few doses.

Held for Criminal Court.

O. P. Arnold, a lineman, who was arrested Wednesday afternoon by Officers Robertson and Jackson, charged with stealing a suit case belonging to E. A. Dalton, another lineman, was held to criminal court in the sum of $500 by H. M. Gresham, sitting as ex-officio justice of the peace, at 5 o'clock last afternoon.

Frank Williams guarantees Big "S" and "Vigoral" flour.

TO BE SURE YOU ARE INSURED, PLACE YOUR POLICY WITH

Ed. J. Evans FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Sedalia, Mo.

321 OHIO ST. BELL PHONE 930.

OTTERVILLE ITEMS.

Otterville, Mo., March 3.

Mr. Archie Leach, of Clarksburg, spent from Saturday till Sunday with his parents.

S. J. Laws closed a successful term of school at Stony Point last Friday.

Miss Nell Wilkerson returned Sunday from a few days' visit with relatives at Clarksburg.

Dr. Howlett and wife were called to Slater last week to see their daughter, Mrs. H. A. Edwards, who is seriously ill of pneumonia.

Mr. George Burford and family started for Colorado Monday, to make that state their home.

Mrs. Ernest Halley, of Marysville, Kas., is visiting at Mr. Halley's, east of town.

F. J. Taylor visited his sister, Mrs. Sue Martin, Sunday, between trains.

Charles Leach was out of school a few days last week on account of la grippe.

Mrs. Maude Shoemaker and children, of Sedalia, visited her mother, Mrs. M. E. Small, from Friday till Sunday.

Frank Adams returned to Kansas City Sunday, after visiting home folks.

Mrs. Claggett, of Smithton, visited Mrs. 'Squire Brooks Sunday.

Rev. C. H. Harrell filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday, morning and evening.

Mrs. Bass and son, Ira, visited relatives in Sedalia a few days last week.

Mr. Tobe Potter was a passenger to Syracuse Sunday.

Lionel Yancey, of Montana, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Margaret Yancey.

Miss Sue Hockaday, of Sedalia, visited home folks the latter part of last week.

Mrs. M. E. Small went to Sedalia Sunday for an extended visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Spry went to Malta Bend Monday, where they will make their future home.

The candy bazaar given by the B. Y. P. U. Juniors Saturday afternoon was quite a success. They realized $6.80 from the sale of their candy.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Gardener and Miss Nannie Bryan, of near Clifton City, visited at J. H. Bryan's one day last week.

Quite a number are suffering from la grippe.

Hardware and tools, complete line, low prices and guaranteed goods, at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

WE ARE SHOWING 1909 SPRING SUITINGS.—LOEWER'S, TAILOR.

Closed Permanently.

The Daniels fountain at the Bruce pharmacy. Running full blast at Scotten's, Second and Ohio. Hot drinks, cold drinks, etc.—C. H. Daniels.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN DEAD

Herman Schnakenburg, Formerly of Lake Creek Township.

Mrs. H. H. Keuck received a telegram at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon apprising her of the death of her father, Herman Schnakenburg, at the Soldiers' home at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., yesterday morning.

Mr. Schnakenburg was 72 years old and had been an inmate of the institution for seven years. Death resulted from general debility. Besides Mrs. Keuck, deceased leaves two other daughters, Mrs. J. G. Wright and Mrs. Wesley Gobeil, both of Rosedale, Kas.

Deceased was born in Germany and came to America when 17 years old. For a long number of years he resided in Lake Creek township, Pettis county.

The New Catholic Church

Workmen are now ready to begin the plastering of the interior of the new church building of St. Patrick's Catholic church, on East Fourth street.

AFTER 55 YEARS OF ACTIVE SERVICE

among the sick people of the world, don't you think that **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters** is the medicine you need to restore your stomach and bowels to a normal condition and make you well again? **You ought to try it at once.**

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

has become the recognized leader among stomach remedies and is always reliable. **Try it for Headache, Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Colds, Grippe, Female Ills.**

Furniture Packed

10 years experience. See me before leaving. Prices right. BRERETON.

BELL 213.

See Our Full Spring **Turkish Stools**

18 in. Wide. 14 in. High.

In Chase Leather. **5.00**

Meier Upholstery

116 W. 2nd Phone 100.

COAL AND COKE

We have a large supply of all kinds of fuel on hand.

STANLEY COAL CO.

Office 315 Ohio St. Phone 26.

CANNED GOODS, SPECIAL SALE

10 Per Cent Discount in Dozen Lots

You can't make money any easier if you just stop and think how many canned goods you use. Probably 1 can per day, which means 2½ dozen per month. Try a dozen or case and see how convenient it is to have them in the house when you need them.

P. Brandt Grocer Co.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

It is a generally recognized truth that medicines made from vegetable ingredients are a great deal better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures and compounds. Mercury, potash, arsenic, etc., which are used in the manufacture of most blood medicines, are too violent in their action, and frequently derange the system by disturbing the stomach and digestion, affecting the bowels, and when used for a prolonged period often cause Rheumatism. S. S. S. is the only blood medicine guaranteed absolutely and purely vegetable. It is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, selected for their purifying and healing qualities. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, and all other blood diseases, because it cleanses and purifies the blood, and at the same time builds up the entire system by its fine vegetable tonic effects. S. S. S. may be taken by young and old with absolute safety, and with the assurance that it will cure the diseases and disorders due to an impure and poisoned blood supply, even reaching down and removing hereditary taints. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



VEGETABLES RAISED FROM BROWN SEED CO.'S SEEDS as well as flowers, always give the best results. We have a splendid variety of garden and flower seeds that have been selected with great care, and that will produce a crop that can't be beaten for luxuriant foliage, flowers or vegetables. Time to plant your garden now for early vegetables.

Special prices on Sheep Guano Fertilizer.

BROWN SEED CO.

R. W. TYREE, Prop. 310-312 W. Second Street

Bell Phone 869, Home Phone 455

THE MK AND T
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway.

One Way Colonist Rates

To California and the Northwest, via the "Katy," the true Southern route to California. Through Pullman service. No danger of snow blockades. Tickets on sale March 1st to April 30th, 1909—$26.90 to Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco and other main line California points. Call either Bell or Home phone No. 257.

C. M. JACOBS,
Ticket Agent M., K. & T.

We Sell and Buy
HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP
On Commission
AT
Kansas City Stock Yards

If you want intelligent and faithful service by experienced men in the business, who will help you enrich your bank account, Give Us Your Business. Ship to us. Let us buy your stockers and breeders. Write to us for market reports. Both phones.

CAMPBELL BROS. & ROSSON
Live Stock Commission Co.

Established 1878.
B. C. Christopher & Co
Grain Commission
816-17 Board of Trade Building, Kansas City, Mo.
WHEAT, CORN, OATS AND PROVISIONS.
Members Kansas City and Chicago Boards of Trade—PrivateWires in All Markets
ASSIGNMENTS GIVEN SPECIAL ATTENTION.
Ask for Our Daily Market Letter.
Long Distance Phones. Bell and Home, 13, Main.

P. H. Sangree Jno. D. Bohling
Sangree & Bohling
Lawyers
OFFICE 309 OHIO STREET
(Second Floor)
Phone 428 Sedalia, Mo.

THE LANDMANN Abstract & Title Co.
Successors to Landmann Bros.
Abstracts of Title, Real Estate Loans, Rental Agency and Notary Public.
ROOMS 4 and 5—FIRST FLOOR
Porter - Montgomery Building, 114 West Fourth Street. Both Phones 56

Jno. Montgomery, Jr.
Lee Montgomery.
MONTGOMERY & MONTGOMERY, LAWYERS
PORTER-MONTGOMERY BLDG.
14 W. h. 'Phone 325

Directors—
W. Murphy, E. Heffman, J.
M. Lodge, W. E. Andler, B. Staley.
SEDALIA UNDERTAKING CO.
Exclusive Undertakers
W. E. STALEY, Manager
120 Ohio Street
Both Phones 115

Classified Ads

WANTED

Flues cleaned, chimneys swept.—Cohen's 119 E. Main. Both phones.

Wanted—Ten or more loads black dirt. See C. L. Hanley, county collector's office.

Wanted—To rent modern cottage or unfurnished flat. Give location and terms. "H," this office.

Wanted—Old clothes, shoes and school books. Mrs. E. E. Cole, secretary Board of Charities.

Wanted—Good work horses, farm wagon, corn planters, brood sows and chickens. Call at 1018 South Grand.

Wanted—Clothes to press, dry clean and repair. The Owl Tailoring Co., 116 West Third. Bell phone 361.

Wanted—100 tons of tomatoes to be delivered this coming summer. For Particulars inquire at Democrat-Sentinel office.

Wanted—To rent four or five room flat, unfurnished; must be modern; close in. Address lock box No. 46, Sedalia, Mo.

Wanted—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; close in; give full particulars. Address, "XYZ," care Democrat-Sentinel.

Wanted—Three furnished rooms for light house-keeping. Must be modern and in best residence section of city. Address C. H. Wigger, Huckins hotel.

Wanted—A 50-foot lot on Broadway between Ohio and Grand avenue; give location and best cash price; no agents. Address "S," care Democrat-Sentinel.

HELP WANTED—Female

Wanted—Competent white girl for general house-work. — Mrs. W. J. Maltby, 215 East Fifth.

Wanted—White girl for general housework. Apply 619 West Third or phone Beech 822.

Wanted at Once—Experienced lady stenographer. Address in own handwriting, giving references, experience, salary expected, etc. "Manufacturing," care Democrat-Sentinel.

PLEASANT VALLEY ITEMS.

Pleasant Valley, March 1.

Misses Armeda and Nora Garrett spent Sunday evening with Miss Josie Hodges.

Miss Lulu Bohon spent Saturday night with her cousins, Misses Stella and Ella Leiter, and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mowery.

Mr. and Mrs. Vollrath and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hodges.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leiter were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Dove Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bohon and two little children, Leo and Marvel, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Schneider and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Schneider were the guests of Mrs. Louella Mosby Sunday.

A. H. Garton spent Saturday night with Mr. and Mrs. George Mosby and family.

Mrs. George Eicholz, Mrs. Ben Dove and Uncle Patrick Foley are all on the sick list this week.

The debate at Pleasant Valley school house Friday night, last, was well attended. The question for discussion Friday night of this week is: "Resolved, That We Should Have Woman Suffrage." There will also be a fine literary program, which will close the debate for this season. Everyone is invited.

Mattie and Retta Anderson were the guests of Mrs. Louella Mosby Friday night.

Mrs. William Alcorn and children, Miss Gladys and Master Morey, of Parsons, Kas., are visiting Mrs. Alcorn's mother, Mrs. R. C., Anderson.

Mrs. W. R. Bohon and daughter, Miss Lulu, spent Monday evening with Mrs. George Eicholz.

Everett and Avery Mosby were the guests of their cousin, Fred Mosby, Friday night.

Misses Stella and Ella Leiter and little brother, Lonnie, visited their sister, Mrs. Ben Mowery, Sunday.

Miss Grace and Gertrude Reynolds had as their guests Saturday night Misses Josie Hodges, Beadie and Cora Wainscott and Messrs. Emmett Wainscott and Walter Wesloh.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Garrett spent Tuesday at the home of W. R. Bohon.

HEALTH AND VITALITY.

The great iron and tonic restorative for men and women, produces strength and vitality, builds up the system and renews the normal vigor. For sale by druggists or by mail, $1.00 per box, six boxes for $5.00. Williams Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O. For sale by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Furniture Stored, packed and shipped. Reasonable prices.—Sedalia Awning & Mattress Co. Phone 322.

Houston Transfer Company.
Household goods packed, shipped and stored. Large wagons and careful handling. All breakage guaranteed. Both phones 157.

"Little Squaw," a delightful cigar.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections, and RELIEVES in 24 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
MIDY
Sold by all druggists.

Highest prices paid for all kinds of household goods—bought and sold at 205 West Main street. Phone 933.
WM. ARENSON, Prop.

FOR SALE

For Sale—Brand new Fox typewriter in good condition. Apply at 322 East Fifth street.

For Sale—Modern cottage, 509 West Fourth street. Owner leaving city. Inquire on premises.

For Sale or Exchange—Property, 916 West Fifth street, for place farther out. Telephone 1946.

Sale or Trade—High grade Square Piano. Fine condition. Also Singer machine for sale. 110 East Sixth street

For Sale—Automatic sewing machine, practically new, worth $60; will sell for less than half. Call Bell phone 507.

For Sale—Cottage in excellent location. City water, bath, electric lights and gas. Address, W. B., care Democrat-Sentinel.

For Sale—Nine room house and two acres just west Liberty park on state fair drive; a bargain. Go see it and if interested call Bell phone 1563.

For Sale—Modern five room cottage (excep heat), laundry room, barn, wide lot. Also household goods. 822 West Fourth street. Inquire on premises.

For Sale—Modern two-story residence, 1100 West Fourth. Also lot facing Park, corner Third and Carr avenue. Best resirdence lot in Sedalia. —R. D. Marshall.

For Sale—A beautiful 8-room semi-modern, fine corner, 90 feet; good barn; west side; $3,000; worth $4,500. Terms given.—James Story, Sedalia Trust Co.

For Sale—All fixtures of Sedalia Drug Co., consisting of counters, show cases, shelving, soda fountain, light plant, etc.—C. C. Lawson, Trustee.

For Sale Cheap—Five passenger automobile, runabout and two delivery wagons—second-hand. Fisher Carriage & Wagon Works, 314 West Second street.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A first class high grade five passenger touring automobile, in good repair; will demonstrate.—Le Grande Automobile Garage, 406 South Osage.

THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RY.

Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets to the Southwest
VIA THE KATY.
ON SALE MARCH 2ND, GOOD 25 DAYS FOR RETURN. STOP-OVERS AT ANY POINT EN ROUTE. IMPROVE THIS OPPORTUNITY AND SECURE A HOME IN THIS WONDERFUL COUNTRY WHILE LAND IS CHEAP.
BOTH PHONES NO. 257.
A. C. MINER, T. P. A. C. M. JACOBS, P. & T. A.

FOR RENT

For Rent—Five room cottage, 308 Quincy street. Call phone 2161.

For Rent—Dexter flat of 4 rooms and bath, 109 East Second.

For Rent—Nice rooms, with or without board. 411 East Sixth street.

For Rent—Four room cottage, 236 South Stewart. Apply Henry Willis.

For Rent—Modern seven room house at 206 East Seventh. Home phone 83.

Nicely Furnished Rooms, with or without board. 116½ East Fifth street.

LOST

Lost—On railway tracks, two $5 bills tied in handkerchief. Return to this office for reward.

LAMINE ITEMS.

Lamine, March 2.

Rev. Reed filled his regular appointment at Lamine Sunday evening.

J. J. Ball made a business trip to Boonville Monday.

Harve Ellis made a business trip to Sedalia Friday.

Miss Ruth Potter spent Sunday with Miss Naomi Baker.

I. B. McMullin, of Lookout, was a business visitor in this neighborhood Thursday.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and daughters, Mrs. M. A. Veazey and daughter and Mrs. J. R. Ball spent Thursday with Mrs J. J. Ball and daughter.

Joseph Dewitt made a business visit at Green Ridge a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Kahrs, of Clifton City, and Harve Ellis and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis.

Mrs. J. J. Ball and Mrs. W. E. Baker and daughter, Miss Gladys, were shopping in Sedalia Monday.

Miss Grace Veazey and Raymond Kirk spent Sunday evening with Misses Alpha and Ada McMullin, of Lookout.

A surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. John R. Ball Wednesday, February 24, that being their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Potter and daughter, Miss Ruth; Alex Potter and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis, Mrs. Robert Burke, J. J. Ball and family and W. B. Baker and family.

Money—Money—Money.

If you wish to borrow money on real estate, or if you wish to loan money on real estate, in either case be sure and see me before doing business.—G. M. Riddle, the real estate and loan man, 310 Ohio street, over Guenther's store, Sedalia, Mo.

DRESDEN ITEMS.

Dresden, March 2.

Marshal Davis was a passenger to the Queen City Friday.

Mr. J. M. Baldwin and wife, of Lamonte, spent Saturday with Sam Adams and wife.

Mr. C. Chryst, wife and baby, of the Prairie neighborhood, are spending a few days with Mrs. Chryst's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Steele.

Mr. Will Farris and wife, who have been visiting here, leave for their future home in Seattle, Wash., this month.

Mr. Ben Gorrell, of Sedalia, spent Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. J. C Wilson.

Mrs. John Fowler returned home Thursday from a three months' visit in New Mexico.

Mr. Crawford is reported better.

Dr. Powers made a professional visit to Kansas City Wednesday.

Will Randsall and family are moving to Benton county this week.

J. S. Bunnell is very sick at this writing.

Mrs. L. J. Luckett, of Warrensburg, and Mrs. J. W. Smith and daughter, Leta, are visiting Prof. Luckett and family.

Miss Nina Adams and brothers, Mike and Albert, of Knobnoster, are visiting home folks this week.

Mrs. Jeff Drake and Mrs. Leonard DeHaven are on the sick list this week.

Miss Frankie Rayburn, a teacher of this school, was visiting home folks in the Queen City Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. DeHaven gave a dance at his home Monday night.

Your Shirt orders solicited and appreciated. Mrs. Weiderhold, 416 Ohio.

For best bread use Gold Coin.

HORSEMAN WAS BRUTAL

MAKES BOY TURN EYES TO CEILING AS HE STRUCK OPTICS.

THE LATTER A 12-YEAR-OLD ORPHAN LAD

A. D. Cassidy, a Well Known Racing Man In Western Illinois, Is Held On a Bond of $1,200 for Brutal Assault.

Kewanee, Ill., March 4.—An almost incredible story of inhuman treatment by a 12-year-old orphan boy whom he had taken to raise, led to the arrest yesterday of A. D. Cassidy, a horseman, well known in racing circles in Western Illinois.

The boy, Paul Vanderburg, is now at St. Francis hospital, where his frail body was found to be slashed, bruised and scarred from head to foot. The arms and legs are swollen and there is not a patch of surface on his body which has not been cut through with welts at all angles.

He says he was subjected to horse-whippings, first being stripped of his clothing. This was repeated on succeeding days, according to the boy's story, and the wounds of one day were reopened the next by the flogging.

The boy says Cassidy would have him read to him at night, and when he came to words he could not pronounce Cassidy ordered him to stand up and look at the ceiling.

Then Cassidy struck him over the eyes with a stick. Both eyes are now terribly discolored and swollen. Photographs were taken on orders of the state's attorney. Cassidy was arrested.

Cassidy was arrested and held in $1,200 bail on warrants charging him with assault. He admits chastising the boy, but says he did not mean to hurt him very much.

Baker & Estabrook sells both Vigoral and "S" flour.

SMOKE MO. STATE FAIR CIGARS 5c

Notice.

We have a large stock of office supplies such as ledgers, journals, cash books, card index filers, ink, pens, pencils, clips, etc. See our samples of fine printed and engraved stationery. "When quality counts we get the order."—Thomas & Potter, Stationers and Printers, 111 East Second Street.

CLIFTON CITY ITEMS.

Clifton City, Mo., March 2.

Messrs. W. P. Bidstrup, Layne, Higdon, Reed and Streit attended a sale near Pilot Grove last Wednesday.

Charles L. Rages, our hardware merchant, was a visitor in Sedalia Sunday.

Miss Laura Graves, of Bunceton, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dr. Fogle, Monday.

Mrs. Charles Todd was a passenger to Sedalia Tuesday.

J. Y. Tsukamata, of Fayette, spent Sunday here with friends.

Millard Fairfax, of New Lebanon, transacted business here Saturday.

J. E. Potter was a passenger to Sedalia Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Cordry are the proud parents of a bouncing boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Schile, of Lamine, are the guests of Mrs. James Bridges.

M. McCarty is having his eyes treated in Sedalia by Dr. Kelly.

Dr. Wallace Simonds and John Potter, of Sedalia were Sunday visitors here.

Quite a number of our town people spent Sunday strolling over the cliffs.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Bidstrup and children spent Sunday at Sweeney with Mrs. Lon Streit.

Miss Sadie Briggs, of Pilot Grove, is up today reorganizing her former music class.

T. L. Fairfax, of New Lebanon, was a visitor in town Monday.

Ed Hixon made his regular Sunday trip to New Lebanon.

Mrs. Warren Streit and sister, Miss Maria, have gone to housekeeping in C. B. Todd's residence.

Mr. E. E. Cordry has purchased a fine soda fountain.

Mr. and Mrs. Shea were passengers to Sedalia Sunday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society meets on Thursdays for the present.

Logan Nicewarner and family moved here from Beaman last week.

Mrs. John Strine and daughters, Misses Alice and Ethel, were shopping in Sedalia Saturday.

JAS. A. CAPEN. E. A. WISE.



When Electrically Lighted.

a turn of a switch at the door will flood your room with light before you enter. No groping in the dark for matches. This is only one of the many conveniences which electricity brings to your home. Let us describe the others and demonstrate how small the expense, and how great the advantages an electrical installment gives.

Queen City Electric Co., 317 Ohio Street



WE HAVE HAD MANY HARD JOBS TO TACKLE

But it's a waste of words to talk about our facilities for successful carriage and wagon repairing to old customers—they know all about them and us. This card only reminds them. To you it is a courteous request to let us try our hands and heads over your next job in our line. We'll do it right.

FISHER CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS
314-316 W. Second St.
Phone 1505

The cleverest imitation of real coffee ever yet made is Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. It is fine in flavor and is made in just one minute. No tedious twenty or thirty minutes boiling. Made from pure parched grain, malt, nuts, etc. Sample free. Sold by J. R. Williams.

New goods at prices to suit the times, at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

For a good job of wood sawing, call phone 256; gasoline saw.—Sedalia Fuel and Feed Co.

GEORGETOWN ITEMS.

Georgetown, March 3.

March came in like a lamb.

H. H. Meier, the well known gardener, has planted about one-half of acre of early garden truck.

James DeWitt has moved his basket shop to Sedalia.

Mrs. Baxter Steele has moved to Georgetown.

Mr. Chas. Zeigle was down from Sweet Springs Thursday.

Miss Mary McCurdy, who taught a very successful term of school at Finch, closed her school at that point Friday.

Owen Huff and family are moving to Sedalia.

Mr. Todd and family have moved to the White farm.

Chas. Connelly expects to go to California this week.

Wm. Rodecker and wife, o Sedalia, spent Saturday and Sunday in our village.

J. W. Wilson returned from Iowa Saturday, where he was called by the death of his mother.

Rev. Kane held service at the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.

Judge J. B. Hughes has moved his office to the Thomas building.

John McCurdy has erected on his farm north of town one of the most beautiful residences in Pettis county.

James McCurdy is having his residence remodeled.

James Connor and family have moved to a farm north of Smithton.

Pineules are for backache and bring quick relief to lumbago, rheumatism, fatigue and all other symptoms of kidney diseases. They are a tonic to the entire system and build up health and strength. Price 50c and $1. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

STORAGE AND TRANSFER.

Household goods moved, stored or packed, from a baseburner to carload lots. Shaffer Storage and Transfer Co., John Shaffer, manager. Phones—office, 330; residence, 330 2 rings.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

Special to the Democrat-Sentinel.

National Stock Yards, Ill., March 2. —Cattle receipts 3,500. Bulk of the receipts were heifers, and with very few steers on sale; steers sold 10c higher than yesterday. Cows sold steady, and light weight heifers were 10 to 15c lower. The bulk of the good steers are selling from $5.60 to $6.20; medium, $5.10 to $5.50. The bulk of the good fat heifers are selling from $5.00 to $5.50; medium, $4.00 to $4.50. Bulk of the good fat cows, $4.25 to $4.65; medium, $3.25 to $3.75. Prospects look steady for the week.

Hogs receipts 9,500; market 10c higher on all kinds. Mixed and butcher hogs, $6.35 to $6.55; good heavies, $6.50 to $6.65; mixed packing, $6.25 to $6.50. Good pigs, $5.50 to $6.00; lights, $4.50 to $5.00. Bulk of all the hogs, $6.35 to $6.55. Top, $6.65. Outlook fair on good hogs.

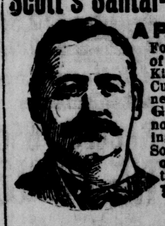
Sheep receipts 2,500; market steady. Colorado lambs, $7.40 to $7.65; 60 lb Mexican feeding lambs, $6.75. Native lambs, $7.00 to $7.50. Sheep, $5.00 to $5.50. Good yearlings, $6.25. Prospects steady for the week. —National Live Stock Commission Company.

HOYT'S PILE REMEDY
APPEALS TO REASON
STRIKES RIGHT AT THE VERY FOUNDATION OF THE DISEASE.



GUARANTEED TO QUICKLY HEAL TO PERFECT HEALTH THE WHOLE PILE BEARING AREA OF MUCOUS MEMBRANE.
C. H. HOYT & CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.
TAKE HOYT'S BROWN TABLETS FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALE BY
Dan Wilcox, Druggist.

Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules
A POSITIVE CURE
For Inflammation or Catarrh of the Bladder and Diseased Kidneys. NO CURE NO PAY. Cures quickly and permanently the worst cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, no matter of how long standing. Absolutely harmless. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00 or by mail, postpaid, $1.00. three boxes $2.75.
THE SANTAL-PEPSIN CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.



W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

Every Woman
Is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.



Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO. 44 East 23d Street, NEW YORK.
FOR SALE BY
W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
McLAUGHLIN BROS.
Undertakers and Embalmers
515-517 Ohio Street
Chapel and Sanitary Morgue in Connection. Prompt, Careful Service; Bell Phone No. 18. NIGHT CLERK. Queen City No. 8.

BEES LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP
CONFORMS TO NATIONAL PURE FOOD AND DRUGS LAW.
An improvement over many Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies, because it rids the system of a cold by acting as a cathartic on the bowels. No opiates. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Prepared by PINEULE MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.
W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

We Both Lose Money If You Don't Trade With Us.

That Saw You Saw Him Saw



with so easily came from this hardware store. So did the other tools that made the work seem so easy. Be wise and get your tools here like other clever mechanics. As we charge no more than the usual prices you might as well get the best while you are about it. The advantage of buying here will be more apparent every time you use the tools.

Our Specialties:

Cork Lined Refrigerators and *ICE BOXES*, Reliable Gasoline Stoves, Born Ranges.

Knight-Marshall Hdw. Co.

AKINS RELIEF BILL DIES

SUB-TREASURER IS NOT TO GET BACK $61,500 EMBEZZLED THIS SESSION.

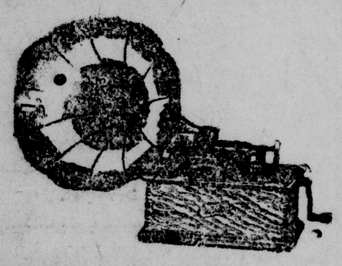
TO BAD BY HON. D. W. SHACKELFORD

Wyman Not Reimbursed for $4,300 Lost Through Clerk—May Pass Next Congress if It Has Good Luck.

Washington March 4.—The Akins relief bill, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to charge off $61,500, the amount which disappeared from the sub-treasury at St. Louis, was reached on the call of the calendar in the house yesterday, and was defeated on objection of Repesentative Shackelford, of Missouri, to its consideration under unanimous consent.

Under the rules, two members must object. Representatives Russell and Alexander both rose to their feet as Mr. Shackelford did and backed up the latter's objection. The bill, therefore, died with the end of congress at noon today.

The bill for the relief of Postmaster Wyman, of St. Louis, to the extent of $4,300, embezzled by a clerk now doing time in the penitentiary, also goes over to the next congress, when it probably will pass.



Edison Phonographs $12.50 $40.00

Complete line of Edison Records and new attachments.

Double Disc Records 65c

S. R. PAYNE MUSIC STORE

510 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.



Kemp Hieronymus

Live Stock Auctioneer

Write or Wire For Dates

TRY THE MONEY-BACK CURE FOR INDIGESTION

Nine times in ten stomach derangements are responsible for sallow complexion, dull eyes and thin body.

It is the stomach that supplies nourishing blood to the muscles, the nerves, and skin. If the stomach is healthy, plenty of nutritious matter will be absorbed by the blood. If it is not healthy, the food will ferment, and undigested, will pass along through the bowels, furnishing so little nutritious matter that the blood becomes impoverished, and the glow of health vanishes.

If you suffer from nervousness, sick headache, belching of gas, sour taste in the mouth, heaviness after eating, or any other miserable stomach disturbance, you need Mi-o-na, and the sooner you get it the quicker you will be healthier and happier.

It will relieve any distressed stomach condition almost immediately. It will cure if used according to directions. W. E. Bard Drug Co. sells it for 50 cents a large box, and he thinks enough of it to guarantee it to cure indigestion.

HYOMEI

(PRONOUNCED HIGH-O-ME)

CURES CATARRH, ASTHMA, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs and Colds, or money back. Sold and guaranteed by

W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

Paul Johnson Dead.

Paul Johnson, colored, died from a complication of diseases at his home, 102 East Morgan street, at 7:15 o'clock last night, aged 53 years. Funeral services will be held Friday.

Paul was one of the best known chefs in the country, and for several years was employed on Pullman diners.

Preventics—those Candy Cold Cure Tablets—will safely and quickly check all colds and the grip. Try them once and see. 48-25c. Sold by the W. E Bard Drug Co.

Every Word of It True!



When we say of our coal that it is "first in quality, highest in merit, best in every way," it's not mere advertising talk—it's a fact, as our regular patrons have long ago found it. We would like to convince you as well and a trial order will tell the tale.

BERTMAN COAL CO. Main and Vermont Bell Phone 92

BIG NOISE FOR JEFFRIES

THE RETIRED CHAMPION WAS GREETED BY A THRONG OF NEW YORKERS.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE WENT BUG HOUSE

Sporting Men and Friends Were at the Station When Jeff Alighted —Jim Tried to Dodge the Mob, but Couldn't.

New York, March 4.—James J. Jeffries, retired heavyweight champion of the world, was accorded a remarkable demonstration on his arrival here yesterday. A crowd of nearly 2,000 persons gathered at the Grand Central station and wildly cheered the pugilist as he elbowed his way through the crowd to a carriage. Jeffries was accompanied by his wife and sparing partner, Sam Berger.

Long before the Twentieth Century limited, on which Jeffries and his party were traveling, drew into the station a throng of people gathered in Forty-second street and special police were sent for the rope of the station platform.

As the big form of the pugilist was seen alighting from the train the crowd massed behind the ropes gave forth a loud cheer.

The track platform was filled with well known sporting men and the friends of the retired champion, who gave Jeffries a hearty welcome as he alighted from the train. Surrounded by his friends and closely followed by his wife, Jeffries pushed his way to the station platform, but found his passage blocked by the crowd, which kept up a continuous cheering.

He was compelled to accept the assistance of the station master, who escorted him to the baggage room, where it was hoped that he might elude the throng through a side door. The crodw, however, was not to be denied, and fled to Vanderbilt avenue, where it quickly surrounded the west side of the station and blocked the passage way to the baggage room, where it stood on trunks and gave a further noisy welcome to the pugilist. The door was finally opened and Jeffries succeeded in getting to a carriage with his party and was hurled away while the crowd cheered lustily.

Jeffries appeared to be in very good physical condition, notwithstanding the fact that he has been four years out of the ring. His eyes were clear and bright and he said he believed he could reduce to normal fighting weight in time. The pugilist said:

"I have been training light for several weeks and have reduced my weight to about 245 pounds. Each day I find that I can box faster than the day before, and I am delighted to find that my wind is in good shape. I feel first rate, but I can't say definitely whether I will again enter the ring or not. I have been out of the ring four years and that may make it impossible for me to attain strict championship form again."

Another crowd gathered around the office building where Jeffries went on his arrival here, and the police were called to clear the thoroughfare.

VALDA ITEMS.

Valda, Mo., March 3.

H. A. and W. D. Elliott, Thomas Parberry and Charles Chrisman were transacting business in the Queen City Saturday.

Miss Geneva Jordan and Walter Russ, a popular couple of the Valda vicinity, are to be wedded today. We wish them a prosperous and happy life.

Mrs. Fred Meyers was shopping in Sedalia Tuesday.

William Hamlett and Ed Young were among the Valda farmers in the Queen City Saturday.

The Smith telephone line is nearing completion.

Elmo Elliott left a few days ago for St. Joseph, Mo., to enjoy a duck hunt. He will be gone about ten days.

R. F. Cramer is in Arkansas this week, looking after a land deal.

Merle Elliott, who has been sick for some time with throat trouble, is but a very little better.

Mrs. J. H. Warren, widow of the late J. H. Warren, moved her household goods March 1 from her farm, eight miles south of Sedalia to, to 209 South Quincy street, Sedalia, where she is now at home to her friends. Miss Amandalee Stephens, bookkeeper for Kroencke & Cordes, will make her home with Mrs. Warren, who is her aunt, and where she will be glad to meet her friends.

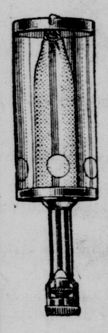
Country Lard.

Four hundred pounds of country just received; also country sorghum, and pure cider vinegar, at

CAIN'S CASH STORE.

112-114 West Main.

Reduce Your Gas Bill One-Half.



Increase your light three-fold, by using a WELSBACH JUNIOR. Burner, chimney and mantle complete for 35c at

RAMSEY'S 6th and Ohio Sts.

QUITE A DROP, THIS IS

From Congressman to St. Louis Excise Commissioner.

Washington, March 4.—Henry S. Caulfield, at present representative of the Eleventh Missouri district in the lower house of congress, will, after April 1, subject to the action of the Missouri state senate, be the excise commissioner of the city of St. Louis.

Mr. Caulfield consented to take the place yesterday after an earnest talk with Gov. Hadley. Last night Mr. Caulfield said:

"I simply became convinced that it was my duty to express a willingness to the governor to accept the office of excise commissioner. Having so decided, it will be a pleasure to me to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability."

Wormology.

Should be studied by every parent. If your child is nervous, fretful, starts in its sleep, is pasty faced, has rings under its eyes, always seems hungry, is not gaining weight, you can be sure the trouble is worms. White's Cream Vermifuge is an absolute cure for worms. Is its own purgative. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

SMOKE GOLDEN ROD CIGAR, 10c.

This Man Had a Shotgun.

A man giving his name as Charles Perrin was arrested by a member of the constabulary today for having in his possession a shotgun which he would not account for. He will have a hearing before Judge Clark tomorrow.

Visit the candy department at Ramsey's, for bargains in choice sweets.

WALL PAPER AT SCOTT'S.

Suit for Divorce Filed.

Alleging desertion, Patrick Christopher late Wednesday sued his wife, Lida L. Christopher, for divorce. They were married in West Virginia in 1905 and lived together until 1907.

To ENGLAND and the CONTINENT

By the Large, Fast and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships of the

North German Lloyd

Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals

Express Sailings Tuesdays at (10 a. m.) to
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN
"Kronprinzessin Cecilie" "Kronprinz Wilhelm"
"Kaiser Wilhelm II." "Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse"

Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at (10 a. m.) to
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN
"George Washington" (new) "Grosser Kurfuerst"
"Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm" "Barbarossa"
"Friedrich der Grosse" "Bremen"

Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at (11 a. m.) to
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
"Berlin" (new) "Neckar" "Prinzess Irene"
"Koenigin Luise" "Koenig Albert"

Connections Encircling the Globe

Travelers' Checks good all over the world

Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, New York, or any Local Agent



A sizzling white heat, with minimum amount consumed—your happy lot this winter if you place your fuel order with us.

CHOICE WOOD AND COAL.

Prompt service, courteous treatment, lowest cash price.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

SEDALIA FUEL AND FEED CO.

609 S. Ohio. Phones 256.

HITCHCOCK NAMES HILL

FORMER GOVERNOR OF MAINE HEADS REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

AN ORIGINAL TAFT MAN FROM WAY BACK

New Postmaster General Will Continue in Charge for Several Days, However—Appointment Came as Surprise.

Washington, March 4.—Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the republican national committee, sprang a surprise last night when he announced that former Governor John F. Hill, of Maine, had been selected as the acting chirman of the committee organization.

There have been reports here for the past few days that a meeting of the executive committee or the full committee would be held this week to select a man as acting chairman upon the retirement of Mr. Hitchcock to accept the place of postmaster general in the Taft cabinet.

No such meeting was held. Instead, Mr. Hitchcock named the acting chairman himself, and Mr. Hill has accepted the assignment.

He is Maine's representative on the national committee and is classified as on original Taft man.

Mr. Hill will take up the duties of acting chairman within a week, as it is the pupose of Mr. Hitchcock to retire soon after he enters the Taft cabinet.

NO WAGE CUT BY STEEL MEN

Independent Companies Deny Rumors to the Contrary.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 4.—Notwithstanding any rumors to the contrary, it is absolutely denied that the large independent steel manufacturers of Pittsburg will follow the Lackawanna Steel Co. in a cut of 10 per cent in wages. B. F. Jones, president of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., limited, the largest independent concern in the country, in a statement issued, says:

"We have not considered the question of reducing wages. Our future action in this connection will be governed by general business conditions and by the terms of the tariff bill about to be introduced in congress."

The same view is also held by Wallace H. Rowe, president of the Pittsburg Steel Co.

A guaranteed cough remedy is Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup. For coughs, colds, whooping cough, hoarseness and all bronchial affections. Best for children because it is quick to relieve and tastes good. Gently laxative. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

C. E. Messerly sells "Vigoral" and "S" flour.

Get your share of the bargains in the decorated dinner ware sale at Ramsey's, Sixth and Ohio.

HUGHESVILLE ITEMS.

Hughesville, Mo., March 3.

Mrs. J. S. Baltzell was a passenger to Sedalia today.

Rev. T. M. Cobb filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church Sunday.

H. C. Smith returned today from a business visit in St. Louis.

Rev. Allen held service at the Christian church Sunday.

Mrs. Sallie Powell, who has been quite sick, is somewhat better at this writing.

Mrs. O. H. Coulter, of Sweet Springs, visited friends in Hughesville Tuesday.

The ladies of the M. E. church will serve dinner at the S. W. McClure sale March 9th.

J. N. McNees and wife, who have been at Hot Springs for some weeks past, are expected home at an early date.

Homer Baltzell is doing work as extra station agent.

The 1st of March came with the usual number of changes in location. W. W. McClure goes to the David Duly farm, Stanton Elliott moves to Mrs. Stephens' property in Hughesville and O. S. Siron goes to the Hasenmoinkle farm.

Henry Shelton, who spent the winter in Chicago, returned home a few days ago.

Pains of women, head pains, or any pains stopped in twenty minutes, sure, with Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. See full formula on 25c box. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

ALL GROCERYMEN HANDLE GOLD COIN. 'TAINT THEIR FAULT PEOPLE WANT IT.

SMOKE GOLDEN ROD CIGAR, 10c.



A Splendid Cough Medicine For Men

Business men suffering from Coughs and Colds can bring a bottle of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant to the office and take this standard cough medicine at regular intervals throughout the day. In this way they can get rid of their ailment without in any way interfering with their business.

DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

has been relieving and curing Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis and Pleurisy, Croup and Whooping Cough for nearly four score years. Sold by all druggists, in three size bottles, $1.00, 50c and 25c.

Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is a splendid, natural tonic, for attaining a permanently healthy constitution.

The "W. F. M. S." to Meet.

The Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Fifth Street M. E. church, South, will meet in the church parlors at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and every member is urged to be present.

Lovers

Of good health should prevent sickness instead of letting themselves get sick and then try to cure it. So long as you keep your liver, bowels and stomach in a healthy and active condition you won't get sick. Ballard's Herbine relieves constipation, inactive liver and all stomach and bowel troubles. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Home Realty Co.

We have several small tracts of land to trade for city property or good horses. See us at once for bargains. Bell phone 656. Room 237, Ilgenfritz building.

A. H. Meyer sells both "S" and Vigoral flour.

A Church Social.

Ten-cent social by young people First M. E. church, Friday evening, 7:30, in church parlors. Penny auction sale will be one of the entertainments.

THIS LOOKS MIGHTY "DRY"

Repeal of Local Option Law Defeated In Indiana.

Indianapolis March 4.—With the brewery forces entirely outwitted, outgeneraled and outvoted, resulting in utter defeat of the attempt to repeal the county local option law, the prediction is made that three-fourths of Indiana will be dry in thirty days. The attempt to repeal has been defeated in the state senate.

Forty-eight of the ninety-two counties have voted dry, and other counties held off their elections until it was certain that the local option bill would not be repealed. Twenty counties will vote this month.

A well known brewer, who is one of the coterie of brewers responsible for the "brewery saloon," declares that it looks hopeless and that he believes that the only counties which will not vote dry will be Vanderburg (city of Evansville), and Allen (city of Fort Wayne), where there are large German settlements.

Bride and Groom Depart.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Russ, who were married here Wednesday afternoon, left this morning for the groom's home, near Valda, Mo., where they will go to housekeeping. Mrs. Russ was formerly Miss Geneva Jordan.

Silence!



The instinct of modesty natural to every woman is often a great hindrance to the cure of womanly diseases. Women shrink from the personal questions of the local physician which seem indelicate. The thought of examination is abhorrent to them, and so they endure in silence a condition of disease which surely progresses from bad to worse.

It has been Dr. Pierce's privilege to cure a great many women who have found a refuge for modesty in his offer of FREE consultation by letter. All correspondence is held as sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores and regulates the womanly functions, abolishes pain and builds up and puts the finishing touch of health on every weak woman who gives it a fair trial.

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

You can't afford to accept a *secret* nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

STAY IN MISSOURI

BUT IN CASE YOU MUST LEAVE US, CALL OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

Ten to Fifteen Dollars Saved

ON TICKETS TO MEXICO, CALIFORNIA, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO, WESTERN COLORADO, UTAH, NEVADA, IDAHO, MONTANA, OREGON, WASHINGTON, BRITISH COLUMBIA AND ALBERTA.

TICKETS SOLD DAILY, MARCH 1 TO APRIL 30, '09.

J. W. McCLAIN, P. & T. A., SEDALIA, MO.

WEEKLY DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

THE TELEGRAPH SERVICE OF THE DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL IS BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Sentinel Established 1880. Vol. XXVII.
Democrat Established 1868. Vol. XL. Consolidated 1907.

TWO PARTS—SEDALIA, MO., THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1909--PART ONE.

VOL. 3. NO. 9. $1 PER YEAR

HON. W. H. TAFT IS PRESIDENT

Was Inducted Into Office With Imposing Ceremonies at Washington, D. C, at the Noon Hour Today

AN IMMENSE CROWD WAS IN ATTENDANCE

Hon. James S. Sherman Takes the Oath of Office and Becomes Vice President of United States.

DETAILS OF THE NOTABLE CEREMONIES

Inaugural Parade Finest Ever Seen In Washington, Despite a Snow Storm.

William H. Taft, of Ohio, and James S. Sherman, of New York, were inaugurated at noon today as president and vice president of the United States.

The ceremony of inauguration was accomplished with all due formality and finality but under the most unusual conditions, owing to a terrific blizzard which swept over the national capital, paralyzing street traffic, destroying communication with the outside world and bringing dismay to thousands of assembled visitors who had gathered in expectation of the usual spectacular demonstration.

Notwithstanding the adverse conditions, all of the main features of the inauguration were carried out. The main change was in modifying the original program so that the inaugural address, usually delivered from the east portico of the capitol, was pronounced by Mr. Taft in the senate chamber.

Washington, March 4.—William Howard Taft is now president of the United States and James Schoolcraft Sherman is vice president.

President Taft took the oath of office shortly after noon in the chamber of the senate in the presence of one of the greatest throngs that ever gathered in the chief legislative city of the nation to witness the ceremonies attending the inauguration of a chief executive. The vice president took the oath of office in the senate chamber immediately preceding the administering of the oath to the president-elect.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Taft has been in civil pursuits all his life, the military display which accompanied his induction into office was greater than that which marked the inauguration of the militant rough rider president, Theodore Roosevelt, four years ago. Washington was filled with civilians and soldiers and sailors. From the earliest daylight hour the streets were crowded with people. Pennsylvania avenue, the center of all things in Washington, was packed with the crowds, every man and woman in which sought, by an early arrival, to obtain a place of vantage from which the great procession, which for hours passed through the broad thoroughfare, could be seen. Every window and every balcony overlooking the avenue had been preempted for weeks by persons willing to pay great sums to get an unobstructed view of the passing marchers.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
PRESIDENT IN PARADE GUARDED BY SECRET SERVICE MEN.

Decorations Are Beautiful.

The scene was one of constant movement and constant color. The red, white and blue floated from every flagpole and fell as drapery from every cornice. The inaugural committee succeeded this year in outdoing all previous efforts at decorative effect.

In the line of march leading from the capitol up Pennsylvania avenue past the great treasury building and White house there were nearly 4,000 regular troops and twice as many members of the National Guard of the different states and independent military organizations. The civic features of the parade were many. The trades, the professions and all kinds of business activities were represented by thousands of persons who came to Washington to do honor to the country's new civil chief.

Gather at the Capitol.

Early in the day the president-elect met the out-going president in the White House. About an hour before noon, the congressional committee of arrangements, consisting of Senators Knox, Lodge and Bacon, and Representatives Burke, Young and Gaines, arrived at the executive mansion and informed the president and the president-elect that congress was in readiness for the ceremonies of the actual inauguration. At half-past eleven President Roosevelt and President-to-be Taft entered a carriage, Mr. Taft sitting at the left of Mr. Roosevelt. In the carriages immediately following were the members of the congressional committee of arrangements. A body of veterans of the civil and Spanish wars acted as an escort for the outgoing and the incoming chiefs of state.

All the morning long the crowds had been awaiting the coming of the two officials. The cheering was constant and the names of both Roosevelt and Taft were intermingled with the shouts of applause. The drive to the capitol was made slowly in order that the veterans acting as a guard of honor might not be distanced.

The president and the president-elect were escorted by the congressional committee into the senate wing of the capitol through the historic doorway of bronze on the east side of the building. They went directly to the president's room where they remained until the committee of arrangements came to them and announced that the senate was in readiness to receive them. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft then walked to the senate chamber, taking the seats reserved for them in the first row directly in front of the vice-president's desk.

Vice-President Fairbanks and Vice-President-elect Sherman drove to the capitol together and went directly to the room of the vice-president. In turn they were escorted to the senate chamber as the two chief figures of the occasion had been escorted before them. Mr. Fairbanks went at once to his place as presiding officer of the senate and Mr. Sherman took a seat at the left of Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft, just across the center aisle of the chamber.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington D. C.
INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT AT EAST PORTICO OF CAPITOL.

Mr. Sherman Takes the Oath.

Edward Everett Hale, the veteran chaplain of the senate and one of the most picturesque figures in the United States, offered prayer. Immediately following the prayer, the oath of office was administered to Mr. Sherman by the outgoing vice-president, Mr. Fairbanks. The new vice-president next delivered his inaugural address, and then at once, as the first duty of his new office, he administered the oath to the newly elected senators of the United States.

Present on the floor of the senate chamber were many former senators of the United States, who have the privileges of the senate at all times owing to the fact of once having held membership in the body. The speaker and the entire house of representatives were present and with them were the chief officials of the district government, the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court, the heads of the executive departments of the government, the governors of the states and territories, the chief of staff of the army, and his aides, Admiral Dewey of the navy and his aides, and several veteran officers of the army and navy who, having received the thanks of congress for gallantry in battle, are entitled to the privileges of entering either branch of congress during session time. Among them was Gen. O. O. Howard.

President Taft Inaugurated.

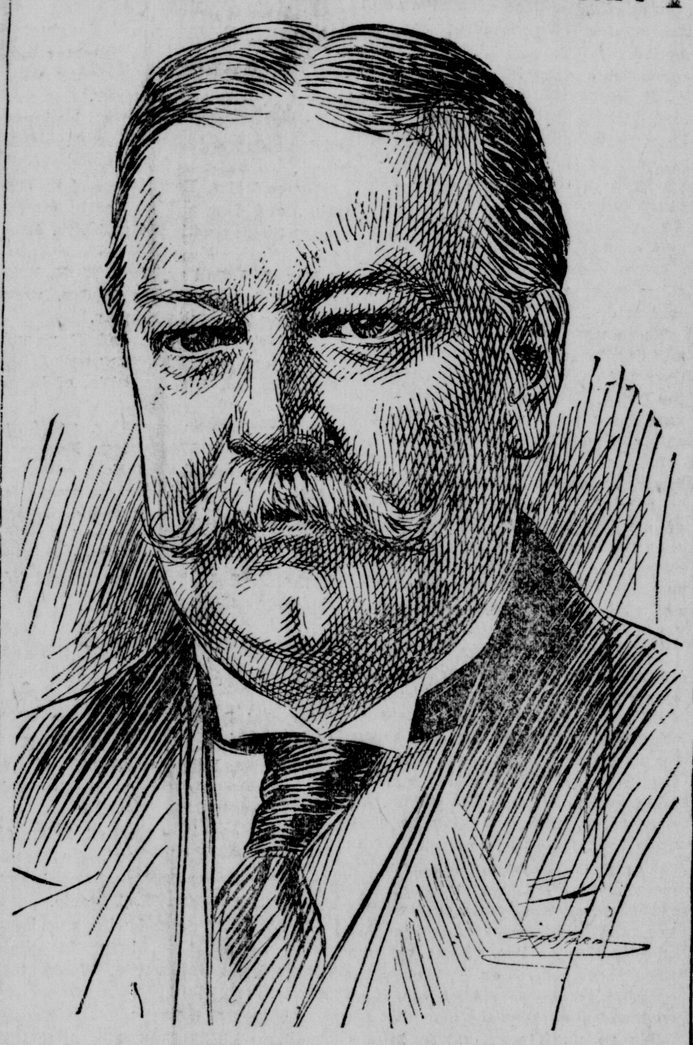
The white-haired chief justice of the United States, Melville W. Fuller, administered the oath of office to Mr. Taft, who, when he had taken it, bent and kissed the Bible held in the hand of his country's chief jurist. Immediately following the taking of the oath, President Taft delivered his inaugural address.

The president's speech frequently was interrupted by applause and at its close the great assembly broke into cheers. The president was congratulated by those who were close to him, including the retiring president and the other chief officials. President Taft then entered a carriage which was at once surrounded by the members of the Black Horse troop of Cleveland, O., which formed the special guard of honor. The president's carriage was driven north and then down the hill by the senate wing of the capitol until Pennsylvania avenue was reached. From that point the president drove slowly to the White House along the thoroughfare filled, save for its center, with crowds of his cheering fellow citizens.



VICE-PRESIDENT SHERMAN.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT



Parade Finest Ever Seen.

Washington, March 4.—Seldom has the national capital witnessed a parade that equaled in extent and magnificence that which followed President William H. Taft from the capitol to the White House immediately after his inauguration. As soon as the president's carriage started up Pennsylvania avenue the parade was formed.

The details of the military part of the procession were arranged by Brig. Gen. John A. Johnson, chief of staff to Gen. Bell, and by Maj. Samuel D. Sturgis, who acted as adjutant general.

The guard of honor attending President Taft was followed immediately by a mounted police guard and a full military band. Then came Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, chief of the general staff of the United States army, who was the parade's grand marshal, and his staff. The military division had the right of way after the president's escort. At its head were the West Point cadets in their gray uniforms, marching with the perfect alignment for which the military students are famed. Behind the stripling soldiers came the stripling sailors, the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis. The cadets of both schools were cheered, as they always have been cheered at every inaugural parade in which they have taken part. Immediately behind the future officers of army and navy came the regulars of the military service, veterans most of them, who had seen service in Cuba and in the Philippines, and, many of them, upon the plains in the days before the Indians had left the war path for the ways of peace.

In the line were the 2,600 men who had formed the Cuban army of pacification, and who had just left that island in pursuance of the policy of the United States to withdraw its troops as soon as the Cubans gave evidence that they were capable of governing themselves. In the force of regulars were cavalrymen, infantrymen and artillerymen, the yellow, the blue and the red of the service lending their colors, and something of the pomp and circumstance of war time, to the parade.

In the waters of Hampton roads for ten days the fleet which had made its record breaking journey around the world had been assembled. The battleships, the cruisers, the destroyers and the torpedo boats were drawn upon for "jackies" to give the sea service an adequate representation in the inaugural ceremonies. There were 3,000 sailors from the Connecticut, the Illinois and the other ships of Sperry's fleet in the parade. The marines followed the sailors. There was a full regiment of them, men from that branch of the service which has taken the initiative in many of the beyond-the-sea troubles in which the forces of this country have been engaged—in Korea in the late '60's, in Cuba in 1898, and in China in 1900.

Regulars and Sailors.

The regulars of the government service led the way, their conceded right. Behind them came the men who, in time of war, form first the reserve force, and later when brought into real soldiers' shape, the backbone force of the government's army—the National Guardsmen of the states of the union. The Guardsmen showed by their bearing, their marching and their evolutions the result of the deeper interest which in recent years has been taken in the military service by the civilian soldiers. The regulars and the guardsmen are closer together to-day in sympathy and in efficiency than ever they were before. The appearance of the state soldiers in the inaugural parade proved the truth of what many army officers have held recently—that to-day it is but a step from the discipline and the morale of the militia to the discipline and morale of the regulars.

Scores of Clubs in Line.

In the rear of the military division came the civic organizations. There were in line more than 100 clubs and political associations from all parts of the country, nearly all of them wearing some unique and distinguishing uniform. The American club of Pittsburg acted as personal escort to Thomas P. Morgan, the chief of the civic organizations' committee.

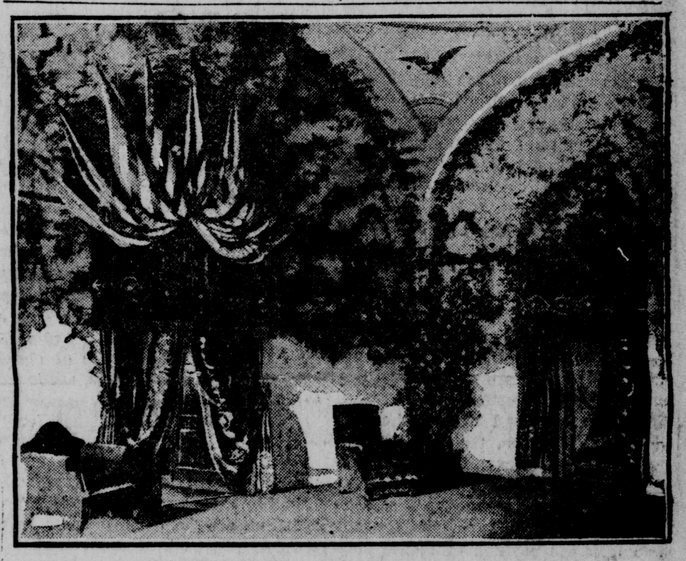
Among the organizations which had a place in the parade were several from President Taft's state—Ohio. Among these were the Citizens' Taft club and the Stamina Republican club of Cincinnati, Uniform Rank Knights of Maccabees, Cleveland; the Republican Glee club and the Buckeye Republican club of Columbus.

Middle West Well Represented.

Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kentucky, Minnesota and other states of the middle west and of the south were represented by associations of citizens, political clubs, and by prominent state, county and municipal officials. Many veterans of the civil war who served in the ranks of the union or in the ranks of the confederacy were present in the parade. There were more former confederates in line than were present at any previous inauguration of a Republican president.

Luncheon in White House.

As soon as President Taft reached the White House he entered and was greeted by the members of a specially invited presidential party, including the governors of several states, prominent federal officials, personal friends of the president and the members of the presidential family to a remote degree of relationship. A light luncheon was served in the great state dining-room, and as soon as it was over the president walked across the grounds of the White House to the presidential reviewing stand built on the south side of the avenue directly in front of the main entrance to the White House and facing Lafayette square. The president took his place on the reviewing stand, and with him were the members of the presidential party. Vice-President Sherman stood on the immediate right of the chief executive. Across Pennsylvania avenue directly in front of the president was a huge stand for spectators occupying the entire length of one side of Lafayette square.



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
THE PRESIDENT'S ROOM IN THE PENSION BUILDING DECORATED FOR THE INAUGURAL BALL.

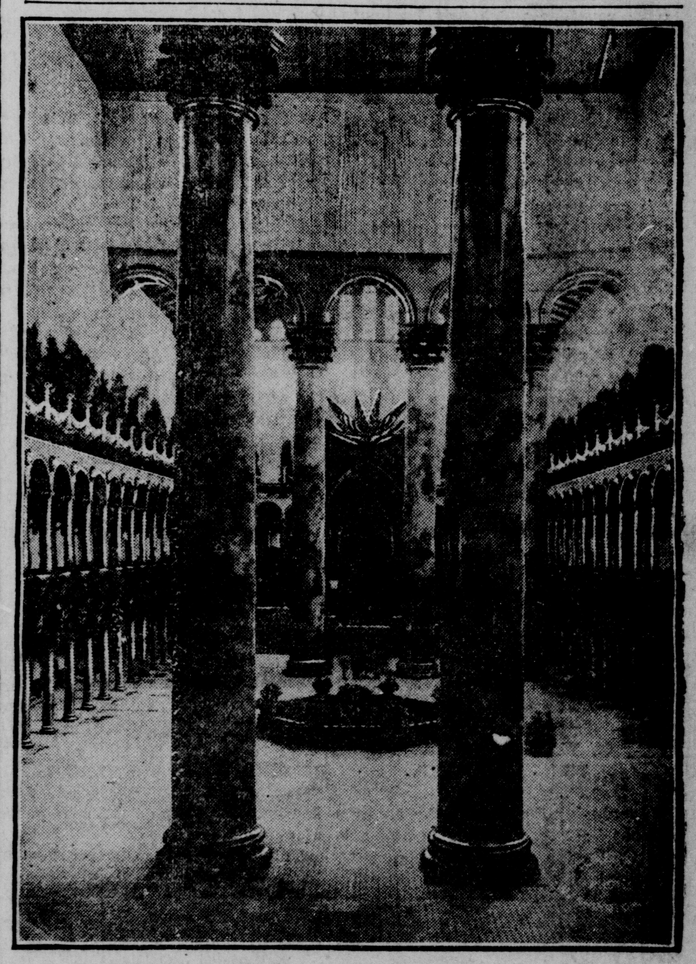
Veteran Organizations.

As a special honor to Vice-President James S. Sherman came the Conkling Unconditionals, a veteran marching political club, and the Sherman Scouts, both of Utica, N. Y., the home town of Mr. Sherman. New York being Mr. Roosevelt's state, as it is that of Mr. Sherman, contributed an unusual number of marching clubs to the ceremonies of the inauguration. Mr. Roosevelt's neighbors from Long Island paraded 250 strong. There were three Republican clubs from New York city, a political organization of colored men, from Brooklyn and several other polit-

Parade Passes in Review.

As soon as the president appeared on the reviewing stand the leading band of the procession, which had been halted to await the appearance of Mr. Taft, began to play "Hail to the Chief." Gen. Bell gave the order to pass in review, and the great procession, having its head at the White House, moved forward to pass before the chief magistrate. As body after body of soldiers, sailors and civilians passed, they saluted and the president saluted in turn.

(Continued on Page 3.)



Photograph copyright by Clinedinst, Washington, D. C.
INTERIOR OF MAGNIFICENT PENSION BUILDING, SCENE OF THE INAUGURAL BALL.

DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

OLD SERIES. Established 1863. NEW SERIES. Inaugurated 1907.

A. D. STANLEY, Pres. and Manager.
W. H. POWELL, - Vice President.
GEORGE H. TRADER, - Secretary.

GEORGE H. SCRUTON.
Editor and Advertising Manager.
E. B. BURROWES,
Associate Editor.

Published Every Thursday By
SEDALIA DEMOCRAT COMPANY

Entered as second-class matter January 2, 1907, at the postoffice at Sedalia, Mo., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1889.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, either by mail or carrier, one month ..... .45
If paid in advanec the price will be.
Daily, three months 1.25
Daily, six months 2.50
Daily, nine months 3.75
Daily, twelve months 5.00

Weekly Democrat-Sentinel.
Six months ..... .50
One year 1.00

Sunday Democrat-Sentinel.
Six months ..... .50
One year 1.00

The Sunday and weekly issues are always payable in advance.

Address all communications on business or for publication to SEDALIA DEMOCRAT COMPANY, SEDALIA, MO.

Office 412 Ohio St. Both Phones 232.

STILL POSSIBLE TO INFLICT SALUTARY PUNISHMENT.

United States Judge Anderson's ruling that the settlement of freight charges constituted the offenses and not the shipments of oil is the fourth severe setback the government has received in its fight with the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana. The first of these was the reversal of Judge Landis' fine of $29,240,000 assessed against the company by the circuit court of appeals.

The second was the refusal of the supreme court of the United States to disturb the reversal. The third was the ruling of the court of appeals that each carload of oil on which rebates were allowed did not constitute a separate offense.

When the second trial of the case opened in Chicago, the government, bound by the construction of the law laid down by the circuit court of appeals, waived its contention that each carload was a violation of the law and took the position that each shipment, whether a carload or a trainload, constituted a separate offense. Under this construction of the law, provided a verdict of guilty were again secured, the maximum possible fine would have been $10,000,000 and the minimum fine $600,000.

Judge Anderson now knocks out this contention of the government by holding that the law regards settlement of freight charges as the basis of an offense under the anti-rebating act. There were thirty-six of these settlements, according to an allegation of the petition, and as the fine which may be inflicted upon conviction from $1,000 to $20,000 for each violation, the minimum and maximum penalties which may be imposed upon the Standard companny are reduced to $36,000 and $720,000, respectively.

The ruling of Judge Anderson is an important victory for the defense. By his construction of the law the oil company is the possible gainer by millions of dollars. The government can not appeal from his decision and the precendent established doubtless will stand in the trial of future rebate cases.

The only way the question whether lots or separate shipments may be made separate counts under an indictment might be determined would be for the trial and circuit courts to uphold the contention of the government, inasmuch as the defendant would then carry the case before the supreme court for final adjudication on the contested point.

The tendencies already exhibited by Judge Anderson make it appear doubtful whether he will, upon conviction, assess the full penalty upon the Standard company. If he should, however, a fine of $720,000 would be salutary punishment, quite well calculated to subserve the ends of justice and to teach the defendant not to repeat the offense.

ONE OF THE NATION'S NATURAL WONDERS SAVED.

By signing the bill for the creation of the Calaveras national forest in California the president has completed the legislative act which preserves for all time the most famous grove of trees in the world.

The people of California have been working to interest the government in this wonderful grove of big trees for more than nine years, but not until now has it been possible to arrange a plan satisfactory alike to the owner of the land and to congress. Everyone interested in the nation's great natural wonders will rejoice that as a means of saving the great trees, the way has been paved for a practical exchange of the timber in the groves for stumpage on other forest land owned by the government.

Robert B. Whiteside, of Duluth, Minn., a lumberman operating in the lake states and on the Pacific coast, is the owner of the Calaveras big trees. After his agreement to the proposals, which are simply a practical exchange of timber for timber, the entire California delegation gave its solid and enthusisastic support to the bill. No appropriation is needed to carry out the provisions of the act.

The land to be acquired under the bill includes about 960 acres in what is known as the North Calaveras grove in Calaveras county, and 3,040 acres in the south grove in Tuolumne county. The north grove contains ninety-three big trees and in the south grove there are 1,380 of these giant sequoias.

Any tree under eighteen feet in circumference, or six feet through, is not considered in the count of large trees. Besides the giant sequoias, the are hundreds of sugar pines and yellow pines of astonishing proportions, ranging to the height of 275 feet and often attaining a diameter of eight to ten feet. There are also many white firs and incense cedars in the two tracts.

The Calaveras big trees are known the world over. The north grove contains ten trees, each having a diameter of twenty-five feet or over, and more than seventy having a diameter of fifteen to twenty-five feet.

Most of the trees have been named, some for famous generals of the United States and others for statesmen of various states of the Union.

"The Father of the Forest," now down, is estimated by Hittel, in his "Resources of California," to have had a height of 450 feet and a diameter at the ground of forty feet when it was standing.

"Massachusetts" contains 118,000 board feet of lumber; "Governor Stoneman" contains 108,000 feet, and "The Mother of the Forest," burned in the terrible forest fire which licked its way into a part of the grove last summer, contains 105,000 board feet. Each of these trees named grows as much lumber as is grown ordinarily on fifteen or twenty acres of timber land. The bark runs from six inches to two feet in thickness.

PISTOL-TOTING AND CRIME.

In his charge to the grand jury at St. Joseph Ryan expressed his belief that 90 per cent of the crimes that went upon the docket of his court were due directly to the practice of carrying concealed weapons.

It follows then, that the most important thing for the police, constables, grand juries and others upon whom devolves the task of maintaining law and order is an earnest effort on their part to break up this practice of carrying concealed weapons.

There seems to be an element in every community that does not seem to think it is properly dressed for the day unless it has one pocket a deadly weapon of some kind. Such people are ready to shoot or cut at a moment's notice, and any incident of the day may furnish the occasion.

Throughout the country the lawmakers, state and municipal, are addressing themselves to suppressing this evil.

Chicago has a law which forbids the sale of pistols to persons unless they have a permit issued by the mayor or chief of police authorizing them to carry one.

Of course, this is not an absolute preventive, as pistols can be bought elsewhere, but it would very likely help to check the habit. It is good as far as it goes.

A similar provision is now under consideration in Kansas City. In fact, any law that places a hardship upon the pistol habit is wholesome if it is enforced and backed by public sentiment

BRICK PLANT PROPOSITION.

The meeting at the Business Men's club rooms Friday night, for the further consideration of the brick plant proposition, was attended by some thirty business men.

This is an unusually large gathering, compared with many others that have assembled to consider this as well as other matters of much moment to us all.

Generally, ten or twelve men respond to these called meetings, and more than one seemingly good scheme has been passed up because of a lack of public interest.

This condition is deplorable. We have too good a town and surroundings to just let things shift as best they may. When an opportunity presents itself for the betterment of the community, we should take hold of it, push it, be a booster all the time.

Don't ask yourself what the other fellow is going to make out of it; but, if it's for the general good, get behind the project and shove—don't knock.

But we are getting away from the brick plant meeting of Friday night. It was a very enthusiastic gathering, every man there being convinced that the proposition, if properly consummated, was a good one for Sedalia.

Some changes were deemed wise in the manner of procedure; and, on motion of D. H. Smith, the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. M. Harris, W. J. Mellor, James T. Montgomery, Peter Pehl and W. J. Letts to act as trustees for the subscribers to the fund of $12,000 that we have to raise if the brick plant comes to us.

These gentlemen are to have absolute control of this fund, and are asked to see that the brick plant people comply with their part of the contract.

These men are too well known for any one to doubt for an instant that they will carry out their obligation to the letter, therefore there need be no uneasiness on the score of absolute safety of your loan to this fund.

It was also resolved for the next few days, or until the entire $12,000 is subscribed, to have a committee of gentlemen thoroughly conversant with the scheme constantly in attendance at the Business Men's club rooms to explain the proposition in detail to any who will take the trouble to look further into the matter.

Now, don't be a lobster, but be generous enough to at least call at the club rooms and see what's what.

If you are invited by 'phone or otherwise to come to the club rooms for an interview, be brave enough to see these gentlemen. They can not force you to do anything unless you want to do it; but at least be civil. They are giving their entire time to the project, surely you can give a few moments to them.

The proposition seems so favorable to us that the money ought to be raised in a day or two. Make up your mind to do something, and when the opportunity presents itself do it at once and don't keep the men that are doing so much work gratis in suspense.

The brick plant, that's what we want now.

GEORGETOWN ITEMS.

Georgetown, March 3.

March came in like a lamb.

H. H. Meier, the well known gardener, has planted about one-half of acre of early garden truck.

James DeWitt has moved his basket shop to Sedalia.

Mrs. Baxter Steele has moved to Georgetown.

Mr. Chas. Zeigle was down from Sweet Springs Thursday.

Miss Mary McCurdy, who taught a very successful term of school at Finch, closed her school at that point Friday.

Owen Huff and family are moving to Sedalia.

Mr. Todd and family have moved to the White farm.

Chas. Connelly expects to go to California this week.

Wm. Rodecker and wife, o Sedalia, spent Saturday and Sunday in our village.

J. W. Wilson returned from Iowa Saturday, where he was called by the death of his mother.

Rev. Kane held service at the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.

Judge J. B. Hughes has moved his office to the Thomas building.

John McCurdy has erected on his farm north of town one of the most beautiful residences in Pettis county.

James McCurdy is having his residence remodeled.

James Connor and family have moved to a farm north of Smithton.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

Special to the Democrat-Sentinel.

National Stock Yards, Ill., March 2.—Cattle receipts 3,500. Bulk of the receipts were heifers, and with very few steers on sale; steers sold 10c higher than yesterday. Cows sold steady, and light weight heifers were 10 to 15c lower. The bulk of the good steers are selling from $5.60 to $6.20; medium, $5.10 to $5.50. The bulk of the good fat heifers are selling from $5.00 to $5.50; medium, $4.00 to $4.50. Bulk of the good fat cows, $4.25 to $4.65; medium, $3.25 to $3.75. Prospects look steady for the week.

Hogs receipts 9,500; market 10c higher on all kinds. Mixed and butcher hogs, $6.35 to $6.55; good heavies, $6.50 to $6.65; mixed packing, $6.25 to $6.50. Good pigs, $5.50 to $6.00; lights, $4.50 to $5.00. Bulk of all the hogs, $6.35 to $6.55. Top, $6.65. Outlook fair on good hogs.

Sheep receipts 3,500; market steady. Colorado lambs, $7.40 to $7.65; 60 lb Mexican feeding lambs, $6.75. Native lambs, $7.00 to $7.50. Sheep, $5.00 to $5.50. Good yearlings, $6.25. Prospects steady for the week.—National Live Stock Commission Company.

LAMINE ITEMS.

Lamine, March 2.

Rev. Reed filled his regular appointment at Lamine Sunday evening.

J. J. Ball made a business trip to Boonville Monday.

Harve Ellis made a business trip to Sedalia Friday.

Miss Ruth Potter spent Sunday with Miss Naomi Baker.

I. B. McMullin, of Lookout, was a business visitor in this neighborhood Thursday.

Mrs. W. E. Baker and daughters, Mrs. M. A. Veazey and daughter and Mrs. J. R. Ball spent Thursday with Mrs J. J. Ball and daughter.

Joseph Dewitt made a business visit at Green Ridge a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Kahrs, of Clifton City, and Harve Ellis and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis.

Mrs. J. J. Ball and Mrs. W. E. Baker and daughter, Miss Gladys, were shopping in Sedalia Monday.

Miss Grace Veazey and Raymond Kirk spent Sunday evening with Misses Alpha and Ada McMullin, of Lookout.

A surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. John R. Ball Wednesday, February 24, that being their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Potter and daughter, Miss Ruth; Alex Potter and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis, Mrs. Robert Burke, J. J. Ball and family and W. E. Baker and family.

DRESDEN ITEMS.

Dresden, March 2.

Marshal Davis was a passenger to the Queen City Friday.

Mr. J. M. Baldwin and wife, of Lamonte, spent Saturday with Sam Adams and wife.

Mr. C. Chryst, wife and baby, of the Prairie neighborhood, are spending a few days with Mrs. Chryst's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Steele.

Mr. Will Farris and wife, who have been visiting here, leave for their future home in Seattle, Wash., this month.

Mr. Ben Gorrell, of Sedalia, spent Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. J. C Wilson.

Mrs. John Fowler returned home Thursday from a three months' visit in New Mexico.

Mr. Crawford is reported better.

Dr. Powers made a professional visit to Kansas City Wednesday.

Will Randsall and family are moving to Benton county this week.

J. S. Bunnell is very sick at this writing.

Mrs. L. J. Luckett, of Warrensburg, and Mrs. J. W. Smith and daughter, Leta, are visiting Prof. Luckeit and family.

Miss Nina Adams and brothers, Mike and Albert, of Knobnoster, are visiting home folks this week.

Mrs. Jeff Drake and Mrs. Leonard DeHaven are on the sick list this week.

Miss Frankie Rayburn, a teacher of this school, was visiting home folks in the Queen City Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. DeHaven gave a dance at his home Monday night.

CLIFTON CITY ITEMS.

Clifton City, Mo., March 2.

Messrs. W. P. Bidstrup, Layne, Higdon, Reed and Streit attended a sale near Pilot Grove last Wednesday.

Charles L. Rages, our hardware merchant, was a visitor in Sedalia Sunday.

Miss Laura Graves, of Bunceton, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dr. Fogle, Monday.

Mrs. Charles Todd was a passenger to Sedalia Tuesday.

J. Y. Tsukamata, of Fayette, spent Sunday here with friends.

Millard Fairfax, of New Lebanon, transacted business here Saturday.

J. E. Potter was a passenger to Sedalia Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Cordry are the pround parents of a bouncing boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Schile, of Lamine, are the guests of Mrs. James Bridges.

M. McCarty is having his eyes treated in Sedalia by Dr. Kelly.

Quite a number of our town people spent Sunday strolling over the cliffs.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Bidstrup and children spent Sunday at Sweeney with Mrs. Lon Streit.

Miss Sadie Briggs, of Pilot Grove, is up today reorganfzing her former music class.

T. L. Fairfax, of New Lebanon, was a visitor in town Monday.

Ed Hixon made his regular Sunday trip to New Lebanon.

Mrs. Warren Streit and sister, Miss Maria, have gone to housekeeping in C. B. Todd's residence.

Mr. E. E. Cordry has purchased a fine soda fountain.

Mr. and Mrs. Shea were passengers to Sedalia Sunday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society meets on Thursdays for the present.

Mrs. John Strine and daughters, Misses Alice and Ethel, were shopping in Sedalia Saturday.

Logan Nicewarner and family moved here from Beaman last week.

Dr. Wallace Simonds and John Potter, of Sedalia were Sunday visitors here.

PLEASANT VALLEY ITEMS.

Pleasant Valley, March 1.

Misses Armeda and Nora Garrett spent Sunday evening with Miss Josie Hodges.

Miss Lulu Bohon spent Saturday night with her cousins, Misses Stella and Ella Leiter, and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mowery.

Mr. and Mrs. Vollrath and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hodges.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leiter were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Dove Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bohon and two little children, Leo and Marvel, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Schneider and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Schneider were the guests of Mrs. Louella Mosby Sunday.

A. H. Garton spent Saturday night with Mr. and Mrs. George Mosby and family.

Mrs. George Eicholz, Mrs. Ben Dove and Uncle Patrick Foley are all on the sick list this week.

The debate at Pleasant Valley school house Friday night, last, was well attended. The question for discussion Friday night of this week is: "Resolved, That We Should Have Woman Suffrage." There will also be a fine literary program, which will close the debate for this season. Everyone is invited.

Mattie and Retta Anderson were the guests of Mrs. Louella Mosby Friday night.

Mrs. William Alcorn and children, Miss Gladys and Master Morey, of Parsons, Kas., are visiting Mrs. Alcorn's mother, Mrs. R. C. Anderson.

Mrs. W. R. Bohon and daughter, Miss Lulu, spent Monday evening with Mrs. George Eicholz.

Everett and Avery Mosby were the guests of their cousin, Fred Mosby, Friday night.

Misses Stella and Ella Leiter and little brother, Lonnie, visited their sister, Mrs. Ben Mowery, Sunday.

Miss Grace and Gertrude Reynolds had as their guests Saturday night Misses Josie Hodges, Beadie and Cora Wainscott and Messrs. Emmett Wainscott and Walter Wesloh.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L Garrett spent Tuesday at the home of W. R. Bohon.

OTTERVILLE ITEMS.

Otterville, Mo., March 3.

Mr. Archie Leach, of Clarksburg, spent from Saturday till Sunday with his parents.

S. J. Laws closed a successful term of school at Stony Point last Friday.

Miss Nell Wilkerson returned Sunday from a few days' visit with relatives at Clarksburg.

Dr. Howlett and wife were called to Slater last week to see their daughter, Mrs. H. A. Edwards, who is seriously ill of pneumonia.

Mr. George Burford and family started for Colorado Monday, to make that state their home.

Mrs. Ernest Halley, of Marysville, Kas., is visiting at Mr. Halley's, east of town.

F. J. Taylor visited his sister, Mrs. Sue Martin, Sunday, between trains.

Charles Leach was out of school a few days last week on account of la grippe.

Mrs. Maude Shoemaker and children, of Sedalia, visited her mother, Mrs. M. E. Small, from Friday till Sunday.

Frank Adams returned to Kansas City Sunday, after visiting home folks.

Mrs. Claggett, of Smithton, visited Mrs. 'Squire Brooks Sunday.

Rev. C. H. Harrell filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday, morning and evening.

Mrs. Bass and son, Ira, visited relatives in Sedalia a few days last week.

Mr. Tobe Potter was a passenger to Syracuse Sunday.

Lionel Yancey, of Montana, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Margaret Yancey.

Miss Sue Hockaday, of Sedalia, visited home folks the latter part of last week.

Mrs. M. E. Small went to Sedalia Sunday for an extended visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Spry went to Malta Bend Monday, where they will make their future home.

The candy bazaar given by the B. Y. P. U. Juniors Saturday afternoon was quite a success. They realized $6.80 from the sale of their candy.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Gardener and Miss Nannie Bryan, of near Clifton City, visited at J. H. Bryan's one day last week.

Quite a number are suffering from la grippe.

Held for Criminal Court.

O. P. Arnold, a lineman, who was arrested Wednesday afternoon by Officers Robertson and Jackson, charged with stealing a suit case belonging to E. A. Dalton, another lineman, was held to criminal court in the sum of $500 by H. M. Gresham, sitting as ex-officio justice of the peace, at 5 o'clock last afternoon.

WHERE QUALITY STANDS THE TEST

Every Stetson bears the Stetson Name

So far as appearances go, a cheap-made hat may, at first glance, look like a



Stetson

but a few weeks later the poor hat will look old, while the **Stetson** will retain its fine finish, its fast, rich color and its excellence of style straight through the season. Come in! get a **Stetson.**

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest Styles

See the New Spring Styles in Hats at

Wm. Courtney's

VALDA ITEMS.

Valda, Mo., March 3.

H. A. and W. D. Elliott, Thomas Parberry and Charles Chrisman were transacting business in the Queen City Saturday.

Miss Geneva Jordan and Walter Russ, a popular couple of the Valda vicinity, are to be wedded today. We wish them a prosperous and happy life.

Mrs. Fred Meyers was shopping in Sedalia Tuesday.

William Hamlett and Ed Young were among the Valda farmers in the Queen City Saturday.

The Smith telephone line is nearing completion.

Elmo Elliott left a few days ago for St. Joseph, Mo., to enjoy a duck hunt. He will be gone about ten days.

R. F. Cramer is in Arkansas this week, looking after a land deal.

Merle Elliott, who has been sick for some time with throat trouble, is but a very little better.

Mrs. J. H. Warren, widow of the late J. H. Warren, moved her household goods March 1 from her farm, eight miles south of Sedalia to, to 209 South Quincy street, Sedalia, where she is now at home to her friends. Miss Amandalee Stephens, bookkeeper for Kroencke & Cordes, will make her home with Mrs. Warren, who is her aunt, and where she will be glad to meet her friends.

Preventics—those Candy Cold Cure Tablets—will safely and quickly check all colds and the grip. Try them once and see. 48-25c. Sold by the W. B Bard Drug Co.

Stephenson Re-elected to Senate.

Madison, Wis., March 4.—Isaac Stephenson was today re-elected United States senator on the twenty-third ballot, receiving 62 out of 123 votes of the joint assemby.

CLIFTON CITY ITEMS.

Clifton City, Mo., March 2.

Business opened up good this week, but last week, on account of bad roads, it was dull.

Dick Dickmann has sold his farm to Ben Suter, of Kansas. Mr. Dickmann will move to our city.

William Bloomcamp, who bought the Christ Tonges property, will move to our city next week.

Herr Balke, of Lincoln, was in our city yesterday on business.

John Fitschen celebrated his twenty-fifth wedding day anniversary Sunday, about forty families being invited to help celebrate the occasion.

Ed Eickhoff has commenced his new dwelling. J. H. and Fred Eickhoff are doing the carpenter work.

Ed Schwald has sold his residence to Herr Meyer, who will build a new dwelling at once.

Walter Parks has bought the Sturhman property, and Mr. Sturhman will build again at once.

Gerd Muller shipped several loads of stock to the St. Louis market last Monday.

William Harms went out into the country Monday to look after his farm on Lake Creek.

George Trader and several others of our sportsmen went wolf hunting last week, and had the good luck to kill one wolf.

D. Bruns and wife, from Hulda, who bought the Grube property, were in town Monday. They will repair the property and then make our city their home.

The Trinity Lutheran congregation have bought the Michaels property, and will build a new parsonage.

Ed Boeschen and wife, of Branden, were in our city visiting over Sunday.

Henry Buchholz, Jr., has sold his property to Senn Boettjer, and has bought a lot from D. Muller to build again.

John Buchholz has sold his proerty, and will move to Kansas City in about two weeks.

REAL ESTATE LOANS

I have a large sum of money on hand to loan on FARMS and improved up to date Sedalia property.

GRANT CRAWFORD,
410 OHIO STREET.

Official Statement of the Condition of the

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,

SEDALIA, MO.

At the close of business Feb. 5, '09.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 814,277.18	Capital Stock	$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts	5,357.03	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking House Fur. and Fixtures	24,500.00	Circulation	100,000.00
Real Estate	1,450.00	Undivided Profits	25,826.36
U. S. Bonds at par	150,000.00	Deposits	1,181,446.70
Other Bonds	90,100.00		
5 per cent Redemption Fund	5,000.00		
Cash and Sight Exchange	416,318.85		
Total	$1,507,303.06	Total	$1,507,303.06

The above Statement is correct.

Wm. H. POWELL, Cashier.

TAFT'S RIGHT HAND MAN

FRED W. CARPENTER, WHO WILL BE HIS SECRETARY, HAS BEEN TESTED OUT.

IS TRULP WELL EQUIPPED FOR POSITION

Since Joining for Service in Philippines Has Been the Man Upon Whom New Occupant of the White House Depended.

Washington, March 2.—In this land of opportunity there is nothing more entrancing than the stories of the rise to fame or fortune or position of those who strive and are found worthy. Among these stories few are more interesting than that of Fred W. Carpenter.

Eight years ago he was a modest clerk in a San Francisco law office. After March 4 he will be secretary to the president of the United States, with a government carriage at his disposal when he rides out. With an influence in the new administration rated second to that of no cabinet minister, and with the salary of a United States senator.

It is self evident that it takes brains and mettle to make a rise like that. No incompetent could do it, and neither could one with mediocre endowments. Only the selected thoroughbreds run in the derby. Only a young man of infinite tact and capacity could have gone the pace with such a man and such a prodigious worker as Mr. Taft and hold his plans under all the difficult circumstances in which he found himself. But Carpenter came through, and in coming he earned the confidence of his chief in such a way that now he is held fit for the most difficult position in any administration—that of buffer between the president and the whole world.

Duties of President's Secretary.

Probably few people unfamiliar with Washington have an adequate conception of the amount of business the secretary of the president is called upon to perform, or of the importance of that business. In the course of time every known influence comes to the White House on one errand or another. It may come in the guise of a very humble citizen whose tale is of such a nature that it is of supreme importance for the president to hear it in person, or it may come with the weight of an arrogant foreign government behind it, or backed by the cheek of one of our most bloated monopolists. The secretary to the president must know whom to admit and whom to turn away, and he must know it on the spot. It is not a job which permits the secretary time to investigate. Thus:

To the man whom the president should see in person, "Come Thursday at 10:30 in the forenoon, and kindly be prompt."

To the pushing foreign influence, "The president regrets that he cannot deviate from his rule which will require you to do your business solely through the state department and the regularity accredited ambassador of your country."

To the cheeky corporation, "The president, of course, would be pleased to see you could anything be accomplished, but your matter has been referred to the bureau of corporations, where you will receive every courtesy, and as the president is very much engaged, he begs to ask you to go there."

In this wise they come, one after another, in an endless stream, the most powerful personages and the most potent influences, and they are all met by the secretary. With him rests the decision. He must take instant judgment, and he must make no mistakes. Hence, he must be in the entire confidence of the president, and must have the grasp and intelligence to carry all the cares of the administration even as the president is compelled to carry them. Mr. Roosevelt was fortunate to be able to bring to the White House to be his secretary one whom he had tried and found not wanting, and now Mr. Taft is to have the same good fortune.

Traveled 100,000 Miles With Taft.

Mr. Carpenter has traveled 10,000 miles with Mr. Taft. He has stood at his elbow on all sorts of occasions, and has made good. But he could not have done so without craft and tact and wisdom, and above all good nature. For it must be known that Mr. Taft, despite his famous smile, is a man of temper, and no sour-face would survive with him. But Carpenter has good nature, and the somewhat rare quality of being able to perceive the point of a joke when it is on himself. Not so long ago he attended a dinner in Washington along with several hundred other people. An important looking person came in hurriedly and asked if Mr. Carpenter, soon to be secretary to the president, was present. Mr. Carpenter arose to show himself.

"Gentlemen," said the important looking person, with a bow toward Carpenter, "I call your attention to the keeper of the records of the Ananias club for the next four years."

And Carpenter was the first man to see the joke and to show his appreciation.

It requires craft to serve a president, or even a member of the cabinet, and not bungle things. The duties of a great public office are so numerous and exciting that only the most skillful subordinates can survive. They tell a story about Taft when he was secretary of war which illustrates this point in a lowly, understandable way. A United States senator came into the secretary's office.

"Mr. Secretary," he said, "those reports you promised me have not come."

"What!" exclaimed Taft. "It doesn't seem possible. I must investigate," and he rang for his colored messenger.

"Sam," said Taft, as the dusky functionary entered the room, "did you send those reports to Senator Blank?"

"Yes, sir," replied the messenger, unhesitatingly. "I done took 'em to the postoffice myself."

"Very well, that will do, Sam. You did well."

The messenger retired and the secretary turned triumphantly to his distinguished caller, who was looking properly crest-fallen.

"As a matter of fact, senator," remarked Taft, "the reports have not been sent to you because I forgot to send them, but I just wanted you to see that in this office we know our business."

Carpenter's "Course of Sprouts."

Fathers and mothers of sons may have a natural curiosity to know the nature of the training which has made Mr. Carpenter available for his coming important task. They will find it nothing more than the old story of intelligent and unceasing application. Born at Sauk Center, Minn., in 1872, he was taken to California eight years later, where his growing years were spent on his father's ranch, in the northern part of that state. The district school and a private academy fitted him for college with an appetite for the law. He first entered a law office back in his old state, and then the University of Minnesota, from which he was graduated, and in which he also took a post graduate course and the degree of master of law.

With it all he studied stenography, and became a master hand at it, so that when he returned to California he at once found a place in the law office of Bishop & Wheeler, as one of Mr. Wheeler's secretaries. There he made a certain reputation for himself which was the thing that ultimately led to his present relations with Mr. Taft. Away out in the Philippines that sturdy statesman was at that time having troubles, and having some of them in undue doses. One day he exclaimed with testy impatience:

"I wish I could find a stenographer with sense; one who could spell and punctuate and realize the gravity of the business we are transacting and act accordingly."

A man who had heard some things about a certain law office in San Francisco chanced to be in the neighborhood of that exclamation as Governor-General Taft of the Philippines released it at random.

How Carpenter "Joined Out."

"If you will send for Fred W. Carpenter, now with Bishop & Wheeler in San Francisco," he said, "you will never again have occasion to complain of your stenographer."

Mr. Taft, driven to distraction by the strenuous demands of his position, accepted the voluntary suggestion and cabled for Carpenter. And Carpenter has been with him ever since. He served as stenographer for one year, and as Taft had been advised, he found no occasion to complain. On the contrary, he was so well satisfied that he made Carpenter his secretary, which was when Carpenter began his travels in the Taft band wagon.

He went to Rome with Taft in 1902 to help put through those difficult negotiations with the vatican regarding the friars' lands, and thence back to the Philippines by way of the Suez canal. He returned to the United States as Taft's secretary when the big man became secretary of war. He accompanied Taft on at least one Panama trip. He went to the Philippines with Taft in 1905 when the secretary took over a congressional party, including Alice Roosevelt and Nick Longworth. He likewise was of the party when Secretary Taft went to the Philippines in 1907, and he returned by way of the Siberian railroad and Russia. His journeys with Taft, as stated, aggregate in the neighborhood of 100,000 miles, and include two trips around the world.

The country well understands, of course, that Mr. Taft has enormous capacity for work, but it does not understand so well that he also has in his big makeup a streak of the real old tropical manana. He likes to put off things, and he does put them off. And when he does them he has a lot of them to do. The people who went through the campaign with Taft saw the human side of the man with vivid fidelity, and they have no difficulty in understanding why Fred Carpented is highly prized and relied upon by Taft. Carpenter is so exceedingly expert and intelligent that when it comes to doing three days' work in one he is always there with the goods, as they say in the leading sporting circles.

Grinding Out Campaign Speeches.

Those campaign speeches used to be the bane of Taft's existence. Not that he did not like to deliver them, for he did. But he hated with a most cordial hatred to prepare them in advance. Yet prepare them he had to, for they generally had to be ready for the newspapers at the moment of delivery, in order that the train might proceed to the next point of oratorical outburst. Taft used to postpone the preparation of the speeches until his political assistants became restive and urgent, and then he would turn upon them and blow them up properly, after which he would retire with Carpenter and take up the weary grind once more of dictating in cold blood that which he had desired to say only when warmed up.

Mr. Carpenter has acquired fine ability to read people. This has been one result of his connection with Mr. Taft. And it is this which will serve him well when he goes to the White House to act as official sifter of the unceasing stream of callers there. But his habit of life has also equipped him in another direction for the position. He has learned the art of making his time count in the dispatch of business. He can break off an important and absorbing task to conduct an interview upon some entirely foreign topic, and then in an instant drop back into the depths of his work. It is a rare art, but the secretary to the president must have it developed to a degree, if he would be successful, and everybody who knows Mr. Carpenter predicts nothing but success for him in the place.



MAGNIFICENT REVIEW OF SPRING STYLES



Spring Fashions as They Are Now Correctly Portrayed in Our Opening Stocks.

Those who love the new and beautiful in dress will find much of interest in our new season's displays. And while the exhibits are now at their best, a visit to our store will be interesting, affording, as it will, a chance to practice real economy, and at the same time, "study the styles," analyze them, and have the principles of fashion clearly explained to you. The garments now on exhibition in the various departments of our store are typical of the accepted and authoitative fashions for the season to come. We desire to impress upon you the fact that our efforts in making this collection were not confined solely to the higher priced kinds, for we have gone to the extreme to procure very extensive assortments of garments at popular prices. The demand for apparel that is "different," we have met upon a larger scale than ever before. Everyone should see this splendid exhibit in its entirety, for an hour or more spent here will give one a correct interpretation of the styles to be worn this season. The prices—let's not discuss them here—ours are ALWAYS the lowest and INVARIABLY SATISFACTORY, because attached to nothing but satisfactory goods.

$15 At this price we are showing a wonderful array of beautiful suits, combining the newest styles and materials—long hipless model coats satin or taffeta lining and the new full gore flare skirts. Suits that are usually sold everywhere at $18.75 and $20.00.

$17.50 and $18.75 Surprises await you in this showing—wonderment at the value crowded into the suits at this price, for you never see their equal for less than $25.00. Coats in gracefully semi-fitting models, finger-tip length. Two, three and four-button styles.

$25 These suits are the perfection of high class garments. Among the modish effects shown at this price are the new 3-piece style, and the long hipless coats which seem to hang straight from the shoulder. Fancy colored taffeta and satin linings with Bengaline silk trimmings. Suits of this class are sold everywhere at $30.00 and $35.00.

$29.50 to $45.00 Real Parisian models in exquisitely rich effects. Each one an exclusive model.

$11.50—Our Special!

Suit of fine all wool shadow stripe worsted and panama; all the new shades; long hipless coat satin lined and button trimmed; pretty skirt to match; $15 value.

FIVE STORES

B·O·N·D·I BROS. & CO.

We Make a Specialty of Suits for Small Women, Misses and Juniors and Extra Large Sizes.

TIME TO PAY FINES IS PAST

Neither Standard Nor Republic Oil Company Turns in $50,000.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—Though the time given them in which to do so expired yesterday, neither the Standard Oil company nor the Republic Oil company has paid the $50,000 fine imposed upon each of them by the Missouri state supreme court, when it rendered its writ of ouster.

Just what action will be taken by the court is yet to be determined, and some action may be taken Tuesday, when the court will probably meet in banc.

The Waters-Pierce Oil company, also fined $50,000, paid that sum into the court the day on which it was due and is since seeking a modification of decree against it in other respects.

HON. W. H. TAFT IS PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page 1.)

It took the procession three hours to pass the reviewing stand. It was a great sight, full of interest and color. Under the direction of the trained military chieftains who had given their time to the perfection of details, the parade passed quickly and in perfect form. When in front of the reviewing stand some of the civic marching clubs showed their proficiency in drill by performing evolutions. The regulars and National Guardsmen, however, swept by in perfect military precision. The parade was worthy of the occasion that called it into marching line.

May Institute Ouster Suit.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—The Republic Oil company of Ohio will be the next target of the attorney general's department in ouster suits, according to announcements made today. The concern was given until March 1 to pay a $50,000 fine assessed against it by the supreme court, but as no return has been made efforts will be made to collect the money.

The Standard Oil company of Indiana did not pay its fine yesterday, but its motion for a rehearing and modification of the judgment stays the penalty until the supreme court acts upon the motion.

New Pastor Arrived Today.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Rev. Harold Cooper and wife arrived this afternoon from Ironton, Ohio, and the former at once assumed the pastorate of the First Congregational church, succeeding the Rev. James Parsons, resigned. The Rev. Cooper delivered his farewell sermon at Ironton last Sunday.

Will Marry at Lamonte.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

L. G. Parker and Miss Lottie M. Weikal, both of Lamonte, were granted a marriage license here this afternoon, and will be united in wedlock at the home of the bride's mother at Lamonte by the Rev. Perry E. Pierce at 8 o'clock tonight.

VERY PLEASANT SURPRISE

For Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Lyon at Their Home Last Night.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Lyon were pleasantly surprised at their home, 1510 South Osage avenue, Tuesday evening by the members of the South Side Fancy Work club and their friends.

Music and various games were indulged in and refreshments were served by the ladies, consisting of sandwiches, pickles, salads, coffee, cake and fruit. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Settles, Mr. and Mrs. J. Mettersheimer, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Rucker, Mr. and Mrs. George Wittlinger, Mr. and Mrs. Al Harris, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Craig, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Murphy, Mesdames Haggerty, Missie Edwards, Myers, Leece and Leffler.

DEATH OF "BILL" TUTT

Negro Who for Years Was a Porter on Main Street.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

William M. Tutt, better known as "Bill" Tutt, a well known colored saloon porter and a singular character, died after a lingering illness from heart trouble at his home, 140 West Morgan street, at 11 o'clock this morning. Funeral services will be held tomorrow.

"Bill," for several years past, and in fact up to the time that ill health forced him to quit work, was employed as porter at various saloons on West Main street.

In the olden days he was an eyewitness to all Saturday night disturbances in that locality, and was known from one end of the street to the other.

County Court Doings.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The judges of county court today continued until next term the Embree bridge petition for Bowling Green township, and allowed $75, provided the citizens raise $100, for working down the Kirk hill.

Nolen Adjudged Insane.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Peter Nolen, colored, was found to be of unsound mind by a jury in Probate Judge Kennedy's court today and Dr. C. S. Walden was appointed guardian. The following constituted the jury: C. E. Clopton, D. H. O'Rear, J. H. Hope, Harvey MacGugin, J. H. Thompson, A. B. Dempsey, C. H. Allen, S. A. Rosse, J. M. Logan, W. R. Dillard, W. R. Inman and J. B. McClure.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET

Nominated at Convention in St. Louis Monday.

St. Louis, Mo., March 2.—The republican city convention yesterday afternoon nominated the following ticket:

Mayor—Frederick K. Kreismann.
Comptroller—B. J. Taussig.
Collector—Edward Koein.
Treasurer—Leon W. Quick.
Register—Martin R. H. Witter.
Auditor—W. R. Hodges.
President B P. I.—Maxime Reber.
Assessor—Christian Brinkop.
Inspector weights and measures—Peter Anderson.
President city council—John H. Gundlach.

MADE NEW RECORDS

Wheat, Corn and Oats Went to the Highest Point Today.

Chicago, March 3.—New high records for the season were established by wheat, corn and oats on the board of trade today. May wheat led the advance by touching $1.19½, only two cents under the highest price of the Gates campaign. July advanced to $1.06⅞; May corn sold at 67¾ and May oats 56½.

BASEBALL MEASURE PASSES

Indiana Legislators Go Over Veto for Sunday Game.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 3.—By a greater majority than the original bill, vetoed by the governor, the new Broiley bill to permit Sunday baseball passed the house yesterday.

The vote was 56 to 39.

DIVORCE SUIT DISMISSED

Three Petitions Have Been Filed in Past Three Years.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

For the third time in the past three years, Jacob S. Moyer, formerly a prosperous and well known farmer and stockman of Pettis county, now residing at Deepwater, Mo., today dismissed his suit for divorce against his wife, Louella Moyer, and paid all costs in the case.

Mr. and Mrs. Moyer have been married ten years. About three years ago he instituted suit for divorce, on the grounds of desertion and indignities. Later they patched up their difference, returned to each other and the petitioner dismissed the suit.

After several months Moyer again brought suit, making the same allegations. This, too, was patched up, Moyer again dismissing his action.

After months Moyer filed his third suit, alleging desertion and cruelty, and today, through his attorney, W. D. Steele, he dismissed the suit in circuit court.

"Bud" Shepard Sells Out.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

I. A. Shepard, better known as "Bud" Shepard, has sold his livery stock at 109 West Fifth street, including horses, buggies, etc., to John Menefee, jr., who moved his new purchases to his own stable, on West Main street, last night. Mr. Shepard is contemplating moving his family away from Sedalia.

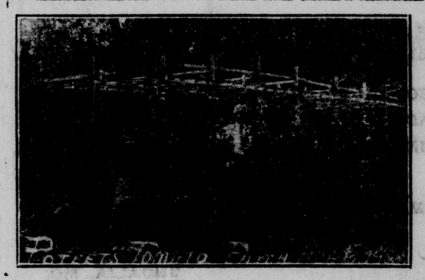
Injured in a Runaway.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Dr. W. J. Ferguson was called to Dresden this morning to attend J. W. Bunnell, who is critically ill with peritonitis as a result of being injured in a runaway accident Monday. The patient's condition today was unchanged.

Are Members of Sorosis.

At Monday afternoon's meeting of Sorosis Mrs. David J. Temple and Mrs. P. G. Stafford were elected associate members.



Send $1 to A. E. Poteet, 701 W. Broadway, Sedalia, Mo., and he will send you Tomato Seed enough to plant a patch like this and tell you how to raise them.

WALK-OVER SHOES



The New Spring Styles

$3.50--Walk-Over Shoes--$4

You have never had as much Shoe Satisfaction as it is possible for you to get if you have never worn Walk-Overs. Walk-Overs come in all styles and all leathers at the uniform price of $3.50 and $4.00 always. The new spring styles now showing. Come in and see them.

J. L. Louis & Co.
Outfitters for Men and Women

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

That Was Nominated at Convention in St. Louis Tuesday.

St. Louis, Mo., March 3.—The city democratic convention yesterday nominated the following ticket:

Mayor—William F. Woerner.

Comptroller—James Y. Player (incumbent).

Auditor—Henry C. Menne, deputy collecto .

Collector—James Hagerman, Jr. (incumbent).

Treasurer—W. A. Giraldin, real estate.

Assessor—James Duross, district assessor.

Preident city council—H. Chouteau Dyer, lawyer.

Inspector of weights and measures—Cornelius J. Dacey, produce.

Register—M. K. McGrath, lawyer, former secretary of state.

President board of public improvements—J. C. Travilla, street commissioner.

Marshal—August J. Hemmenstedt.

Are Somewhat Improved.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Junior Scruton, who has been seriously ill since Saturday with bilious fever, is some better today, and Allan, his older brother, who is suffering from a broken leg, sustained in a fall at the gymnasium Friday night, is getting along as well as could be expected, considering the nature of his injury.

In Charge of The Owl.

Dr. Thos. J. Fletcher, the well known druggist, formerly in business on Ohio street, is the prescriptionist in charge at The Owl Drug Store, succeeding Mr. McCann, who has moved to his farm, in Henry County.

Got a Verdict for $50.

A verdict for the plaintiff for $50 was returned late Tuesday in circuit court in Frank Williams' damage suit against the Sedalia Light and Traction company.

MANILA ITEMS.

Manila, March 2.

Rev. Roberts filled his regular appointment at Antioch Sunday.

Mr. Snow will open his blacksmith shop this week and will be ready for all kinds of work.

R. Mather made a business trip to Sedalia today.

W. H. Stevenson and family spent Sunday with F. McNutt and family.

E. H. Greer is moving to what is known as the John T. Heard farm.

Mr. M. Durrill and W. H. Helsey are attending the Monsees sale.

F. S. Looney, who recently sold his farm, is moving to a farm five miles north of Green Ridge.

Russell Mowrey and Ella Jones were united in marriage at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. G. V. Francis, Sunday.

Land buyers from Kansas City bought several farms near Ionia the past week.

Blanche Walsh Has Recovered.

Blanche Walsh will leave Kansas City for New York city in a few days. She left the University hospital Monday, after an illness of several weeks, and is staying at the Hotel Baltimore for a few days. She is gaining strength rapidly, it is said, and will be able to travel the latter part of this week or the first of next.

Honor for Mr. Meuschke.

H. W. Meuschke, chairman of the Pettis county republican central committee, has been named by Governor Hadley as a member of the board of managers of the Nevada insane asylum. The honor was worthily bestowed.

Soon Going Abroad.

Ed Kahrs, who recently was selected as one of the salesmen for the International Harvester company to make European trips for the company this year, will soon leave for his trip abroad.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

STAY IN MISSOURI

BUT IN CASE YOU MUST LEAVE US, CALL OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

Ten to Fifteen Dollars Daved

ON TICKETS TO MEXICO, CALIFORNIA, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO, WESTERN COLORADO, UTAH, NEVADA, IDAHO, MONTANA, OREGON, WASHINGTON, BRITISH COLUMBIA AND ALBERTA.

TICKETS SOLD DAILY, MARCH 1 TO APRIL 30, '09.

J. W. McCLAIN, P. & T. A.,
SEDALIA, MO.

SUIT BARES A DUAL LIFE

MISSOURI FARMER SUPPORTED TWO FAMILIES FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

NEITHER WIFE KNEW ANYTHING OF OTHER

Son Born In Kansas Now Sues to Obtain Portion of the Estate of the Late J. T. Hayden In Randolph County, Mo.

Moberly, Mo., March 3.—A strange suit in partition filed here, will come up for hearing at the March term of circuit court in this city, in which two families are concerned and a double life lived in three states is disclosed. The suit is docketed "Hayden against Hayden."

In the trial the story will be told of a series of disappearances by Jas. Turner Hayden and a divorce granted from one woman who was never a legal wife.

In 1858, Hayden moved to this (Randolph) county, and settled on a farm near Yates. From that year until 1863, he lived the life of a thrifty and contented farmer, secure in the affections of his wife and children and bore a good name in the community.

In that year, 1863, without any known reason, he disappeared as suddenly and mysteriously as if the earth had opened and swallowed him.

It has been found he went to Kentucky, where he was married in 1865. After the civil war he moved to Southern Kansas and located on a farm near Parsons. For years he seemed happy and contented and amassed considerable property, giving his children by the second wife many advantages.

Suddenly he became dissatisfied and sold off all his property and again disappeared, leaving no clue to his family of his whereabouts.

He came back to Randolph county and went to his farm and lived for a year with his first family. During this time he improved the farm and fixed up things generally, but would not tell where he had been and why he left home.

After eighteen months he left home again as suddenly as he came, and his family could learn nothing of him. It was found he had gone back to his family in Kansas.

But things did not go so harmoniously as formerly and he died soon afterward. His first wife died ten years ago and the son, H. S. Hayden and daughter, Miss Nannie Hayden, settled the estate and divided the property.

Recently Frank Hayden, the son by the second wife, learned something of his father's early history and determined to bring suit against the Hayden heirs here for partition, which is the sequel to the suit.

The Haydens of this county live at Higbee and knew nothing of this half brother until suit was filed. Frank Hayden, of Parsons, Kas., is in the employ of the Pacific Express company.

When Hayden last disappeared from Parsons, he secured a divorce from Mrs. Hayden No. 2.

Pineules are for backache and bring quick relief to lumbago, rheumatism, fatigue and all other symptoms of kidney diseases. They are a tonic to the entire system and build up health and strength. Price 50c and $1. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

WANT A LIGHTING CONTRACT

Rival Companies Are to Put Up Sample.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

P. A. Janis, representing the Westinghouse Electric company, of St. Louis, is in the city today arranging for the erection of a street arc light at the corner of Fourth and Lamine avenue to test the worth of his lamp.

H. Faber, representing the General Electric company of Schnectady, N. Y., who has been in Sedalia on similar business, and who made arrangements for the placing of one of his firm's lamps, left for Kansas City Sunday.

These two firms are anxious, each on its own hook, to secure from the council the contract for lighting the streets of the city for a term of years.

The New Catholic Church

Workmen are now ready to begin the plastering of the interior of the new church building of St. Patrick's Catholic church, on East Fourth street.

"Jack" Carter Sends $5.

The Democrat-Sentinel has received a postoffice order for $5, with the request that the daily edition of this paper be mailed for a year to "Jack" Carter, Co. L, National Soldier's Home of Kansas. Here's the paper, Jack, and may it give you all of the pleasure you have anticipated.

Mrs. Offield Enjoying Her Visit.

Mrs. J. M. Offield, who has been enjoying a delightful visit in Kansas City and Sedalia, is expected home the first of the week, says the Muskogee, Ok., News of Sunday.

During her stay in Sedalia Mrs. Offield has been the recipient of many social courtesies. She was during her residence in that city very popular socially and her old friends have vied with each other to make her visit enjoyable.

SUPPOSED HIM A PAUPER

DEAD MAN WAS WORTH NEARLY $500,000 AND BURIED IN $1800 COFFIN.

A NURSE FOUND $19,000 IN CLOTHING

She Was Preparing to Burn It When Attention Was Attracted to What She Thought Was Paper Inside the Lining.

Danville, Ill., March 3.—It has come to light that Daniel Sheridan, 63 years old, a coal miner, who died here a few days ago, supposedly in destitute circumstances, was in reality worth almost $500,000.

The discovery was made when a nurse at St. Elizabeth's hospital started to burn some old clothes which had been worn by Sheridan.

Feeling something like paper in the lining of a shabby coat, she began an investigation, which resulted in the finding of more than $19,000 in bills in the coat and a vest.

Many of the bills, which were gold and silver certificates, were so badly faded as to be almost unrecognizable.

Further investigation revealed the fact that the dead man was the owner of an 800-acre farm near Cissna Park, Ill., and a 200-acre farm near Worthington, Ind.

It was also learned that the dead man's relatives are all wealthy, and that a brother, Robert, who died in Central Illinois a few years ago, left a fortune of $2,200,000.

Robert Lynch a wealthy cousin who came here from Monrovia, Cal., to attend the funeral, states that Sheridan left home thirty years ago because of an unhappy love affair, and nothing had been known concerning his whereabouts until word was received of his death.

Sheridan was given a magnificent funeral, being buried in a fine $1,800 hand-carved casket and a $300 suit of clothes.

LOSS OF 150 LIVES IN QUAKE

The Village of Masran, in Asiatic Turkey, Is Destroyed.

London, March 3.—A telegram from Smyra, Asiatic Turkey, says the village of Masran, near Jerusalem, has been destroyed by an earthquake. One hundred and fifty lives were lost.

Woods' Liver Medicine is a liver regulator which brings quick relief to sick headache, constipation, biliousness and other symptoms of liver disorders. Particularly recommended for jaundice, chills, fever, malaria. The $1 size contains two and one-half times as much as the 50c size. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Mr. Monroe Resigns.

Charles B. Monroe, foreman of the printing department at the reform school, resigned Saturday and will go to farming near Tipton—Boonville Democrat.

Mr. Monroe is a son of Walter M. Monroe, the well known insurance man, and was formerly employed as a linotype operator in Sedalia.

Death of High Red Man.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

H. H. Edwards today received notice of the death of Edwin D. Wiley, past great incohonee of the Improved Order of Red Men of America, which occurred at Des Moines, Ia., Tuesday. Burial will be made at Elgin, Ill., tomorrow.

Wed By Judge Hoffman.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Walter Russ, a young farmer, living six miles south of Sedalia, and Miss Geneve N. Jordan, daughter of T. J. Jordan, a merchant of Valda Mo., were married by Circuit Judge Louis Hoffman this afternoon. They will live on the goom's farm.

WAS RECORD SMASHER

L. M. MONSEES & SON'S SALE AT LIMESTONE VALLEY FARM TUESDAY.

THE WORLD'S RECORD JACK PRICES

"Limestone Wonder" 486, Sold to D. J. Griffith, a "Missourian," for $2,810—Total Sales Aggregated Near $35,000.

From every standpoint the thirty-second annual sale of jacks and jennets by L. M. Monsees & Sons, held at the Limestone Valley farm, near Smithton, Tuesday, was a record smasher. The most important precedent which the sale established was the sale of one jack, which brought the highest price ever paid for one animal of its type in the history of sales.

This jack is known as "Limestone Wonder 846," and was bought by D. J. Griffeth, of Jaudon, Cass county, Mo., who paid $2,810 for him. The bidding for "Limestone Wonder" was spirited from the start, there being admirers from Missouri, Texas and other states, who were eager for him.

The sale of jacks, in point of prices paid, was wonderful and bespeaks for the quality of stock raised by Monsees & Sons. The first ten jacks put up netted an average of $1,410 each, and the first twenty sold left the average at over a thousand dollars each, or $1,083, which established another world's record for these celebrated breeders.

All told, thirty-one jacks were sold and the total amount received for them was $27,030.

Thirty-three jennets were sold at the sale at an average of $233. The total receipts of the sale were $34 730, about $7,500 greater than the next largest sale, 1908.

Messrs. Monsees & Sons are, of course, gratified over the results of the thirty-second annual sale, but their pleasure is mostly due to the general satisfaction expressed by their customers. There never was better stock offered at any of their previous sales, the jacks and jennets being of the very highest quality and in trim condition. It did not require the recommendations of Messrs. Monsees after prospective buyers got on the ground, and the bidding was wholly upon the merits of the stock offered, with the keenest competition, the world offers.

About 700 people were in the big tent Tuesday, including buyers from every state in the Mississippi valley, from the far north, from the far south—and, as one auctioneer said, from "Arkansaw." Two jacks were sold to go to Old Mexico.

Col. Bob Harriman, of Bunceton, Mo.; Col. James W. Sparks, of Marshall, Mo., and Col. Charles Hieronymus, of Sedalia, did the selling on the block, Col. Harriman selling the first twenty head.

The work in the ring was ably looked after by Col. Kemp Hieronymus, Sedalia; John D. Snyder, Winfield, Kan.; C. F. Bowman, Sharon, Kan.; R. E. Mahoney, Edmond, Okla., and Rube Harkless, Windsor. D. O. Monsees clerked the sale.

Jacks.

Limestone Wonder 486—Black jack, 7 years old, 16½ hands high, was sold to D. J. Griffith, of Jaudon, Mo., for $2,810.

Dixon 969—Black jack, 5 years old, 16 hands high; Smith & Spurck, Nelson, Neb., $1,850.

Advance 2160—Black jack, 3 years old, 16¾ hands high; J. Quincy Smith, New Carlisle, O., $1,525.

Richmond 2155—Black jack, 3 years old, 16¼ hands high; W. T. Waggoner, Fort Worth, Tex., $1,250.

Hackley 2158—Black jack, 2 years old, 16½ hands high; W. T. Waggoner, Fort Worth, Tex., $1,200.

Neryx 953—Black jack, 7 years old, 15½ hands high; W. T. Waggoner, Fort Worth, Tex., $1,190.

Belmont 1749—Black jack, 5 years old, 16¼ hands high; Moore Bros., Bunceton, Mo., $1,105.

The Banker, 1295—Black jack, 7 years old, 16¾ hands high; Luke M. Emerson, Bowling Green, Mo., $1,100.

Wardance 1751—Black jack, 3 years old, 16 hands high; R. J. Merryfield, Minneapolis, Kas., $1,000.

Black Jim—Black jack, 5 years old; Luke M. Emerson, Bowling Green, Mo., $970.

Cunningharm—Black jack, 4 years old; Malone Bros., Springtown, Tex., $950.

Daniel Boone—Black jack, 6 years old; J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., $945.

Curley—Black jack, 2 years old; Neal Bros., St. Johns, Kas., $900.

Locust Duplex—Black jack, 2 years old; J. L. Jones, Jonesburg, Mo., $890.

Locus King—Black jack, 2 years old; G. B. Mahan, Silverlake, Kas., $870.

Caspintso—Black jack, 5 years old; W. E. Millhorn, Cushing, Ok., $800.

Monster, Jr.—Black jack, 8 years old; J. L. Hershey, Keytesville, Mo., $700.

Brown Blackwood—Brown jack, 5 years old; C. F. Cumberlidge, Wainwright, Ok., $700.

Rush's Jumbo—Black jack, 5 years old; W. C. Elledge, Hiattville, Kas., $700.

Mack L—Black jack, 4 years old; G. E. Norwood, Nelson, Neb., $690.

Shelbyville Star—Black jack, 7 years old; A. Phillipson, Holbrook, Neb., $640.

Charleston M—Black jack, 3 years old; W. E. Parsons, Carso, Mo., $640.

Wiggins—Black jack, 3 years old; W. F. Schade, Jackson, Mo., $610.

Magic—Black jack, 2 years old; J. L. Allen, Woodford, Wis., $570.

Leon Lad—Brown jack, 2 years old; R. J. Butts, Altas, Ark., $515.

Harold—Black jack, 3 years old; R. E. Deere, Buffalo, Mo., $415.

Jumbo G—Black jack, 3 years old C. M. Moore, Fortuna, Mo., $400.

Joker—Black jack, 2 years old; L. M. Emerson, Bowling Green, Mo., $355.

Black John—Black jack, 3 years old; V. E. Wynters, Old Mexico, $285.

Reno Lad—Brown jack, 3 years old; V. E. Wynters, Old Mexico, $200.

Baby Boy—Black jack, 1 year old; T. J. Snorgrass, Lincoln, Mo., $195.

Jennets.

Starlight Queen—Black jennet, 8 years old, and colt; J. L. Monsees, Smithton, Mo., $410.

Annie Starlight—Black jennet, 11 years old, and colt; J. L. Monsees, Smithton, Mo., $410.

Black Kate—Black jennet, 3 years old, and colt; Neal Bros., St. Johns, Kas., $400.

Oma Belknap—Black jennet, 8 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $360.

Martha Belknap—Black jennet, 7 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $360.

Queen May 3d—Black jennet, 3 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $355.

Black Bettie 3d—Black jennet, 11 years old; L. M. Emerson, Bowling Green, Mo., $350.

Jennie Grooms—Black jennet, 6 years old, and colt; E. P. McMinany, St. Paul, Minn., $335.

Miss Boil—Black jennet, 8 years old; W. E. Files, Lamonte, Mo., $315.

Miss Hermoso—Black jennet, 6 years old, and colt; Neal Bros., St. Johns, Kas., $300.

Mollie Taxpayer—Black jennet, 7 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $300.

Lady Charleston—Black jennet, 2 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $300.

Giantess—Black jennet, 8 years old, W. E. Files, Lamonte, Mo., $250.

Miss Lee 2d—Black jennet, 1 year old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo, $235.

Miss Monarch—Black jennet, 11 years old; John Ball, Farmersville, Ill., $210.

Miss Stiles—Black jennet, 8 years old, and colt; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $210.

Darling Starlingh—Black jennet, 2 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $205.

Liberty Belle—Black jennet, 5 years old; Moore Bros., Bunceton, Mo., $205.

Allie Hubble—Black jennet, 6 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $200.

Lady Summers 2d—Black jennet, 4 years old; Moore Bros., Bunceton, Mo., $195.

Miss Stiles 6th—Black jennet, 4 years old; John Ball, Farmersville, Ill., $180.

Miss Stiles 5th—Black jennet, 5 years old, and colt; P. Koffman, Savannah, Mo., $180.

Lady Summers—Black jennet, 6 years old; Moore Bros., Bunceton, Mo., $165.

Florida—Black jennet, 8 years old; C. W. Knox, Smithton, Mo., $155.

Liberty Belle 3d—Black jennet, 3 years old; Neal Bros., St. Johns, Kas., $150.

Dora Mammoth 2d—Black jennet, 1 year old; J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., $150.

Dora Mammoth—Black jennet, 10 years old; E. Timmons, King City, Mo., $140.

Liberty Beck—Black jennet, 5 years old; J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., $135.

Miss Stiles 3d—Black jennet, 8 years old; J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., $130.

Belle of Nelson 2d—Black jennet, 4 years old; J. L. Monsees, Smithton Mo., $100.

Giantess 2d—Black jennet, 3 years old; W. E. Files, Lamonte, Mo., Mo., $100.

Daisy—Black jennet, 11 years old; L. M. Emerson, Bowling Green, Mo., Mo., $100.

Lady Leon—Black jennet, 11 years old; J. L. Monsees, Smithton Mo., $90.

LOONEY & BLOESS LUMBER CO., FOR RUBBER ROOFING, $1.50 PER SQUARE.

TEN PERSONS PERISHED

IN THE BURNING OF A FIVE STORY TENEMENT HOUSE IN NEW YORK CITY.

STAIRWAYS ON FIRE PREVENTED ESCAPE

There Were Thirty Families in the Building, Mostly Italians—Believed "Black Hand" Did the Job.

New York, March 3.—Their escape cut off by burning stairways, ten persons perished early today in a fire that destroyed a five-story tenement house on the East Side in this city.

The victims were all Italians, their ages ranging from 80 to a girl of 4.

It is believed the blaze was incendiary, following a "Black Hand" notice which an occupant of the building received recently.

Four members of the Filiberti family and four of the Tranisano family are among the dead.

There were about thirty families in the tenement, mostly Italians, and the police and firemen rescued many of them.

Several babies were tossed from the windows and caught by the firemen on ladders.

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Sedalia Citizen.

Is your back lame and painful?

Does it ache, especially after exertion?

Is there a soreness in the kidney region?

The symptoms indicate weak kidneys.

There is danger in delay.

Weak kidneys fast get weaker.

Give your trouble prompt attention.

Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly.

They strengthen weak kidneys.

Read this Sedalia testimony:

Mrs. L. E. Killian, 504 East Second street, Sedalia, Mo., says: "For years my kidneys were disordered and an excess of uric poison in my system caused pain in my back and a stiffness in my joints. My general health was far from good, and I was unable to derive any benefit from the various remedies I used. When I read about Doan's Kidney Pills I procured a box from Bard's drug store, and soon felt better. I can truthfully recommend Doan's Kidney Pills in return for what they have done for me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CHARLES O'CONNOR RESIGNS

As Recording Secretary of the Knights of Columbus.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Charles O'Connor tendered his resignation as recording secretary of Sedalia council No. 831, Knights of Columbus, at last night's meeting, owing to other business which requires his attention, and Arthur W. Friemel was elected to fill the vacancy.

Three applications were balloted on, and it is expected to have a class of twenty-five candidates to be initiated on Sunday afternoon, March 21.

Moving From His Old Home.

George Dump, the well known farmer of the Mora neighborhood, is moving to his new home on rural route No. 8, Sedalia. Mr. Dump lived thirty-five years on his Mora farm, and his present move is the first in that period of time.

Mr. Dump will not be without the Democrat-Sentinel at his new home, having today ordered the paper sent to him for another year.

Meeting of the Driving Club.

At a meeting of the Sedalia Driving club, Monday night, it was decided to give the first races in April. It is hoped to arrange races for Memorial day with either the Kansas City or Carthage Drivng clubs, which clubs have some of the speediest horses in the state.

High School for Higginsville.

Higginsville, Mo., March 9.—A special bond election was held here yesterday and $25.000 in bonds was voted to erect a high school building by a vote of 352 to 167. A very light vote was cast.

Have Moved to Sedalia.

O. M. Hughes, an expert piano tuner for the Jesse French Piano company, and family, have moved to Sedalia from Fulton, and will make their home here permanently.

TOTAL OF SALE, $15,450

THAT OF THE PETTY BROTHERS AT THEIR FARM WEST OF THE CITY.

WAS EXCLUSIVE JACK AND JENNET SALE

Twenty-Two Jacks Sold for $11,780 and Fifteen Jennets Sold for $1,755—Those Who Made the Many Purchases.

Petty Bros. first exclusive jack and jennet sale, held Wednesday on their farm west of the city limits, was a most flattering success in every particular, and the young proprietors at the close had the hearty congratulations of all the large crowd who attended.

Between two and three hundred stock and jack men who returned on the special train Tuesday evening from attending the Monsees sale remained over and attended the Petty sale, free transportation being furnished by the proprietors.

When the sale was opened in the large tent used, every seat was occupied by a jack man, each closely examining the catalogues of the sale. From start to finish the bidding was spirited, and splendid prices were realized, making the sale a good second to the Monsees sale of the day previous.

Altogether twenty-two jacks were sold for $11,780, or an average of $535.50. Considering the fact that the sale included a number of young animals the result was most encouraging.

Fifteen jennets sold brought $1,755, or an average of $117. An imported Percheron stallion sold for $1,235, and "Marion," a black imported German coach stallion, sold for $680, bringing the total receipts of the sale up to $15,450.

The jennets were sold first, before dinner, and went for the following prices:

Clever Belle, sold to A. C. Petty, Arcola, Mo., for $160.

Liberty Belle went to W. A. Terry, Cave City, Kas., for $145.

American girl also sold to A. C. Petty, Arcola, Mo., for $125.

Leone Lady went to J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., for $70

Spanish Girl went to P. Coffman, Savannah, Mo., for $110.

Charleston Maid went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo. for $100.

Liberty Beck went to L. M. Monsees for $100.

Lady Walker went to J. R. Hampton, Sedalia, for $60.

Miss Jumbo went to G. E. Norwood, Nelson, Mo., for $75.

Del Smock (937), after much spirited bidding, went to J. B. Haley, Hope, Kas., for $230.

Bet (398) went to W. M. Olive, Rich Hill, Mo., for $105.

Belle of Nelson III went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo., for $130.

Lady Summers III went to R. J. Butts, Altus, Ark., for $95.

Florida II went to W. H. Powell, Higginsville, Mo., for $150.

Clever Belle II went to L. M. Monsees for $100.

When the crowd had been seated after dinner in the amphitheater prominent in the audience were Col. J. L. Jones, of Columbia, Tenn.; L. M. Monsees, of Limestone Valley farm; Col. John G. Callison, of Windsor; Luke Emerson, of Bowling Green; Mr. Finley, of Higginsville, and many other prominent jack men of this and other states, who were there to assist in making the sale a success, and their kind words at times prompted close competition in bidding.

After Col. Jones had delivered a short but most interesting talk on the jack and mule, the jack sale proper was opened, the following being the prices obtained:

Joseph Folk 2032, black jack with white points, 3 years old, was one of the most closely contested animals in the ring, but was finally secured by Wesley Cornine, of rural route No. 3, Nelson, for $1,225, and the same bidder secured Callaway Boy 2165, for $1,105.

Fair View Boy 2029, black with white points, 5 years old, was in great demand and after close bidding was secured by Neil Bros., St. Johns, Kas., for $1,300.

Bert Hackley 2026, black with white points, 3 years old, was secured by H. A. Johnson, Red Cloud, Neb., for $900.

George, 2028, black with white points, 4 years old, was sold to C. A. Jay, Nelson, Neb., for $825.

McElroy 606, black with white points, went to Monroe Cook, of California, Mo., for $650.

Mammoth, Jr., black with white points, after much spirited bidding, went to W. E. Parsons, Carson, Mo., for $715.

Albert 2027, black with white points, 4 years old, went to D. E. Winton, Bemis, N. M., for $725.

Petty's King, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Claude White, of Franklin, Mo., for $400.

Sedalia Boy 2025, black, 3 years old, went to W. E. Parsons, Carso, Mo., for $655.

Major, black with white points, 3 years old, was another animal in demand, but after close competition, was secured by A. C. Henderson, of rural route No. 5, Sedalia, for $525.

Liberty Jumbo, black with white points, a yearling colt, was picked up by Luke Emerson, of Bowling Green, Mo., for $450.

Monarch, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Herman Wemper, Moqua, Ill., for $455.

John H., 4 years old, was secured by Neil Bros., also, for $350.

Buffalo Bill 2124, black with white points, 3 years old, went to Guy Warren, Sedalia, for $285.

Esperanto, black with white points, was secured by Wesley Cornine, of rural route No. 3, Nelson, for $215, it being his third purchase.

Jumbola, black, 2 years old, went to W. F. Martin, Clinton, Mo., for $240.

Judge Nick Bradley, of Warrensburg, secured Sampson, a yearling black, for 205, and the same gentleman got Jumbo S., another yearling black, for $150

February, a black yearling, was secured by L. M. Monsees for $130.

Dictator, brown with light points, went to D. E. Hunter, Sabina, N. M., for $80.

Brookshire, black with white points, went to Monroe Cook, California, Mo., for $195.

Col. R. L. Harriman, of Bunceton; Col. James Sparks, of Marshall; Cols. C. J and Kemp Hieronymus, of Sedalia, and Col. Charles Henry, of Mora, conducted the sale, while John Petty looked after the books.

PROVIDENCE.

Providence, Mo., March 2.

Miss Malvey Baker, of Kansas City, visited with Miss Anna Hudson a few days last week.

Uncle Billy Pollard visited with Mr. and Mrs. George Locey Friday.

Rev. Zeb Thomas preached at this place last Sunday.

Mr. Williams has moved to Mr. F. B. Brereton's house.

Mrs. Sitton, of Sedalia, returned to her home Wednesday, after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. G. Stamberger.

Uncle Jimmie Pollard visited with Mr. J. L. Anderson Wednesday evening.

Mr. Dustin Morris visited his sister, Mrs. A. P. Smith, Sunday.

J. M. Potter and wife spent Sunday with W. C. Wakefield.

Mr. Parker, of near Camp Branch, was transacting business here Friday.

Mr. George Anderson and Ward Brownfield visited with M. M. Brownfield Friday night.

Messrs. P. G. Stuart, J. L. Anderson, Willie Wood, J. M. Scott and Clarence Hudson were shopping in the Queen City Saturday.

Mr. Willie Scott and wife spent Sunday with Mr. E. Y. O'Neill and wife.

Mr. M. M. Brownfield and family left Saturday for their new home near Green Ridge.

Mr. E. W. Wood was a Queen City visitor Friday.

Mr. C. G. Fischer and family have moved to their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lon Baker were in Smithton, shopping, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers Friday.

Miss Annie Pollard visited with Mrs. J. L. Anderson last week.

George Holman and John Steelman, of near Beaman, attended preaching here Sunday.

Allie Wherley was dragging saw logs here Friday.

Mr. Andy Deweese was transacting business in this community Monday.

Willie Wood, J. G. Stamberger and Mr. Woolery were shopping in the Queen City Monday.

Miss Della Forbes and Miss Fannie Lee, of Buncombe, attended preaching at this place Sunday.

Mr. Eversole, of Sedalia, was writing insurance in this community today.

The Lovelase school closed last Friday.

BOOTH GIVES $25,000 BAIL

Indicted Millionaire Goes to Court in Touring Car.

Chicago, March 2.—W. Vernon Booth, president of A. Booth & Co., and F. R. Robbins, former assistant treasurer of the company, who were indicted jointly last Saturday on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Continental National bank of $350,000, gave bonds of $25,000 and $15,000, respectively, yesterday.

A crowd gazed curiously at the well known polo player, master of the hounds and society man when Mr. Booth stepped from his big touring car and entered the criminal court building.

PETITION 43 FEET LONG

Johnson of Vernon Presents One Asking for Prohibition.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—One of many petitions introduced in the house yesterday was that which Representative Johnson, of Vernon, designated as "forty-three feet long, with names in proportion," asking for a prohibition amendment to the constitution.

The document was a roll of legal cap measuring about eight inches through.

Verdict for $12,000 Against Frisco.

Probably the largest judgment ever given in the Barry county circuit court for alleged personal injuries has been awarded Mrs. Alta Lee, who alleged she was injured by the breaking of a plank in the station platform at Fitzhugh, Okla. Judgment for $12,000 was awarded the plaintiff. The suit was on trial for two days and it was bitterly contested by the attorneys for both sides.

According to Mrs. Lee, she had just alighted from a 'Frisco passenger train at Fitzhugh, July 12, last, when she fell. She carried a baby in her arms at the time of the accident. She alleged her spine was injured and that she was badly bruised.

NEW TRIAL FOR DOCTOR

UNDER SENTENCE FOR CONNECTION WITH DEATH OF ELIZABETH GLEASON.

THERE WAS AN ERROR IN INDICTMENT

Rev. Clyde Gow, Who Was Also Convicted, Sent Girl to Doctor for Consultation, With a Fatal Result.

Montgomery, Mo., March 1.—It has been learned here that through a technical error Dr. H. W. Hemphill, convicted and given three years in the penitentiary in connection with the death of Miss Elizabeth Gleason, the Lincoln county school teacher, is to receive a new trial.

The indictment under which he was convicted is pronounced worthless because it omits certain words required by section 1825, as amended by the legislature of 1897.

The discovery of the error in the indictment in Dr. Hemphill's case explains what former Congressman R. H. Norton, attorney for Hemphill and Gow, meant when he said recently that he had a trump card up his sleeve.

Clyde W. Gow, pastor of the Methodist church at Elsberry, was arrested and given four years in the penitentiary at his trial at Mexico, having been jointly charged with the death of Miss Gleason. It was shown he had sent the girl to Dr. Hemphill for consultation.

A motion for a new trial has also been filed in his case before Judge Barnett, of this city, and as it was not argued during the present term of the circuit court of Audrain county, which adjourned Saturday, it will have the effect of postponing the pronouncing of the sentence on the former minister for at least three months. If a new trial is refused an appeal will be taken.

JAIL FOR BOSTON ELOPERS

Symphony Orchestra Flutist and Fellow Player's Wife Held.

Boston, Mass., March 4.—A round trip to the Pacific coast, in which Daniel Maquarre, flute soloist of the Boston Symphony orchestra, and Mrs. Mathilde Lenom, wife of another Symphony player, participated, ended yesterday in the superior court here, when both pleaded guilty to a statutory offense, and, failing to furnish $3,000 bail, were sent to jail to await trial.

The pair disappeared simultaneously in November. They were located recently by Mr. Lenom in San Francisco, where Mrs. Lenom had opened a millinery store and Marquarre was giving music lessons and were arrested at the request of the Boston authorities.

Neither of the accused was represented in the court proceedings yesterday and neither made an effort to obtain bail.

Old-Time Conductors.

D. J. Temple, an M., K. & T. passenger conductor, is the oldest conductor on the Sedalia division, having begun work as conductor on Feb. 1, 1879. Other veterans are: Harvey J. Smith, May 1, 1882; John Wrightman, Sept. 1, 1881; G. W. Ferreh, Nov. 20, 1882, and Mike Garvin, Sept. 6 1882.

Administratrix' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John A. Scott, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 24th day of February, 1909, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administrator within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benfit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they shall be forever barred.

This 24th day of February, 1909.

ELIZABETH C. SCOTT,
Administratrix.

Wounds Almost Instantly Fatal.

Nashville, March 2.—At the Cooper trial today, Dr. Duncan Eve testified to the effect that any one of the wounds in Senator Carmack's body, as described by Dr. Glasgow, who performed the autopsy, would have been almost instantaneously fatal.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package.—Arlington Pharmacy.

LOONEY & BLOESS LUMBER CO. FOR RUBBER ROOFING, $1.50 PER SQUARE.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Definite word has been received from our Mrs. M. B. Scaggs, assuring us that she would be in Sedalia, Saturday Morning. Mrs. Scaggs comes to this store as our modiste with highest class references and leaves a long clientele of satisfied patrons, to take charge of our Dressmaking Department.

We invite all who desire garments made to measure—to acquaint themselves with Mrs. Scaggs, and her prices.

More—

New Suits arrived today, direct from New York City, as fast as express trains could bring them.



Only the few hours behind the foremost Eastern styles that it takes the fastest trains to get here.

No two styles alike, remember, and like all good things—the best goes first—in a word, EARLY SELECTION IS IMPORTANT.

Continuation Sale of Pleated Skirts for Friday and Saturday

HALF PRICE

$10.00 Pleated Skirts	$5.00
$12.50 Pleated Skirts	$6.25
$13.75 Pleated Skirts	$6.88
$15.00 Pleated Skirts	$7.50
$16.50 Pleated Skirts	$8.25
Up to $25.00 Pleated Skirts	$12.50

Broadcloths, Panamas, Silks and Voiles in black, brown, blue, grey, tan, etc, plain colors, also many mannish mixtures in fashionable shades.

Flower-Barnett
THE STORE THAT SETS THE PACE
219-221-223 Dry Goods Co. OHIO ST.

WAGES TAKE A TUMBLE

Ten Per Cent Reduction Affecting All Classes of Employes.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 3.—A reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of practically every employe of the Lackawanna Steel Co. took effect yesterday.

The Lackawanna is one of the largest of the independent concerns and this is the first announcement of a cut in wages from the independents since the war of prices with the United States Steel corporation began.

The reduction affects all classes of employes and the office force.

Sick headache, constipation and biliousness are relieved by King's Little Liver Pills. They cleanse the system. Do not gripe. Price 25c. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

General Manager Resigns.

From Wednesday's Daily.)

George K. Hopkins, general manager of the Bee Hive Bargain Store, has resigned, and left on the noon train today for St. Louis to make his home. Mr. Hopkins' successor has not been named.

HUGHESVILLE ITEMS.

Hughesville, Mo., March 3.

Mrs. J. S. Baltzell was a passenger to Sedalia today.

Rev. T. M. Cobb filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church Sunday.

H. C. Smith returned today from a business visit in St. Louis.

Rev. Allen held service at the Christian church Sunday.

Mrs. Sallie Powell, who has been quite sick, is somewhat better at this writing.

Mrs. O. H. Coulter, of Sweet Springs, visited friends in Hughesville Tuesday.

The ladies of the M. E. church will serve dinner at the S. W. McClure sale March 9th.

J. N. McNees and wife, who have been at Hot Springs for some weeks past, are expected home at an early date.

Homer Baltzell is doing work as extra station agent.

The 1st of March came with the usual number of changes in location. W. W. McClure goes to the David Duly farm, Stanton Elliott moves to Mrs. Stephens' property in Hughesville and O. S. Siron goes to the Hasenmoinkle farm.

Henry Shelton, who spent the winter in Chicago, returned home a few days ago.

A guaranteed cough remedy is Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup. For coughs, colds, whooping cough, hoarseness and all bronchial affections. Best for children because it is quick to relieve and tastes good. Gently laxative. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Engineer Blown Fifty Feet.

The exploding of a Baltimore and Ohio freight engine at Hoytsville, O., early Sunday morning resulted in the death of Engineer J. L. McCullough, of Garrett, and the probably fatal scalding of Fireman Jack Schimmons, of the same city. Schimmons is now in the hospital at Garrett.

The cause of the explosion is unknown. The engine was demolished and McCullough's body was thrown fifty feet to the side.

DEATH STORY NOT TRUE

PAUL APPLEBY WAS NOT FATALLY INJURED IN A RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

LETTER FROM THE AGONIZED PARENTS

They Write to Dr. Nannie Dufur That They Have No Idea How Story Originated—Who Wrote Card to Miss Pearson?

The Democrat-Sentinel one day last week printed a rumor to the effect that Paul Appleby, the young son of the Rev. A. B Appleby, formerly of this city, but now of Newton, Iowa, had been killed in a runaway accident.

The same day Miss Ruth E. Pearson, a High school student, living at 807 North Grand avenue, received a post card alleged to have been written by Miss Una Appleby, a sister of Paul, confirming the death rumor.

Among those who wrote letters of sympathy to Rev. and Mrs. Appleby was Dr. Nannie Dufur, of this city, who yesterday received the following reply, stating that there was no foundation for the story of Paul's death and the parents had no idea how it could have originated. Here is the letter in detail:

Newton, Iowa, March 2, 1909.—Dr. Nannie Dufur, Sedalia, Mo.: I appreciate from the bottom of my heart your kind expressions of sympathy, but fortunately our circle is unbroken, and we are all in our usual health.

I am at a loss to know how such a report originated. Paul has not even been sick. Unless you would call certain slight bruises received in a game of basket ball sickness. They have occasioned him no special inconvenience—have in no wise interfered with his school duties or other work.

I know that experience is not responsible for the report, for it is too slight to mention except as a foot note to the statement as to general health. This matter is a mystery to us, as we received from Calhoun and Sweet Springs letters of the same nature as your own.

Please reassure any inquiring friends that up to date we are all right—rejoicing perhaps a little more than usual that our family circle is unbroken, for really while we are so glad that we have these friends who are so prompt to tender their sympathy (I do not know when we have appreciated letters more) there is something that seems a little uncanny about it. It seems like we have been under the very shadow of death; but we pray that a merciful Heavenly Father who for nearly a quarter of a century of our married life has kept our circle without a break, may continue to watch over us and all our dear friends who would make our sorrow their own.

Thanking you again for your very thoughtful letter, we are, yours sincerely—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Appleby.

You will be interested in knowing that Paul has never lost a day from school or work on account of rheumatism since he took that course of treatment from you some years ago. He graduates from the high school this spring and expects to enter Iowa college at Grinnell in September.

Present our kindest regards to Mr. Dufur.

Miss Pearson was seen at the High school this morning and corroborated the printed story telling of her having received a card telling of Paul's death, but beyond that she knew nothing in the premises.

JAMES J. JEFFRIES TALKS

Champion May Fight Jack Johnson for the Championship.

Chicago, March 2.—"I will fight Jack Johnson for the heavy-weight championship of the world if I am able to get into condition to do myself justice," said James J. Jeffries, who stopped off here on his way to New York yesterday.

"The story from Omaha that I said I would fight Johnson as soon as I finished my vaudeville engagement is not true," continued Jeffries. "I have never said definitely I would fight Johnson, and I am not ready to do so now. My future depends on my ability to get into condition."

Pains of women, head pains, or any pains stopped in twenty minutes, sure, with Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. See full formula on 25c box. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Will Hold Teachers' Examination.

Prof. T. R. Luckett, superintendent of the county schools, will conduct a teachers' examination at the court house on Friday and Saturday, March 26-27.

Sharp Eyes Will Notice Our Saving Prices.



Our Bargain Basement

Is filled with Shoes for Men, Women and Children. There is a great Bargain in ebery pair of these Shoes. If you buy them, you actually get

More Than Your Money's Worth.

Men's $3.50 Shoes for	2.48	Women's $3.50 Shoes for	2.48
Men's $3.00 Shoes for	1.98	Women's $3.00 Shoes for	1.98
Men's $2.50 Shoes for	1.48	Women's $2.50 Shoes for	1.48
Boys' $2.25 Shoes for	1.69	Misses' $2.25 Shoes for	1.69
Boys' $2.00 Shoes for	1.48	Misses' $2.00 Shoes for	1.48

Children's $1.35 and $1.50 Shoes for 98c

QUINN BROS.

Bargain Basement.

A Table of Handy Facts About the Presidents of the United States

NAME.	BORN.	PATERNAL ANCESTRY.	BIRTHPLACE.	MARRIED	RESIDENCE.	POLITICS.	RELIGION.	VOCATION.	INAUG. YEAR.	AGE.	SERVED.	TIME.
1. George Washington	Feb. 22, 1732	English	Pope's Creek, Westmoreland Co., Va.	1759	Mount Vernon, Va.	Republican	Episcopal	Farmer	1789	57	7 y. 10m. 4d.	Dec. 14, 1799
2. John Adams	Oct. 30, 1735	English	Quincy, Norfolk County, Mass.	1764	Quincy, Mass.	Republican	Congregational	Lawyer	1797	62	4 years.	July 4, 1826
3. Thomas Jefferson	April 13, 1743	Welsh	Shadwell, Albemarle County, Va.	1772	Monticello, Va.	Democrat	Nonsect	Lawyer	1801	58	8 years.	July 4, 1826
4. James Madison	March 16, 1751	English	Port Conway, King County, Va.	1794	Montpelier, Va.	Democrat	Episcopal	Lawyer	1809	58	8 years.	June 28, 1836
5. James Monroe	April 28, 1758	Scotch	Monroe Creek, Westmoreland Co., Va.	1786	Oak Hill, Va.	Democrat	Episcopal	Officer	1817	59	8 years.	July 4, 1831
6. John Quincy Adams	July 11, 1767	English	Quincy, Norfolk Co., Mass.	1797	Quincy, Mass.	Whig	Unitarian	Lawyer	1825	58	4 years	Feb. 23, 1848
7. Andrew Jackson	March 15, 1767	Scotch-Irish	Near Cureton's Pond, Union Co., N. C.	1794	Hermitage, Tenn.	Democrat	Presbyterian	Lawyer	1829	62	8 years.	June 8, 1845
8. Martin Van Buren	December 5, 1782	Dutch	Kinderhook, Columbia County, N. Y.	1807	Kinderhook, N. Y.	Democrat	Reformed Dutch	Farmer	1837	55	4 years.	July 24, 1862
9. William H. Harrison	February 9, 1773	English	Berkley, Charles City County, Va.	1795	North Bend, Ohio	Whig	Episcopal	Lawyer	1841	68	1 month.	April 4, 1841
10. John Tyler	March 29, 1790	English	Greenway, Charles City County, Va.	1813	Williamsburg, Va.	Whig	Episcopal	Lawyer	1841	51	3y. 11mo.	Jan. 17, 1862
11. James Knox Polk	November 2, 1795	Scotch-Irish	Near Pineville, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.	1824	Nashville, Tenn.	Democrat	Presbyterian	Lawyer	1845	49	4 years.	June 15, 1849
12. Zachary Taylor	Nov. 24, 1784	English	Orange Courthouse, Orange Co., Va.	1810	Baton Rouge, La.	Republican	Episcopal	Soldier	1849	64	1y. 4m. 5d.	July 9, 1850
13. Millard Fillmore	January 7, 1800	English	Summerhill, Cayuga County, N. Y.	1826	Buffalo, N. Y.	Republican	Episcopal	Lawyer	1850	50	2y. 7m. 26d.	March 9, 1874
14. Franklin Pierce	Nov. 27, 1804	English	Hillsboro, Hillsboro County, N. H.	1834	Concord, N. H.	Democrat	Episcopal	Lawyer	1853	49	4 years.	June 8, 1869
15. James Buchanan	April 23, 1791	Scotch-Irish	Cove Gap, Franklin County, Pa.	1858	Wheatland, Penn.	Republican	Presbyterian	Lawyer	1857	66	4 years	Oct. 1, 1868
16. Abraham Lincoln	February 12, 1809	English	Near Hodgenville, Larue Co., Ky.	1842	Springfield, Ill.	Republican	Methodist	Lawyer	1861	62	4y. 1m. 11d.	April 15, 1865
17. Andrew Johnson	December 9, 1808	English	Raleigh, Wake County, N. C.	1827	Greenville, Tenn.	Democrat	Methodist	Tailor	1865	57	3y. 10m. 20d.	July 31, 1875
18. Ulysses S. Grant	April 27, 1822	Scotch	Point Pleasant, Clermont Co., Ohio	1848	Washington, D. C.	Republican	Methodist	Soldier	1869	47	8 years.	July 23, 1885
19. Rutherford B. Hayes	October 4, 1822	Scotch	Delaware, Delaware County, Ohio.	1852	Fremont, Ohio.	Republican	Methodist	Lawyer	1877	54	4 years.	Jan. 17, 1893
20. James A. Garfield	Nov. 19, 1831	English	Orange Township, Cuyahoga Co., Ohio	1858	Mentor, Ohio.	Republican	Disciples	Lawyer	1881	49	6½ months.	Sept. 19, 1881
21. Chester A. Arthur	October 5, 1830	Scotch-Irish	Fairfield, Franklin County, Vt.	1859	New York City	Republican	Episcopal	Lawyer	1881	51	3y. 5½ mos.	Nov. 18, 1886
22. Grover Cleveland	March 18, 1837	English	Caldwell, Essex County, N. J.	1886	Buffalo, N. Y.	Democrat	Presbyterian	Lawyer	1885	48	8 years	June 24, 1908
22. Benjamin Harrison	August 20, 1833	English	North Bend Hamilton County, Ohio	1853	Indianapolis, Ind.	Republican	Presbyterian	Lawyer	1889	55	4 years.	March 13, 1901
24. William McKinley	January 29, 1843	Scotch-Irish	Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio.	1886	Canton, Ohio.	Republican	Methodist	Lawyer	1897	54	4y. 6m. 10d.	Sept. 14, 1901
25. Theodore Roosevelt	October 27, 1858	Dutch	New York City, N. Y.	1886	Oyster Bay, L. I.	Republican	Dutch Reformed	Author	1901	53	7yr. 11 m. 20d	
26. William H. Taft	Sept. 15, 1857	English	Cincinnati, Ohio.	1886	Cincinnati	Republican	Unitarian	Lawyer	1909	51	.....	

NAME.	EDUCATION.	WIFE.	CHILDREN.	CHILDREN. Sons.	CHILDREN. Daugh's.	DEATH CAUSE.	DEATH AGE.	DEATH PLACE.	BURIAL PLACE
1. George Washington	Private school.	Martha Custis	.....	.....	.....	Pneumonia	67	Mount Vernon, Va.	Mount Vernon Va.
2. John Adams	Harvard	Abigail Smith	5	3	2	Old age	90	Quincy, Mass.	Quincy, Mass.
3. Thomas Jefferson	William and Mary	Martha Skelton	6	4	2	Diarrhoea	83	Monticello, Va.	Monticello, Va.
4. James Madison	Princeton	Dolly Todd.	2	2	.....	Old age	85	Montpelier, Va.	Montpelier, Va.
5. James Monroe	William and Mary	Eliza Kortright	2	2	.....	Old age.	73	New York City	Richmond, Va.
6. John Quincy Adams	Harvard	Louise C. Johnson	3	1	2	Paralysis	80	Washington, D. C.	Quincy, Mass.
7. Andrew Jackson	Country school	Rachel Robards	.....	.....	.....	Consumption	78	Hermitage, Tenn.	Hermitage, Tenn.
8. Martin Van Buren	Village school	Hannah Hoes	4	3	1	Asthma	79	Lindenwold, N. Y.	Kinderhook, N. Y.
9. William H. Harrison	Hampden-Sydney	Anna Symmes	10	5	5	Bilious pleurisy	68	Washington, D. C.	North Bend, Ohio
10. John Tyler	William and Mary	Letitia Christian	8	4	4	Bilious attack	71	Richmond, Va.	Richmond, Va.
11. James Knox Polk	University of N. C.	Sarah Childress	.....	.....	.....	Diarrhoea	53	Nashville, Tenn.	Nashville, Tenn.
12. Zachary Taylor	At home	Margaret Smith	6	4	2	Bilious fever	65	Washington, D. C.	Springf'd, nr Lou'v'le, Ky.
13. Millard Fillmore	Country school	Abigail Powers	2	1	1	Debility	74	Buffalo, N. Y.	Buffalo, N. Y.
14. Franklin Pierce	Bowdoin	Caroline McIntosh	3	3	.....	Gastric	64	Concord, N. H.	Concord, N. H.
15. James Buchanan	Dickinson	Jane Means Appleton	.....	.....	.....	Gout	77	Wheatland, Penn.	Lancaster Penn.
16. Abraham Lincoln	Backwoods school	Mary Todd	4	1	3	Assassination	56	Washington, D. C.	Springfield, Ill
17. Andrew Johnson	Taught by wife	Eliza McCardle	5	3	2	Paralysis	66	Carter's Depot, Tenn	Greenville, Green Co., Tenn
18. Ulysses S. Grant	West Point	Julia Dent	4	3	1	Cancer	63	Mt. McGregor, N. Y.	Riverside Park, N. Y.
19. Rutherford B. Hayes	Kenyon	Lucy Ware Webb	8	4	4	Paralysis	70	Fremont, Ohio.	Fremont, Ohio.
20. James A. Garfield	Williams	Lucretia Rudolph	7	4	3	Assassination	49	Long Branch, N. J.	Cleveland, Ohio.
21. Chester A. Arthur	Union	Ellen Lewis Herndon	3	1	2	Bright's disease	56	New York City.	Albany, N. Y.
22. Grover Cleveland	Academy scholarship	Frances Folsom.	5	2	3	Debility	71	Princeton, N. J.	Princeton, N. J.
22. Benjamin Harrison	Miami	Caroline Lavinia Scott	3	2	1	Pneumonia	67	Indianapolis, Ind.	Indianapolis, Ind.
24. William McKinley	Allegheny College	Mrs. Mary I. Dimmock Ida Saxton	2	1	1	Assassination	58	Buffalo, N. Y.	Canton, Ohio.
25. Theodore Roosevelt	Harvard	Alice Lee Edith Carow	5	3	2				
26. William H. Taft	Yale	Helen L. Herron	3	1	2				

SPENCER'S BILL IS $4000

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNORSHIP CONTEST MAY PROVE COSTLY TO GMELICH.

HIS SALARY BUT LITTLE MORE THAN BILL

State Republican Organization May Aid—May Ask Attorney to Cut Demand—Won't Talk on the Subject.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—Judge Selden P. Spencer, of St. Louis, who represented Jacob F. Gmelich, lieutenant governor, before the legislative canvassing committee in the recount on that office, has rendered a bill to the lieutenant governor for $4,000 for his services and expenses, according to report here.

There are two items in the bill. One is for legal services and aggregates $2,000, and the other is $1,400 for expenses incurred in traveling and printing. While Mr. Gmelich made the contest more as a matter of principle than for any monetary consideration, yet it is understood that he is not entirely satisfied with Judge Spencer's bill, and a friend of the lieutenant governor said that Judge Spencer will likely be asked to shave down his bill to some extent. Mr. Gmelich, who is acting governor in the absence of Governor Hadley, declines to discuss the matter or to say that Judge Spencer had rendered the bill.

The salary which Mr. Gmelich will receive during his four years as lieutenant governor will amount to only $4,000, exclusive of the per diem he receives when the legislature is in session as president of the senate. Counting the $840 which he will receive for this session and $490 which will be paid him for the next session, he will receive during his term of office about $5,330, or about $1,330 for the four years, if Judge Spencer's bill stands.

These figures, however, do not include the $1,000 voted Mr. Gmelich, and a like sum was voted Mr. Painter, by the legislature toward defraying the expenses of the recount.

Last night W. H. Hallet, of Nevada, member of the republican state committee, who is here, said the organization should, and probably would, raise a portion of the bill of Judge Spencer, as it is not fair nor right to compel Mr. Gmelich, who was drafted for the race against his will, to incur the full expense of the contest.

A $4,780 CONTRACT AWARDED

By the Pettis County Court to John Watson, of St. Louis.

(From Tuesday's Daily)

The judges of the Pettis county court late Monday afternoon opened bids for the reinforcement of the south side of the court house, and awarded the contract for the work to John Watson, of St. Louis, whose bid was $4,780.

Other bidders and their bids follow: Cauliflower & Taylor, $5,160; D. T. Hartshorn, $4,961; C. P. Werner, $4,945.

The contract calls for a reinforcement of the south walls of the court house; for placing sections under the present foundation and for placing bars through the second story of the structure.

Some time ago the south wall began cracking, and this action of the court is to ward off any danger.

WILL PRESENT A PLAY

Sacred Heart Dramatic Club Held Meeting Last Night.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The members of the Dramatic club of Sacred Heart church met at the school hall, on West Third street, Monday night, and took preliminary steps to present the religious drama, "St. Elizabeth," at Sacred Heart hall immediately after the Lenten season.

Misses Ida Lorsbach, Louise Rast, Irene Riley, Emma Keller and Alice Harris were appointed the committee to select the cast of characters for the play.

Odd Fellows Initiated One.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

J. Q. Adams was initiated into Napolis lodge No. 153, I. O. O. F., at last night's meeting. Work in the first and second degrees was postponed until next Monday night, owing to the absence of the prospective candidates.

The Petty Bros. Sale Today.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

There is a good attendance at Petty Bros. jack and jennet sale today. Before dinner fifteen jennets were sold for $1,700, and up to 3 o'clock this afternoon five jacks had been sold for $6,000. Nearly all of the bidders are strangers, many of them having attended the Monsees sale yesterday, and nearly all will remain over for the W. B. Taylor horse sale tomorrow and Friday.

Cigarette Smoker to Asylum.

Greenville, Ill., March 2.—As a result of the incessant smoking of cigarettes, Charles McCasland, 21 years old, a son of Theodore McCasland, living west of this city, was adjudged insane by a jury in the county court before Judge William H. Dawdy. McCasland was taken to the insane asylum at Anna.

MUCKEY VERSUS DEBOLD

WIFE SUED FOR $500 DAMAGES FOR SELLING LIQUOR TO HER HUSBAND.

THE LATTER'S TESTIMONY ADMISSIBLE

Kansas City Court of Appeals Holds He Has Right to Testify for Wife in Suit—Another Pettis County Case.

The Kansas City court of appeals decided Monday that a husband had the right to testify for his wife in a suit brought by the wife against a dramshop keeper.

The suit was brought in Pettis county by Mrs. Lillian B. Muckey against William DeBold, a saloon keeper. The sum asked was $500. She asserted that she notified the saloon keeper not to sell liquor to her husband, Stephen D. Muckey, and that her husband went into the saloon and drank with a detective.

Mrs. Muckey brought a suit for damages against the saloon keeper, and to prove her case she offered the deposition of her husband, saying he drank in the saloon after the statutory notice had been served by his wife on the dramshop keeper.

The lower court refused to admit the testimony. Mrs. Muckey took a non-suit and appealed.

Judge J. M. Johnson wrote the opinion of the appellate court, ordering the lower court to admit the testimony.

George W. Barnett was attorney for Mrs. Muckey and C. C. Kelly for Mr. DeBold.

The court of appeals also passed upon the case of John M. Morgan against the Missouri Pacific Railway Co., a suit for $5,000 damages for an injury sustained by an engine tire falling upon one of his feet while employed at the company shops here.

In the lower court the plaintiff was given a verdict for $2,200 damages, but the railroad company appealed the case. Judge George F. Longan was Morgan's attorney.

WILL ERECT A PARSONAGE

Eight Bids Were Opened Last Night, but Contract Not Awarded.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The trustees of the Fifth Street M. E. church, South, met at the pastor's study at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening and received bids from eight contractors for the erection of a modern parsonage to be erected on the lot recently purchased of S. E. Spencer on the south side of West Fourth street, in the 300 block.

Bids were offered by the following: J. E. Heckert, H. M. Hammond, J. L. Cone, Jerome Moyer S. R. Dameron, J. W. Clum, L. V. Hutchins and J. C. Warren.

The bids were opened, but the contract will not be awarded until the latter part of this week.

THIS PRINTER HAD $40

But a Burglar Dropped In and Now the Money Is Gone.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Claude M. Yankee, living at 422 East Twelfth street, reported at police headquarters this morning that burglars had entered his home some time last night and stolen a pocketbook containing $40 from his trousers pockets. There is no clue.

Entrance was gained through a window. Mr. Yankee discovered the robbery this morning.

Mr. Yankee is a printer in the employ of the Sedalia Printing Co., and has now made up his mind that in future he will deposit his surplus cash instead of carrying it in his pockets.

Selected Assistant Secretary of Navy.

Washington, March 3.—President-elect Taft today announced the selection of Beekman Winthrop to be assistant secretary of the navy and his acceptance thereof.

H. KORTJOHN, JR., NAMED

HADLEY PROMPTLY SELECTS CARLISLE'S SUCCESSOR AFTER OPINION.

SKINKER TO STAY UNTIL APRIL ELECTION

The Election Board, as Now Changed, Will Have Charge of the Municipal Contest to Be Held Next Month.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 1.—Governor Hadley Saturday appointed Henry Kortjohn, jr., a member of the St. Louis board of election commissioners to succeed James L. Carlisle, unconfirmed appointee of Governor Folk.

This action followed closely on the heels of the receipt by the governor of Attorney General Major's opinion that Mr. Carlisle is not a legal officer and that the governor had no right to send his name to the senate.

The governor's prompt action was taken to prevent any interference with the work necessary to be done in advance of the April municipal election.

In giving out the appointment of Mr. Kortjohn, however, the governor said that had he the power to send in Carlisle's name he would have done so. The governor's statement follows:

"So far as I am concerned, the question involved in this matter has been entirely a legal one. Had the attorney general decided that I had the right to submit to the senate for confirmation the vacation appointment of Mr. Carlisle, for a term ending January 15, 1909, or until his successor was appointed and qualified, I would have done so.

"As he has decided that I do not have that right, and as the appointment must be made for a term of four years beginning January 15, 1909, I have decided to appoint Henry Kortjohn, jr., as the republican member of the board. Mr. Schnurmacher and Mr. Skinker, in accordance with my previously expressed intention, will continue in office until after the city election, at which time their successors will be appointed, a democratic member of the board being appointed as the successor of Mr. Skinker."

Three direct questions were submitted by the governor, and these are separately answered by the attorney general in a lengthy opinion given Saturday afternoon, in which liberal quotations are made from the statutes. Taking the questions of the governor in their order, the attorney general makes reply to them as follows:

"1. You have not at this time any authority to submit to the senate the vacation appointment of Mr. Carlisle to the unexpired term referred to. In the event of such a submission the senate would have no right to confirm such vacation appointment.

"2. Mr. Carlisle is not a legal officer, and, if acting as such, he is doing so without warrant of law, and is merely a de facto officer.

"3. Under the law, Mr. Carlisle's appointive term expired upon the assembling of the legislature, and he is not entitled to hold the office 'until his successor is appointed and qualified.'"

The fight agains Carlisle was begun by democratic members of the senate, and they are rejoicing over having got his political scalp. They were especially pleased at the attorney general's ruling that the governor had no right to send in his name.

THEY CALLED ON "TEDDY"

Between 10 O'clock and Noon Today Fully 2,500 People.

Washington, March 3.—Men who have been fifty years at the White House have no recollection of scenes such as were witnessed there today in the closing hours of President Roosevelt's administration.

It is estimated that between 10 o'clock and noon twenty-five hundred persons called to exchange farewell greetings with the retiring president.

During this time he signed several bills as they were brought from congress.

Conductor Stricken on Train.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

C. H. Whitmore, of St. Louis, a conductor for the Pullman Palace Car company, while running between the World's Fair city and Kansas City on Missouri Pacific train No. 11, was stricken with paralysis at Tipton at 2 o'clock this morning and was taken to the Missouri Pacific hospital at Kansas City in a precarious condition.

Dr. A. J. Campbell, Missouri Pacific surgeon in this city, was aroused and boarded train No. 11 here at 4:50 a. m., accompanying the patient to the Kaw river city.

DR. CAMP & CO.

SPECIALISTS

In the scientific treatment of all COMPLICATED, DEEP SEATED, CHRONIC and SPECIAL DISEASES of MEN and WOMEN



IF YOU ARE SICK Don't Experiment, but get the BEST—it is the cheapest in the end

PILES treated without pain or detention from business

Nervous Debility and Physical Decline

Our methods are thorough and up-to-date

BLOOD POISON Sores, Ulcers, Swollen Glands, Spots, Sores in the Mouth and Throat, Falling Hair, Copper Colored Spots on the Skin, Rheumatism, Pains in the Legs. In combating the King of bad diseases, no time should be lost, no experimenting should be done. Our treatment is absolutely safe, and leaves no injurious effects.

SPECIAL DISEASES Urethral obstructions, Discharges, Drains, Contracted Troubles, Prostatic and Bladder Ailments, Hydrocele, Inflammation, Irritation and all Urinary Complaints treated by painless methods. We have been specializing in these diseases for so many years that it is an easy matter for us to treat the most stubborn cases

STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWEL Diseases treated by the best scientific methods. No symptom treatment or guesswork. We convince the most skeptical as we show cures, and that is what you want.

DISEASES OF WOMEN We give the treatments, as practiced so successfully in VIENNA and BERLIN by the most famous Specialists. We take pride in saving all important Organs, for which other Physicians have advised expensive operations, often leaving the patient in worse shape than before.

RECTAL DISEASES Piles, Fistulas, Fissures, etc., we treat successfully by painless methods

CONSULTATION FREE AND STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Our fees and terms of treatment are within the reach of every one. Don't commence treatment until you get our advice.

AFTER WE TALK it all over with you and explain what we can do for you, you are perfectly free to take our treatment or not, just as you see fit. Every man who comes to us gets a square deal.

WE MAKE no deceptive or unbusinesslike propositions.

If you cannot call—write.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12.

DR. CAMP & CO.

225 SOUTH OHIO ST.

Rooms 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

Over Smoke House Cigar Stores, Sedalia

LOCAL OPTION HITS A SNAG

Gompers Says Labor Council Declines to Indorse Plan.

New York, March 2.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has taken a stand against the plan adopted by unions in this city, which sent circulars to various central labor bodies urging them to pass resolutions against local option. The following reply was received from Mr. Gompers:

"I beg to advise you that the executive council has given the subject matter of this circular careful attention, but it is the opinion of the council that the indorsement you request will not be practicable or advisable at this time. The executive council is of the opinion that it would not represent the general sentiment of organized labor to indorse the proposition now."

WOULDN'T ACCEPT OFFICE

Myron T. Herrick, of Ohio, Would Not Take the Place Offered.

Washington, March 3.—Myron T. Herrick, of Ohio, yesterday, for business reasons, declined an ambassadorship at the hands of President-elect Taft.

The post offered was not definite, Taft mentioning two or three places in which vacancies would occur and noting particularly the resignation of Ambassador Griscom at Rome.

Will Hold City Convention.

Chairman A. W. McKenzie has issued a call for ward primaries Friday night, the 19th, to select delegates to the republican city convention to be held at the court house at 7:30 o'clock

Mr. Hamner Buys a Home.

R. B. Hamner has purchased from F. W. Phipps the cottage at 1101 West Third street, the consideration being $2,600.

Mrs. Menefee Has a Relapse.

George Menefee returned last night from Kansas City, where he has been at the bedside of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Joseph Menefee, who is a patient at the Swedish hospital, after undergoing surgical operation. Up to two days ago Mrs. Menefee had been improving nicely, but Sunday she complained of stomach trouble, which caused a set-back.

Now Able to Leave Her Room.

Mrs. Sallie F. Brinton, who has been very ill with pneumonia for several weeks past, was able to be out on her front porch Tuesday for the first time since her illness.

INAUGURATION ADDRESS

PRESIDENT WILLIAM H. TAFT DELIVERED IT THIS AFTERNOON.

PAYS HIS PREDECESSOR WARM TRIBUTE

Will Maintain and Enforce the Roosevelt Reforms—Extra Session of Congress March 15 for Tariff Revision.

Washington, March 4.—President Taft's inaugural address, delivered after he had taken the oath of office, was as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: Any one who takes the oath I have just taken must feel a heavy weight of responsibility. If not, he has no conception of the powers and duties of the office upon which he is about to enter, or he is lacking in a proper sense of the obligation which the oath imposes.

The office of an inaugural address is to give a summary outline of the main policies of the new administration, so far as they can be anticipated. I have had the honor to be one of the advisers of my distinguished predecessor, and as such, to hold up his hands in the reforms he has initiated. I should be untrue to myself, to my promises and to the declarations of the party platform upon which I am elected to office, if I did not make the maintenance and enforcement of those reforms a most important feature of my administration. They were directed to the suppression of the lawlessness and abuses of power of the great combinations of capital invested in railroads and in industrial enterprises carrying on interstate commerce. The steps which my predecessor took and the legislation passed on his recommendation have accomplished much, have caused a general halt in the vicious policies which created popular alarm, and have brought about in the business affected, a much higher regard for existing law.

To render the reforms lasting, however, and to secure at the same time freedom from alarm on the part of those pursuing proper and progressive business methods, further legislative and executive action are needed. Relief of the railroads from certain restrictions of the anti-trust law have been urged by my predecessor and will be urged by me. On the other hand, the administration is pledged to legislation looking to a proper federal supervision and restriction to prevent excessive issues of bonds and stocks by companies owning and operating interstate commerce railroads.

Then, too, a reorganization of the department of justice, of the bureau of corporations in the department of commerce and labor, and of the interstate commerce commission, looking to effective co-operation of these agencies, is needed to secure a more rapid and certain enforcement of the laws affecting interstate railroads and industrial combinations.

I hope to be able to submit, at the first regular session of the incoming congress, in December next, definite suggestions in respect to the needed amendments to the anti-trust and the interstate commerce law, and the changes required in the executive departments concerned in their enforcement.

It is believed that with the changes to be recommended, American business can be assured of that measure of stability and certainty in respect to those things that may be done and those that are prohibited, which is essential to the life and growth of all business. Such a plan must include the right of the people to avail themselves of those methods of combining capital and effort deemed necessary to reach the highest degree of economic efficiency, at the same time differentiating between combinations based upon legitimate economic reasons and those formed with the intent of creating monopolies and artificially controlling prices.

The work of formulating into practical shape such changes is creative work of the highest order, and requires all the deliberation possible in the interval. I believe that the amendments to be proposed are just as necessary in the protection of legitimate business as in the clinching of the reforms which properly bear the name of my predecessor.

Extra Session for March 15.

A matter of most pressing importance is the revision of the tariff. In accordance with the promises of the platform upon which I was edected, I shall call congress into extra session, to meet on the fifteenth day of March, in order that consideration may be at once given to a bill revising the Dingley act. This should secure an adequate revenue and adjust the duties in such a manner as to afford to labor and to all industries in this country, whether of the farm, mine or factory, protection by tariff equal to the difference between the cost of production abroad and the cost of production here, and have a provision which shall put into force, upon executive determination of certain facts, a higher or maximum tariff against those countries whose trade policy toward us equitably requires such discrimination. It is thought that there has been such a change in conditions since the enactment of the Dingley act, drafted on a similarly protective principle, that the measure of the tariff above stated will permit the reduction of rates in certain schedules and will require the advancement of few, if any.

The proposal to revise the tariff made in such an authoritative way as to lead the business community to count upon it, necessarily halts all those branches of business directly affected, and as these are most important, it disturbs the whole business of the country. It is imperatively necessary, therefore, that a tariff bill be drawn in good faith in accordance with promises made before the election by the party in power, and as promptly passed as due consideration will permit. It is not that the tariff is more important in the long run than the perfecting of the reforms in respect to anti-trust legislation and interstate commerce regulation, but the need for action when the revision of the tariff has been determined upon, is more immediate to avoid embarrassment of business. To secure the needed speed in the passage of the tariff bill, it would seem wise to attempt no other legislation at the extra session. I venture this as a suggestion only, for the course to be taken by congress, upon the call of the executive, is wholly within its discretion.

For Graduated Inheritance Tax.

In the making of a tariff bill, the prime motive is taxation, and the securing thereby of a revenue. Due largely to the business depression which followed the financial panic of 1907, the revenue from customs and other sources has decreased to such an extent that the expenditures for the current fiscal year will exceed the receipts by $100,000,000. It is imperative that such a deficit shall not continue, and the framers of the tariff bill must of course have in mind the total revenues likely to be produced by it, and so arrange the duties as to secure an adequate income. Should it be impossible to do so by import duties, new kinds of taxation must be adopted, and among these I recommend a graduated inheritance tax, as correct in principle and as certain and easy of collection.

The obligation on the part of those responsible for the expenditures made to carry on the government, to be as economical as possible, and to make the burden of taxation as light as possible, is plain and should be affirmed in every declaration of government policy. This is especially true when we are face to face with a heavy deficit. But when the desire to win the popular approval leads to the cutting off of expenditures really needed to make the government effective, and to enable it to accomplish its proper objects, the result is as much to be condemned as the waste of government funds in unnecessary expenditure. The scope of a modern government in what it can and ought to accomplish for its people has been widened far beyond the principles laid down by the old laissez faire school of political writers, and this widening has met popular approval.

In the department of agriculture, the use of scientific experiments on a large scale, and the spread of information derived from them for the improvement of general agriculture, must go on.

The importance of supervising business of great railways and industrial combinations, and the necessary investigation and prosecution of unlawful business methods, are another necessary tax upon government which did not exist half a century ago.

Necessary Expenditures.

The putting into force of laws which shall secure the conservation of our resources, so far as they may be within the jurisdiction of the federal government, including the most important work of saving and restoring our forests, and the general improvement of waterways, are all proper government functions which must involve large expenditure if properly performed. While some of them, like the reclamation of arid lands, are made to pay for themselves, others are of such an indirect benefit that this cannot be expected of them. A permanent improvement, like the Panama canal, should be treated as a distinct enterprise, and should be paid for by the proceeds of bonds, the issue of which will distribute its cost between the present and future generations in accordance with the benefits derived. It may well be submitted to the serious consideration of congress whether the deepening and control of the channel of a great river system, like that of the Ohio or of the Mississippi, when definite and practical plans for the enterprise have been approved and determined upon, should not be provided for in the same way.

Then, too, there are expenditures of government absolutely necessary if our country is to maintain its proper place among the nations of the world, and is to exercise its proper influence in defense of its own trade interests, in the maintenance of traditional American policy against the colonization of European monarchies in this hemisphere, and in the promotion of peace and international morality. I refer to the cost of maintaining a proper army, a proper navy and suitable fortifications upon the mainland of the United States and in its dependencies.

We should have an army so organized, and so officered, as to be capable in time of emergency, in co-operation with the national militia, and under the provisions of a proper national volunteer law, rapidly to expand into a force sufficient to resist all probable invasion from abroad and to furnish a respectable expeditionary force, if necessary, in the maintenance of our traditional American policy which bears the name of President Monroe.

Calls for Strong Army and Navy.

Our fortifications are yet in a state of only partial completeness and the number of men to man them is insufficient. In a few years, however, the usual annual appropriations for our coast defenses both on the mainland and in the dependencies, will make them sufficient to resist all direct attack, and by that time we may hope that the men to man them will be provided as a necessary adjunct. The distance of our shores from Europe and Asia of course reduces the necessity for maintaining under arms a great army, but it does not take away the requirement of mere prudence, that we should have an army sufficiently large and so constituted as to form a nucleus out of which a suitable force can quickly grow.

What has been said of the army may be affirmed in even a more emphatic way of the navy. A modern navy cannot be improvised. It must be built and in existence when the emergency arises which calls for its use and operation. My distinguished predecessor has in many speeches and messages set out with great force and striking language the necessity for maintaining a strong navy commensurate with the coast line, the governmental resources and the foreign trade of our nation; and I wish to reiterate all the reasons which he has presented in favor of the policy of maintaining a strong navy as the best conservator of our peace with other nations and the best means of securing respect for the assertion of our rights, the defense of our interests and the exercise of our influence in international matters.

Our international policy is always to promote peace. We shall enter into any war with a full consciousness of the awful consequences that it always entails, whether successful or not, and we, of course, shall make every effort, consistent with national honor and the highest national interest, to avoid a resort to arms. We favor every instrumentality, like that of The Hague tribunal and arbitration treaties made with a view to its use in all international controversies, in order to maintain peace and to avoid war. But we should be blind to existing conditions, and should allow ourselves to become foolish idealists, if we did not realize that with all the nations of the world armed and prepared for war, we must be ourselves in a similar condition, in order to prevent other nations from taking advantage of us and of our inability to defend our interests and assert our rights with a strong hand. In the international controversies that are likely to arise in the orient, growing out of the question of the open door and other issues, the United States can maintain her interests intact and can secure respect for her just demands. She will not be able to do so, however, if it is understood that she never intends to back up her assertion of right and her defense of her interest by anything but mere verbal protest and diplomatic note. For these reasons, the expenses of the army and navy and of coast defenses should always be considered as something which the government must pay for, and they should not be cut off through mere consideration of economy. Our government is able to afford a suitable army and a suitable navy. It may maintain them without the slightest danger to the republic or the cause of free institutions, and fear of additional taxation ought not to change a proper policy in this regard.

The policy of the United States in the Spanish war, and since, has given it a position of influence among the nations that it never had before, and should be constantly exerted to securing to its bona fide citizens, whether native or naturalized, respect for them as such in foreign countries. We should make every effort to prevent humiliating and degrading prohibition against any of our citizens wishing temporarily to sojourn in foreign countries, because of race or religion.

Defect in Federal Jurisdiction.

The admission of Asiatic immigrants who can not be amalgamated with our population has been made the subject either of prohibitory clauses in our treaties and statutes, or of strict administrative regulation secured by diplomatic negotiation. I sincerely hope that we may continue to minimize the evils likely to arise from such immigration without unnecessary friction and by mutual concessions between self-respecting governments. Meantime, we must take every precaution to prevent, or, failing that, to punish outbursts of race feeling among our people against foreigners of whatever nationality who have by our grant a treaty right to pursue lawful business here and to be protected against lawless assault or injur

This leads me to point out a serious defect in the present federal jurisdiction which ought to be remedied at once. Having assured to other countries by treaty the protection of our laws for such of their subjects or citizens as we permit to come within our jurisdiction, we now leave to a state or a city, not under the control of the federal government, a duty of performing our international obligations in this respect. By proper legislation we may, and ought to, place in the hands of the federal executive the means of enforcing the treaty rights of such aliens in the courts of the federal government. It puts our government in a pusillanimous position to make definite engagements to protect aliens and then to excuse the failure to perform those engagements by an explanation that the duty to keep them is in states or cities, not within our control. If we would promise, we must put ourselves in a position to perform our promise. We cannot permit the possible failure of justice due to local prejudice in any state or municipal government to expose us to the risk of a war which might be avoided if federal jurisdiction was asserted by suitable legislation by congress and carried out by proper proceedings instituted by the executive, in the courts of the national government.

Monetary and Banking Laws.

One of the reforms to be carried out during the incoming administration is a change of our monetary and banking laws, so as to secure greater elasticity in the forms of currency available for trade, and to prevent the limitations of law from operating to increase the embarrassments of a financial panic. The monetary commission lately appointed is giving full consideration to existing conditions and to all proposed remedies, and will doubtless suggest one that will meet the requirements of business and of public interest. We may hope that the report will embody neither the narrow view of those who believe that the sole purpose of the new system should be to secure a large return on banking capital or of those who would have greater expansion of currency with little regard to provisions for its immediate redemption or ultimate security. There is no subject of economic discussion so intricate and so likely to evoke differing views and dogmatic statements as this one. The commission in studying the general influence of currency on business and of business on currency, have wisely extended their investigation in European banking and monetary methods.

Urges Postal Savings Banks.

The incoming congress should promptly fulfill the promise of the Republican platform and pass a proper postal savings bank bill. It will not be unwise or excessive paternalism. The promise to repay by the government will furnish an inducement to savings deposits which private enterprise cannot supply, and at such a low rate of interest as not to withdraw custom from existing banks. It will substantially increase the funds available for investment as capital in useful enterprises. It will furnish the absolute security which makes the proposed scheme of government guaranty of deposits so alluring without its pernicious results.

I sincerely hope that the incoming congress will be alive, as it should be, to the importance of our foreign trade and of encouragihg it in every way feasible. The possibility of increasing this trade in the orient, in the Philippines and in South America are known to everyone who has given the matter attention. The direct effect of free trade between this country and the Philippines will be marked upon our sale of cottons, agricultural machinery and other manufactures. The necessity of the establishment of direct lines of steamers between North and South America has been brought to the attention of congress by my predecessor, and by Mr. Root before and after his noteworthy visit to that continent, and I sincerely hope that congress may be induced to see the wisdom of a tentative effort to establish such lines by the use of mail subsidies.

The importance which the department of agriculture and of commerce and labor may play in ridding the markets of Europe of prohibitions and discriminations against the importation of our products is fully understood, and it is hoped that the use of the maximum and minimum feature of our tariff law to be soon passed will be effective to remove many of those restrictions.

The Panama Canal.

The Panama canal will have a most important bearing upon the trade between the eastern and the far western sections of our country, and will greatly increase the facilities for transportation between the eastern and western seaboard, and may possibly revolutionize the transcontinental rates with respect to bulky merchandise. It will also have a most beneficial effect to increase the trade between the eastern seaboard of the United States and the western coast of South America, and, indeed, with some of the important ports on the east coast of South America reached by rail from the west coast. The work on the canal is making most satisfactory progress. The type of the canal as a lock canal was fixed by congress after a full consideration of the conflicting reports of the majority and minority of the consulting board, and after the recommendation of the war department and the executive upon those reports. Recent suggestion that something had occurred on the isthmus to make the lock type of the canal less feasible than it was supposed to be when the reports were made and the policy determined on, led to a visit to the isthmus of a board of competent engineers to examine the Gatun dam and locks which are the key of the lock type. The report of that board shows that nothing has occurred in the nature of newly revealed evidence which should change the views once formed in the original discussion. The construction will go on under a most effective organization controlled by Col. Goethals and his fellow army engineers associated with him, and will certainly be completed early in the next administration, if not before.

Some type of canal must be constructed. The lock type has been selected. We are all in favor of having it built as promptly as possible. We must not now, therefore, keep up a fire in the rear of the agents whom we have authorized to do our work on the isthmus. We must hold up their hands, and speaking for the incoming administration, I wish to say that I propose to devote all the energy possible and under my control, to the pushing of this work on the plans which have been adopted, and to stand behind the men who are doing faithful hard work to bring about the early completion of this, the greatest constructive enterprise of modern times.

The governments of our dependencies in Porto Rico and the Philippines are progressing as favorably as could be desired. The prosperity of Porto Rico continues unabated. The business conditions in the Philippines are not all that we could wish them to be, but with the passage of the new tariff bill permitting free trade between the United States and the archipelago, with such limitations in sugar and tobacco as shall prevent injury to the domestic interests on those products, we can count on an improvement in business conditions in the Philippines and the development of a mutually profitable trade between this country and the islands. Meantime our government in each dependency is upholding the traditions of civil liberty and increasing popular control which might be expected under American auspices. The work which we are doing there redounds to our credit as a nation.

Cites Progress of Negroes.

I look forward with hope to increasing the already good feeling between the south and the other sections of the country. My chief purpose is not to effect a change in the electoral vote of the southern states. That is a secondary consideration. What I look forward to is an increase in the tolerance of political views of all kinds and their advocacy throughout the south, and the existence of a respectable political opposition in every state; even more than this, to an increased feeling on the part of all the people in the south that this government is their government, and that its officers in their states are their officers.

The consideration of this question cannot, however, be complete and full without reference to the negro race, its progress and its present condition. The 13th amendment secured them freedom; the 14th amendment due process of law, protection of property and the pursuit of happiness; and the 15th amendment attempted to secure the negro against any deprivation of the priviliege to vote, because he was a negro. The 13th and 14th amendments have been generally enforced and have secured the objects for which they were intended. While the 15th amendment has not been generally observed in the past, it ought to be observed, and the tendency of southern legislation to-day is toward the enactment of electoral qualifications which shall square with that amendment. Of course, the mere adoption of a constitutional law is only one step in the right direction. It must be fairly and justly enforced as well. In time both will come. Hence it is clear to all that the domination of an ignorant, irresponsible element can be prevented by constitutional laws which shall exclude from voting both negroes and whites not having education or other qualifications thought to be necessary for a proper electorate. The danger of the control of an ignorant electorate has therefore passed. With this change, the interest which many of the southern white citizens take in the welfare charged with the sacred duty of making their path as smooth and easy as we can. Any recognition of their distinguished men, any appointment to office from among their number, is properly taken as an encouragement, and an appreciation of their progress, and this just policy shall be pursued.

Sees Era of Better Feeling.

But it may well admit of doubt whether, in the case of any race, an appointment of one of their number to a local office in a community in which the race feeling is so widespread and acute as to interfere with the ease and facility with which the local government business can be done by the appointee, is of sufficient benefit by way of encouragement to the race to outweigh the recurrence and increase of race feeling with such an appointment is likely to engender. Therefore, the executive, in recognizing the negro race by appointments, must exercise a careful discretion not thereby to do it more harm than good. On the other hand we must be careful not to encourage the mere pretense of race feeling manufactured in the interest of individual political ambition.

Personally I have not the slightest race prejudice or feeling, and recognition of its existence only awakens in my heart a deeper sympathy for those who have to bear it or suffer from it, and I question the wisdom of a policy which is likely to increase it. Meantime, if nothing is done to prevent, a better feeling between the negroes and the whites in the south will continue to grow, and more and more of the white people will come to realize that the future of the south is to be much benefited by the industrial and intellectual progress of the negro. The exercise of political franchises by those of his race who are intelligent and well-to-do will be acquiesced in, and the right to vote will be withheld only from the ignorant and irresponsible of both races.

Labor Legislation.

There is one other matter to which I shall refer. It was made the subject of great controversy during the election, and calls for at least a passing reference now. My distinguished predecessor has given much attention to the cause of labor, with whose struggle for better things he has shown the sincerest sympathy. At his instance, congress has passed the bill fixing the liability of interstate carriers to their employes for injury sustained in the course of employment, abolishing the rule of fellow-servant and the common law rule as to contributory negligence. It has also passed a law fixing the compensation of government employes for injuries sustained in the employ of the government through the negligence of the superior. It also passed a model child labor law for the District of Columbia. In previous administrations an arbitrary law for interstate commerce railroads and their employes, and laws for the application of safety devices to save the lives and limbs of employes of interstate railroads had been passed. Additional legislation of this kind was passed by the outgoing congress.

I wish to say that in so far as I of the negroes has increased. The colored man must base their hope on the results of their own industry, self-restraint, thrift and business success, as well as upon the aid and comfort and sympathy which they may receive from their white neighbors of the south. There was a time when northerners who sympathized with the negro in his necessary struggle for better conditions sought to give to him the suffrage as a protection, and to enforce its exercise against the prevailing sentiment of the south. The movement proved to be a failure. What remains is the 15th amendment to the constitution and the right to have statutes of states specifying qualifications for electors subjected to the test of compliance with that amendment. This is a great protection to the negro. It will never be repealed, and it never ought to be repealed. If it had not been passsed, it might be difficult now to adopt it; but with it in our fundamental law, the policy of southern legislation must and will tend to obey it, and so long as the statutes of the states meet the test of this amendment and are not otherwise in conflict with the constitution and laws of the United States, it is not the disposition or within the province of the federal government to interfere with the regulation by southern states of their domestic affairs. There is in the south a stronger feeling than ever among the intelligent, well-to-do and influential element in favor of the industrial education of the negro and the encouragement of the race to make themselves useful members of the community. The progress which the negro has made in the last 50 years from slavery, when its statistics are reviewed, is marvelous, and it furnishes every reason to hope that in the next 25 years a still greater improvement in his condition as a productive member of society, on the farm, and in the shop and in other occupations, may come. The negroes are now Americans. Their ancestors came here years ago against their will, and this is their only country and their only flag. They have shown themselves anxious to live for it and willing to die for it. Encountering the race feeling against them, subjected at times to cruel injustice growing out of it, they may well have our profound sympathy and aid in the struggle they are making. We are can, I hope to promote the enactment of further legislation of this character. I am strongly convinced that the government should make itself as responsible to employes injured in its employ as an interstate railway corporation is made responsible by federal law to its employes; and I shall be glad, whenever any additional reasonable safety device can be invented to reduce the loss of life and limb among railway employes, to urge congress to require its adoption by interstate railways.

Federal Injunctions Upheld.

Another labor question has arisen which has awakened the most excited discussion. That is in respect to the power of the federal courts to issue injunctions in industrial disputes. As to that, my convictions are fixed. Take away from the courts, if it could be taken away, the power to issue injunctions in labor disputes, and it would create a privileged class among the laborers and save the lawless among their number from a most needful remedy available to all men for the protection of their business against lawless invasion. The proposition that business is not a property or pecuniary right which can be protected by equitable injunction is utterly without foundation in precedent or reason. The proposition is usually linked with one to make the secondary boycott lawful. Such a proposition is at variance with the American instinct and will find no support in my judgment when submitted to the American people. The secondary boycott is an instrument of tyranny, and ought not to be made legitimate.

The issuing of a temporary restraining order without notice has in several instances been abused by its inconsiderate exercise, and to remedy this, the platform upon which I was elected recommends the formulation in a statute of the conditions under which such a temporary restraining order ought to issue. A statute can and ought to be framed to embody the best modern practice, and can bring the subject so closely to the attention of the court as to make abuses of the process unlikely in the future. American people, if I understand them, insist that the authority of the courts shall be sustained and are opposed to any change in the procedure by which the powers of a court may be weakened and the fearless and effective administration of justice be interfered with.

Having thus reviewed the questions likely to recur during my administration, and having expressed in a summary way the position which I expect to take in recommendations to congress and in my conduct as an executive, I invoke the considerate sympathy and support of my fellow citizens, and the aid of Almighty God in the discharge of my responsible duties.

Wreckers Derail Big Four Train.

Big Four passenger train No. 40 struck a pile of stones five miles north of Wabash, Ind., Tuesday. The train was damaged, but not derailed.

Fifty feet from the pile of stones was Pawpaw creek, into which the train would have dashed had it been derailed.

Revenge is believed to have been the motive for the attempted wreck.

SEVERAL DEALS IN DIRT

TRANSFERS THAT HAVE TAKEN PLACE IN BOTH THE CITY AND COUNTY.

WHAT THE COUNTY RECORDS SHOW

Deeds That Have Been Filed in the Office of Recorder Morey During the Week Ending March 2, 1909.

The following transfers of realty have been filed for record:

W. H. Hall and wife to Henry Lewis and Kate Schmitt, wd., property north side of Sixth street, between Quincy and Grand avenues, $3,675.

R. S. McNees and wife to B. F. Parker, wd., property in the town of Lamonte, $850.

A. E. Albers and wife to James R. and Alice Huntress, wd., 56½ acres of land in Smithton twp., $3,672.

James R. Huntress and wife to A. E. Albers and Myrtle Stotts, wd., property in the town of Smithton, $2,725.

Clyde S. and George G. Cochran to James W. Patrick, wd., property south side of Third street, between Harrison and Grand avenues, $4,000.

William Lanstrum and wife to F. O. Lee, wd., 120 acres of land in Green Ridge twp., $6,000.

Lawrence Houser and wife to Henry W. Shull, wd., property in the town of Ewerton, $250.

G. H. Ayers to Mayme C. Wehrich, wd., property southwest corner Fifteenth and Ohio streets, $1, and exchange of property.

H. M. Janney and wife to R. A. Miller, wd., property in the town of Hughesville, $70.

R. A. Miller and wife to C. W. Claycomb, wd., property in the town of Hughesville, $40.

Nellie J. Turnham and husband to D. I. Wilcox, wd., property west side of Ohio street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, $2,250.

Mary F. Roberts to James Smiley, wd., property in the town of Longwood, $30.

Sidney J. Grubbs to John B. Howard and Louisa Howard, qcd., 40 acres of land in Elk Fork twp., $200.

John H. Paul and wife to Charles D. Rayburn, wd., 166 acres of land in Prairie twp., $8,000.

R. F. Harris and wife to George B. Stotts, wd., property north side of Fourth street, between Quincy and Park avenues, $800.

Henry B. Devoll to Akins M. and Sophia Mackey, wd., property north side of Pettis street, between Missouri and Moniteau avenues, $900.

Julius Beusing and wife to William H. Eckhoff, wd., 13 acres of land in Blackwater twp., $200.

John Dandy and wife to Henry J. Myers, wd., property north side of Fifth street, between Wagner and Center streets, $900.

William Love to Loving B. Turner, wd., 101 acres of land in Lamonte twp., $7,000.

John A. Sparks and wife to Thomas Terry, wd., property in the town of Lamonte, $200.

Henry M. Schondelmaier and wife to Charles H. Houchen, wd., 40 acres of land in Houstonia twp., $1,800.

John W. Black to Asher F. Winer, wd., 40 acres of land in Lamonte twp., $1,000.

John H. Pregge and wife to Taylor and Virgina B. Groves, wd., 34 acres of land, more or less, in Dresden twp., $1,700.

Mary A. Gregg to John T. Patterson, wd., property in the town of Houstonia, $446.66 2-3.

Frederick A. Stalhut and wife to Cora A. Quackenbush, wd., 360 acres of land in Flat Creek twp., $18,000.

John L. McCurdy and wife to Gaston P. Wilborn, wd., 205 acres of land in Hughesville twp., $13,325.

James H. Carmack to Claude W. Porter, wd., tract of land in Blackwater twp., $800.

Lizzie McNamera and husband to John B. and Louise Howard, qcd., 40 acres of land in Elk Fork twp., $200.

Patrick Foley and wife to William C. Eicholz, wd., 43 acres of land in Flat Creek twp., $1,800.

Robert F. Moseby and wife to Albert F. Eichholz, wd., 38 acres of land, more or less, in Smithton twp., $900.

Samantha Redd and husband to James R. and Lydia Parrott, wd., tract of land of about 100 acres in Lamonte twp., $5,500.

Mary A. Lotts to William and Emma Everett, wd., property southwest corner of Fourteenth and Wagner streets, $160.

John Fowler to Henry Willes, wd., property northwest corner of Wilkerson and Stewart avenues, $650.

Mary E. Cort and husband to Michael J. and Peter J. Donnahue, wd., 80 acres of land in Flat Creek twp., $1,600.

Fair and warmer tonight; Friday probably cloudy and warmer.

Chasnoffs | Chasnoffs

Spring is Blossoming Out in All Parts of This Busy Store

Save Money in These Advance Spring Sales

Important Sale of New Spring Silks.

New Foulards. **New Fancy Silks.**

Here's an opportunity to purchase the silks you require underprice. Special purchase of Foulards and Fancy Silks are offered at savings away out of the ordinary at this season of the year.

Satin Foulards and Fancy Silks; most desirable colors and patterns; plenty of stripes, dots, spots and rings, 19 to 24 inches wide; $1.00 value 59c

$8.00 Chic Spring Hats at $4.95.

Just a sample item from our Millinery department, where you can depend upon getting the latest styles at lowest prices. The one illustrated is a medium size,



hand made model of beautiful braid, trimmed with jet bands and rosette of ribbon, specially priced at $4.95. Other new spring Hats in a profusion of styles; $2.98 to $15.00.

Women's $8.00 New Spring Skirts, $5.87

A prominent maker with whom we do considerable skirt business, and who supplied us with many of our best selling styles this season, sent us 100 skirts at a discount price, which saving goes directly to you tomorrow—skirts of chiffon, panamas, voiles and fancy serges, in gored, circular and flared models—some plain tailored, others attractively trimmed with buttons, satin bands, folds and tailored straps—if in need of a skirt, do not fail to take advantage of this offering—skirts that are well tailored, hang gracefully and fit perfectly; $8.00 is what they are really worth. Friday, choice of anw for .....

5.87 **5.87**

Low Prices for New Dress Goods

44 inch white and black stripe suiting; 69c value 39c

44 inch all wool French serge in all the new shades; $1.00 value 79c

44 inch all wool Broadway stripe; satin prunella cloth; $1.50 value 97c

44 inch stripe batiste; 89c value 59c

10c GINGHAMS, 6¾c

These are the desirable Everett Classic Ginghams, in steel blue, nurse stripe or plain blue, pink and tan; some stores sell it at 10c; on sale 6¾c

MINISTER SLEW MANIAC

A VALET OF BRIG. GEN. MILLER RUNS AMUCK NEAR TEMPLE, N. H.

THE MAN WAS CRAZED BY STRONG DRINK

Retired Officer and Housekeeper Driven From Building—Minister Was Member of Posse in Pursuit.

Temple, N. H., March 3.— While crazed with drink here George L. Marcott, a valet in the employ of Brigadier General James Miller, United States army, retired, ran amuck yesterday, and after shooting at several villagers, was shot and killed by Rev. Harvey Eastman, pastor of the local Congregational church.

The tragedy occurred at General Miller's residence, one and a half miles from Temple. Marcott had been drinking freely for some time. Last afternoon he seized one of General Miller's army pistols, discharged it at random and drove the general and his housekeeper from the house.

General Miller telephoned to Temple for assistance and in response eight men, armed with shotguns and revolvers, hastened to the Miller homestead.

They surrounded the house, hoping to induce Marcott to surrender, but he refused to do so, and continued to maintain his threatening attitude.

Finally, Marcott left the house by the back door. Rev. Eastman and Dr. Davidson were nearer to Marcott than the others and endeavored to persuade the insane man to lay down his pistol. A shot was the invariable reply.

As a last resort, Dr. Davidson, who was armed with a revolver, fired at Marcott, but missed him. The insane man continued to shoot, but his aim was so wild that he did not hit any one.

Finally, Mr. Eastman pointed a shotgun at the valet and demanded that he surrender. To save his life the minister discharged the shotgun, the contents striking Marcott in the forehead and killing him.

The authorities took no action, except to hold a formal inquest.

Mr Bunnell's Condition.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

J. W. Bunnell, of Dresden, who sustained serious injury in a runaway Monday evening, is about the same today.

The cleverest imitation of real coffee ever yet made is Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. It is fine in flavor and is made in just one minute. No tedious twenty or thirty minutes boiling. Made from pure parched grain, malt, nuts, etc. Sample free. Sold by J. R. Williams.

NO SENATOR UNTIL MARCH 15

Stephenson's Opponents in Wisconsin to Bolt Joint Sessions.

Madison, Wis., March 3.—There will be no election of a United States senator until after March 15, when the investigating committee is supposed to conclude its work.

Anti-Stephenson republicans, democrats and social democrats held a caucus and decided not to attend joint conventions of the senate and assembly until March 15.

Kansas City Observed Inauguration.

Kansas City, March 4.—Business was suspended five minutes on the Board of Trade today during the inauguration of William Howard Taft as president, while the members sang "America."

Mrs. Daugherty's Recovery Looked For

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Mrs. C. W. Daugherty is pronounced improved today and the attending physician has hopes of her early recovery.

BEE-KEEPERS' SUPPLIES

At Factory Prices. Largest and Best Stock. New Goods. Prompt Shipment, Low Freight. Satisfaction guaranteed. Over 25 years experience. Everything for the Garden, Farm and Poultry Keeper. Best and cheapest



Write for Free Catalogue. **ARCHIAS' SEED STORE.** SEDALIA, MO. BOX A

SKETCHES OF CABINET

THOSE WHO WILL COMPRISE OFFICIAL FAMILY OF PRESIDENT W. H. TAFT.

THE HON. PHILANDER C. KNOX IS AT HEAD

Hon. Charles Nagle, of St. Louis, Is New Secretary of Commerce and Labor—James Wilson the Only Hold-Over.

Washington, D. C., March 4.—Following is the personnel of President William H. Taft's cabinet:

Philander C. Knox.

Philander Chase Knox, who will be Mr. Taft's secretary of state, re-enters the cabinet after five years in the United States senate, to which he was appointed in June, 1904, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Matthew M. Quay. Like most of his colleagues in the new cabinet, Mr. Knox is a lawyer and first came into national prominence as attorney general in Mr. McKinley's first cabinet, when he successfully prosecuted the Northern Securities case.

Mr. Knox is 56 years old, having been born in Brownsville, Pa., May 6, 1853. After graduating from Mount Union college at Alliance, Ohio, he began the study of law in Pittsburg and three years later was admitted to the bar in that city. When Mr. Knox was only 24 years of age he was appointed assistant United States district attorney for the Western district of Pennsylvania.

After a short term in this office, however, he resigned and entered private practice with James H. Reed, under the firm name of Knox & Reed. This firm became counsel for many large interests and it is said that Mr. Knox has received some of the largest fees ever paid in this country. During the homestead riots in 1892 he was counsel for the Carnegie Steel Co., and directed the legal end of that famous labor disturbance.

When in 1901 Mr. McKinley appointed him attorney general Mr. Kno's participation in the Homestead affair caused some opposition on the part of labor organizations to his confirmation. As attorney general Mr. Knox not only prosecuted to successful issue the government's suit against the Northern Securities company, but conducted the case against the so-called Beef trust with the result that that combination was dissolved by the final decree of the United States supreme court.

Mr. Knox has been credited with having prepared and carried through the Panama canal purchase in 1903. It was shortly after the conclusion of the Panama purchase that Mr. Knox was appointed to the United States senate by Governor Pennypacker to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Quay, and afterward he was elected by the legislature for the full term expiring in March, 1911.

It was at Mount Union college that Major McKinley first became acquainted with young Knox. Mr. McKinley was at that time prosecuting attorney of Stark county, and the acquaintance begun when they were both young finally ripened into the friendship of later years, and culminated in the Pennsylvanian's entry into the second McKinley cabinet.

It has always been understood that President McKinley sought to induce Mr. Knox to accept the attorney generalship in his first cabinet, but the offer was declined on the plea of private interests. Mr. Knox is entitled to twice write the degree of LL. D. after his name, both the University of Pennsylvania and Yale university having conferred that honor upon him.

Richard A. Ballinger.

Four states may claim a proprietary interest in Richard A. Ballinger, the new secretary of the interior. He is a native of Iowa, having been born in Boonsboro in 1859; after practicing law in Illinois for a while he removed to Alabama, and in 1889 he became a resident of Port Townsend, in Washington state.

The next year he was appointed United States commissioner at Port Townsend and later was elected judge of the superior court of Jefferson county. Five years ago Mr. Ballinger was elected mayor of Seattle, and when his term as mayor expired President Roosevelt appointed him commissioner of the general land office.

As a practitioner at the bar Mr. Ballinger made a specialty of the admiralty and maritime law, and his position as commissioner of the general land office gave him a wide knowledge of the land laws and other important problems which will fall under his jurisdiction as secretary of the interior.

Mr. Ballinger's father studied law in the office of Abraham Lincoln, and his ancestors on both sides participated in the war of the revolution and the war of 1812. He was prepared for college in the public schools and is a graduate of Williams college, class of '84. He is the author of "Ballinger on Community Property" and of "Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statute of Washington." Mr. Ballinger is a republican state committeeman for the state of Washington, and was a member of the advisory committee during the last campaign.

Jacob M. Dickinson.

Jacob McGavock Dickinson, the new secretary of war, is the southern member of President Taft's cabinet. A Mississippian by birth, he is a citizen of Tennessee and as a Cleveland democrat supported Mr. Taft for the presidency.

Probably his most notable public service was as counsel for the United States in the Alaskan boundary case before the arbitration tribunal in London in 1903. He was an assistant attorney general of the United States during Cleveland's administration, and has been general counsel for the Illinois Central Railroad company for some years, spending most of his time in Chicago, where the general offices of that company are located.

Mr. Dickinson is 58 years old, having been born in Columbus, Miss., in 1851. He is a graduate of the University of Nashville, from which school he has a degree as master of arts, and he studied law at Columbia university, at the University of Leipzig, and in Paris.

He is president of the American Barr association, and belongs to the Chicago club, the Onwentsia and the Iroquois clubs, all of Chicago. Mr. Dickinson is the owner of the famous Belle Meade stock farm in Nashville.

George Von Lengerke Meyer.

George von Lengerke Meyer, who goes from the postmaster general's office to the navy department, was brought into the cabinet in February, 1907, to succeed Postmaster General Cortelyou. He was at that time ambassador to St. Petersburg, to which post he had been transferred from Rome, where he had served five years as ambassador.

Mr. Meyer is a native of Boston, in which city he was born in 1858. After graduating from Harvard he entered the employ of a commission firm, and some years later became a member of the firm of Linder & Meyer, East India merchants, which had been established by his father. He is an officer or director in many large manufacturing and financial concerns, and has always been active in politics, having been a member of the Boston common council, an alderman, a member of the state legislature, serving as speaker of the lower house for three consecutive years.

Mr. Meyer was elected a member of the republican national committee in 1899, and on McKinley's election he was made ambassador to Italy. He is a member of the Athletic, the Somerset and St. Botolph clubs of Boston, and among other business offices is president of the Ames Plow Co. and a director of the Old Colony Trust Co. and the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co. Mr. Meyer is a sportsman and an angler, and is known as a crack shot.

George W. Wickersham.

New York's representative in the new cabinet is George W. Wickersham, who becomes attorney general. Mr. Wickersham is a member of the law firm in which President Taft's brother, Henry W. Taft, is a partner, and he is known as an expert in railroad law.

Although a resident of New York City, Mr. Wickersham is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Pittsburg in 1858. He first took civil engineering at Lehigh university, but later entered the law school of the University of Pensylvania, from which he holds the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

He immediately entered practice in Philadelphia, but later went to New York and associated himself with the firm of Chamberlain, Carter & Hornblower. A year later he became managing clerk of the firm of Strong & Cadwalader, of which President Taft's brother is a member, and eventually was taken into partnership.

Mr. Wickersham is counsel for a large number of corporations, among them the Interborough railroad, and as attorney for the railroads in the famous Chicago Traction case came into considerable public prominence.

He is fond of travel, usually spending a portion of the year abroad and is a devoted equestrian. He has a country residence at Cedarhurst, Long Island, and also a home in New York City.

Charles Nagel.

Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, the new secretary of commerce and labor, is better known among the lawyers and educators than to the public at large, although he served as a member of the Missouri house of representatives and is a member of the republican national committee. He is a native westerner, having been born in Colorado county, Texas, in 1849. He comes of professional ancestors, his father, Dr. Herman Nagel, being one of a family of four brothers of whom three are physicians and his maternal grandfather and great-grandfather were clergymen.

In the height of the civil war the pronounced union sentiments of Dr. Naged compelled him to remove from Texas to St. Louis. Here Charles Nagel soon entered the St. Louis high school. Graduating from there he took a two years' course in the St. Louis Law school and then went to the University of Berlin, where he took a special course in law and political economy. Returning to St. Louis in 1873 he was admitted to the bar and soon took an active part in municipal affairs.

In addition to being a member of the lower house of state legislature, he was for four years president of the city council of St. Louis. Although he has taken an active part in politics and has an extended law practice, he has found time to give much attention to educational matters. He fills a professorship in the St. Louis Law school; is a member of the board of trustees of the Public library, of the board of trustees of Washington university and a member of the board of control of the St. Louis Museum of Fine Arts.

Mr. Nagel, as the Missouri member of the republican national committee, served during the recent campaign as a member of the executive committee and was in charge of the western headquarters. Socially, he has been active in his native city, being a member of the University club, the Commercial club, the St. Louis club, the Round Table and Country clubs, and also of the Metropolitan club in Washington City.

Frank H. Hitchcock.

Although the youngest member of the new cabinet, Frank H. Hitchcock, Mr. Taft's postmaster general, is probably better known to the public than any of his colleagues by reason of the prominence he obtained as the chairman of the republican national committee in the recent campaign.

Mr. Hitchcock is only 42 years of age, and since he left school has been in the employ of the government. He is a native of Ohio, but received his education in Massachusetts, to which state his parents removed while he was quite young. Graduating from Harvard in 1891, he obtained a clerkship in the department of agriculture.

Later, Secretary Wilson made him chief of the division of foreign markets, and when the department of commerce and labor was organized he was made its first chief clerk. In Mr. Roosevelt's first campaign he was assistant secretary to the republican national committee, and was later appointed first assistant postmaster general. He resigned that position when the Taft campaign opened to take charge of Taft's interests. Subsequently he was elected chairman of the republican national committee, which post he still holds.

During his first years as a government clerk in Washington Mr. Hitchcock found time to take a law course at Columbian University, and on his graduation was admitted to the bar in the District of Columbia, and three years later was admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States.

Among other associations, he is a member of the American Economic association, the American Statistical association and the American association for the Advancement of Science. Mr. Hitchcock is a bachelor.

James Wilson.

If Secretary Wilson continues to hold the agricultural portfolio until next November, he will have broken the record for continuous cabinet service, which is now held by Albert Gallatin, once secretary of the treasury, who served twelve years, eight months and twenty-five days. Secretary Wilson was appointed at the outset of the McKinley administration.

He was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1835, and at the age of 17 he was brought to this country by his parents. He was educated in the public schools of Iowa and at Iowa college.

He engaged in farming, and, entering politics, was a member of the 12th, 13th and 14th assemblies of Iowa, being elected speaker of the assembly in his last term. He served for three terms in congress.

In the Forty-eighth congress his seat was contested, and the opponents of General Grant, who was then nearing his end at Mount McGregor, used the seating contest for a filibuster to defeat the Grant retirement bill. Mr. Wilson saved the measure by resigning on the stipulation that the Gant bill be immediately passed.

Franklin MacVeagh.

Franklin MacVeagh, merchant, who will be the next secretary of the treasury, was born on a farm near Phoenixville, Chester county, Pa. He was graduated from Yale as B. A. in 1862, and from Columbia law school in New York n 1864, and began practice with his brother, Wayne MacVeagh, but his health failing, he abandoned law and went west.

Shortly after he established in Chicago the wholesale grocery house of MacVeagh & Co., which for many years has been one of the largest in the country, and from which, it is reported, he has only recently resigned. He is also a director of the Commercial National bank and other Chicago corporations.

Mr. MacVeagh is distinguished in Chicago, not only as a successful merchant, but especially for his active work in behalf of civic progress and reform. He became president of the Citizens' association in Chicago in 1874, and continued to hold the office for several years afterwards, making it the instrument of many important political reforms.

At the head of the Bureau of Charities, he added greatly to the effectiveness of that organization, and as chairman of the Municipal Art league and otherwise he has been a faithful worker for the beautifying of Chicago by extension of the boulevard system and in many other ways. He has also taken an active part in the work of the National Civic Federation.

Mr. MacVeagh was until recently affiliated with the democratic party, and in 1895 he was nominated in convention by the democracy of Illinois for the United States senate. He made a canvass of the state, but was defeated in legislature. He married Miss Emily Eames.

THE DEATH OF "DAD" SMITH

Died at His Home on East Fourth Street Wednesday Night.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

John S. Smith, more familiarly known as "Dad" Smith, one of Sedalia's oldest residents, died from a complication of diseases at 8:35 o'clock Wednesday evening at his home, 209 East Fourth street, aged 79 years on September 25, last.

"Dad," as he was known by every friend, for a period of fifteen years was employed as switch engineer by the Missouri Pacific in the local yards.

He resigned that position and became janitor at the county court house. Since then he had held various positions in the city, his last one being that of fireman at the Missouri State Fair building, Fourth street and Lamine avenue.

Mr. Smith had been ill forty-one days. Up to ten minutes before his death he was perfectly conscious and his demise followed a hemorrhage.

Deceased had been married twice, his second wife being Mattie Moore, of Warsaw, Mo., to whom he was married twenty-one years ago. He carried $2.000 insurance in the A. O. U. W.

The funeral arrangements have not been perfected.

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT

Latest Wire Quotations on Grain, Live Stock and Local Products.

Grain Quotations.

The following quotations are furnished the Democrat-Sentinel at 3 p. m. each day by B. C. Christopher & Co., grain merchants, Board of Trade Building, Kansas City, Mo.:

Grain receipts—Wheat, 65 cars; corn, 39 cars; oats, 17 cars.

Wheat market—One-half to 1 cent lower. No. 2, $1.10@1.15; No. 3, $1.08½@1.13½; No. 2 red, $1.29@1.31; No. 3 red, $1.25@1.29. Futures—May, $1.08¼; uly, 97¾c; Sept., 73c.

Corn market—One-fourth to ¾c higher. No. 2 white, 64½c; No. 2 yellow, 63½c; No. 2 mixed, 63@63½c. Futures—May, 64⅜c; July, 64⅝c; Sept., 62¾c.

Oats market—Unchanged. No. 2 mixed, 51@51½c; No. 2 white, 55@59c

Don't drug the stomach or stimulate the heart or kidneys. That is wrong. It is the weak nerves that are crying out for help. Vitalize these weak inside controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and see how quickly good health will come to you again. Test it and see. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Death of Patrick Foley.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Patrick Foley, a well known and prosperous farmer eight miles southeast of Sedalia, died of a congestive chill at his home at 3 o'clock this morning. He was 76 years old and came to Pettis county from Chicago. The Rev. Fr. McNamee will conduct funeral services at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, and burial will be made in the Catholic cemetery.

MULES FOR SALE

SOME GOOD FARM MULES AT BOULDIN BROS.' MULE BARN, ONE BLOCK NORTH MISSOURI PACIFIC DEPOT.

BELL PHONE 1479—HOME 140.

No Issue of Rosa Pearle's Paper.

Owing to the serious illness of the editor, there will not be an issue of Rosa Pearle's Paper next Saturday evening.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

THE TAYLOR HORSE SALE

Ten Animals Had Been Sold Up to 2 O'clock.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The attendance at the W. B. Taylor combination horse sale at the state fair grounds is large this afternoon, there being several hundred persons on the grounds. The sale did not begun until after the dinner hour. Up to 2 o'clock ten sales had been recorded, the name of the animal its gait, record, owner and place of residence and purchaser and place of residence being as follows:

Redwood C, trotter, 2:30; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia, Mo.; sold to Hal Horton, of Sedalia, for $370.

Queen Walnut, pacer, 2:07¼; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to John Cruso, New Orleans, La., for $725.

Bob Walnut, pacer, 2:20; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to Fred Renshaw, Tipton, Mo., for $580.

Willie P, pacer, 2:12; Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to F. O. Stoneking, Warrensburg, Mo., for $400.

Admiral Schley, pacer, 2:21¼; William Lewis, Sedalia; sold to Henry Meyer, Sedalia, for $260.

Bellbar, trotter, 2:16¾; W. B. Taylor and Lee Carpenter, Sedalia; sold to J. D. Shockency, Nevada, Mo, for $1,675.

Mary McQuillen, trotter, 2:24¼; Henry Myers Sedalia, Mo.; sold to J. C. Cordes, Sedalia for $300.

Judge Wilson, pacer, 2:07¼; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill, Mo.; sold to C. C. Anderson, Lawrenceville, Ohio, for $400.

McGrattin, trotter, 2:23½; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill; sold to same as above for $255.

Buzz, pacer, 2:16¼; Homer Spencer, Rich Hill; sold to H. C. Clark, Memphis, Mo., for $225.

CIRCUIT COURT ENTRIES

Road Overseers to Make Report to the Highway Engineer.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The judges of the county court, at today's session appointed Samuel Powell overseer for road district No. 24, vice Herbert Lytle, and Milt Durrill overseer in district No. 30, vice Fred Looney.

J. C. Higgins was allowed a warrant for $3 for one wolf scalp.

As the Democrat-Sentinel goes to press the jury for the April term of criminal court is being drawn.

The court made an order requiring every road overseer to make a monthly report to the county engineer giving each date of separate transaction; the date each man worked, whether poll tax employment, hired labor or own time as overseer, and incorporated in the order the request that all receipts for money expended during the month be filed and until same is complied with no requisition for funds shall be made.

The engineer is also to charge each road overseer the full amount of poll taxes due from the district and an account of the taxes must be filed not later than October 1 of each year.

SEDALIA CAMP MEETING

Woodmen of the World Continue to Boom in Sedalia.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Nine candidates were initiated into Sedalia camp No. 16, Woodmen of the World, at last night's meeting, as follows: H. O. Berry, H. F. Bennett, W. L. Fessler, A. H. Gafken, J. R. Ivy, Edwin H. Schupp, J. W. Shipp, E. A. Nichols and G. H. Finnell.

The morning degree of the order was conferred on a class of nine members and eight application cards were balloted on.

The camp decided to give an entertainment in conjunction with the Woodmen Circle on the night of Wednesday, March 31. The affair will be given at the Odd Fellows' hall.

ManZan Pile Remedy is put up in a tube with a nozzle attached. May be applied directly to the affected parts. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Sold by the W. E. Bard Drug Co.

A Sedalian Is President.

Alderman E. R. Andler, of this city, is attending the annual meeting of the Western Ice Dealers' association in Kansas City, and delivered his annual address today. The association has a membership of more than 300 in the country between the Mississippi and the Rocky mountains. It is estimated that the membership includes more than 90 per cent of the dealers in the aforementioned territory.

Attachment Suit Dismissed.

The attachment suit of Gus M. Hodges vs. the Postal Vending company et al was dismissed by the plaintiff in circuit court.

WEEKLY DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL

THE TELEGRAPH SERVICE OF THE DEMOCRAT-SENTINEL IS BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Sentinel Established 1880. Vol. XXVII. Democrat Established 1868. Vol. XL. Consolidated 1907.

TWO PARTS—SEDALIA, MO., THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1909--PART TWO.

VOL. 3. NO. 9. $1 PER YEAR

BIDWELL DENIES CRIME

GREEN RIDGE MAN IS CHARGED WITH ATTACKING A 15 YEAR-OLD GIRL.

THE PRISONER IS BROUGHT TO SEDALIA

County Attorney Dow's Investigation Corroborates the Story as Set Forth in This Paper on Sunday Morning.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Bert Bidwell, the Green Ridge plasterer, who was arrested there Saturday evening, as chronicled in the Sunday morning Democrat-Sentinel, on a charge of having ravished Myrtle Eller, a 15-year-old daughter of Will Eller, was brought to the county jail here at 3 o'clock Sunday morning by Marshal Calvert and Constable Hampton, by whom he had been arrested ten minutes after the alleged crime was committed.

Fearing mob violence, the officers, immediately after they arrested Bidwell, took him west of Green Ridge and after circling the town walked all the way to Sedalia, a distance of twelve miles, in order to get him away from the angered farmers, who soon learned of the offense.

Bidwell denies the charge very emphatically and in conversation with Prosecuting Attorney Dow this morning said he was not guilty.

The prisoner says that he had trouble with the girl's brother some time ago, and the latter, through revenge, trumped up the charge of assault.

In contradiction to his statement is that of the girl, who charges Bidwell with having ravished her, and the evidence of Bidwell's father, who is stated to have entered his son's home just after Bidwell had accomplished his purpose.

The prisoner will have a preliminary hearing before Judge Ream at Green Ridge next week, and in the meantime he will likely remain in jail here, as it is not believed that he can give bond.

The news of the alleged assault and arrest printed in the Democrat-Sentinel Sunday morning furnished the principal topic of discussion in Green Ridge township Sunday, but it is not believed there was ever any danger of the prisoner being lynched.

The precautions taken by the officers in getting Bidwell out of town were timely, however, and no trouble is anticipated at the preliminary hearing.

DEATH OF MRS. BIGELOW

The Remains to Be Taken to Newland for Interment.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Mrs. Cynthia A. Bigelow died from double pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. A. Dewitt, 717 East Ninth street, at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, after an eight days' illness. She was 68 years old.

The Rev. A. W. Kokendoffer, pastor of the First Christian church, of which faith deceased was a member, will conduct funeral services at the family residence at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, and the remains will be taken to Newland, Mo., for interment.

Besides her daughter, Mrs. Bigelow leaves the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. A. L. Casebeer, Sedalia; Mrs. Charles Phillips, Bolivar Mrs. M. McNutt, Newland; Samuel Rhine, of near Versailles; Mitchell Rhine, of Newland; James Rhine, of south of Sedalia.

The following will serve as pallbearers: H. F. Yunker, S. R. Caine, I. N. McNeil, Joseph Dickman, W. H. Chapel and John Brandt.

MARRIED FIFTY YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lyons to Celebrate Anniversary March 23.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lyons, two of Sedalia's oldest and best liked residents, will on the 23d inst. celebrate their golden wedding anniversary and are looking forward to the event with great pleasure.

Mr. Lyons is 79 years old and his wife is three months his junior. He will celebrate his birthday on the day that he celebrates his marriage anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons were united in marriage at Norfield, Ohio, one-half century ago on March 23. The late Rev. J. W. Logue performed the ceremony.

Seven children were born of the union, five of whom are living, as follows: Edward, Lamonte; John, Santa Rosa, Cal.; Robert B., Kansas City; George, Sedalia; Will, residing in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons reside at 416 West Twentieth street. The former has been employed as news agent for the Van Noy News agency out of this city, and according to E. J. Beyeler, manager, manifests greater ability and more energy than many younger salesmen.

"Dick" Rohn Going to Atlanta.

(From Monday's Daily.)

"Dick" Rohn, the first baseman, will leave tomorrow for Atlanta, Ga., with which team he will play ball during the coming season. Mrs. Rohn will remain in Sedalia for the time being.

WOULD SUE CHIEF BOULLT

J. W. WORTMAN, WHO WAS ARRESTED IN SEDALIA ONLY FEW DAYS AGO.

FORGER WANTED IN ST. CLAIR COUNTY

Claims the Chief Owes Him the Sum of Ten Cents—Broke Jail, However, and Talked of Suit May Be Dropped.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Chief of Police W. H. Boullt is in receipt of a communication from a former prisoner of this city, which is quite comical, at least, for the recipient.

Several weeks ago J. W. Wortman, of Monegaw Springs, Mo., was arrested here for forging the signature of a resident of Osceola, Mo., to a note for almost $100.

While incarcerated in the city jail awaiting the arrival of an officer to take him to Osceola, Wortman gave Chief Boullt fifty cents with which to buy some food for the prisoner.

Officer Tom Baley was dispatched to perform the duty, and purchased a forty-cent meal, paying a negro ten cents to carry the "grub" to Wortman at the jail.

Last week Wortman wrote Chief Boullt that he had been given only forty cents' worth of food on that particular occasion, and if the chief did not immediately send him the remaining ten cents he would institute suit at once to recover that sum.

The letter bore a special delivery stamp.

Wortman wrote the letter while incarcerated in the Osceola jail, but later broke jail and it is likely that he will now abandon the idea of suing Sedalia's chief of police.

GOOD MEN REINSTATED

"Doug" Hughes and "Mug" Lister, of the Missouri Pacific.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Douglass Hughes, a Missouri Pacific conductor, who over four months ago was dismissed from the service for a tail-end collision near Lee's Summit, and F. D. Lister, who some two months ago was dismissed for a tail-end collision with train No. 21 near Independence, have both been reinstated by the company and reported for work this morning.

Both went to Pleasant Hill on train No. 77 to familiarize themselves with the Rock Island tracks between that point and Kansas City.

Messrs. Hughes and Lister have hundreds of friends who will learn of their reinstatement with pleasure.

NEGRO'S NECK IS BROKEN

Supposed to Have Fallen From Missouri Pacific Train.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The dead body of Joseph Lee, a Warrensburg negro, was found by the side of the Missouri Pacific track three miles east of Knobnoster by the crew of Conductor Hiram Lewis' train, No. 37, at 7:40 o'clock Sunday morning.

The supposition is that Lee fell from the platform of a car on train No. 3, on which he was a passenger from Sedalia to Warrensburg. His neck was broken by the fall.

The body was taken to Warrensburg Sunday afternoon for burial. Lee was about 40 years old and is survived by his wife.

IN THE SAME HOLE



BE SIX OR EIGHT TEAMS

THE INTERSTATE OUTLAW BASEBALL LEAGUE ORGANIZED SUNDAY.

KANSAS CITY PAPERS DO NOT AGREE

Today's Journal Says Lawrence, Kas., and Moberly, Mo., Will Be Given Two Weeks In Which to Make Good.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The Kansas City Journal of this morning had the following in regard to the Interstate Outlaw Baseball league meeting held there yesterday:

"At a meeting of the directors of the Interstate Outlaw league at the Baltimore hotel yesterday afternoon three umpires who will serve in the new league were selected and further plans laid for the establishment of the clubs in the towns of the circuit.

"As things stand at present the league will be composed of only six teams instead of eight, as was originally planned. Moberly and Lawrence have not yet shown that they can support teams and will be given two weeks to make good.

"The next meeting will be held at the Hotel Robideaux in St. Joseph, March 17, and the schedule will be made out then. The schedule meeting was postponed until after the publication of the American association schedule, so that conflicts between the Kansas City Outlaw league games and the home dates on the Blues' schedule may be avoided.

"Letters have been received by the club managers from players and umpires all over the country, asking for jobs. The umpires who have been selected are Fred Fuller, last year in the Texas league; 'Red' Conlon, formerly with the Western association, and Frank Carter, an Eastern league umpire.

"The local team will probably use Stevens park, which will be extended for the benefit of the leaguers. Parks have already been rented in most of the other towns."

The Times' report does not agree with the Journal's as regards the following paragraph:

"The schedule of 140 games, submitted a week ago, was approved. The season will open May 1, with Jack Sweeney's "Saints" here, Sedalia at Kansas City, Kas., Atchison at Leavenworth and Lawrence at Moberly."

Here's another paragraph from the Times' report:

"C. W. Brenneisen, owner of the Kansas City, Kas., franchise, will begin work this week on increasing the seating capacity of his park. He has signed a number of first class players for his team. All the players signed for the club will report for practice April 1. Arthur M. Ralihan, a former pitcher in the Western association, will pilot the team. He will play first base."

H. V. Leist, who may be connected with the Sedalia team, stated to the Democrat-Sentinel this morning that he had not heard from the proposition he submitted to the league, but if it is accepted he will furnish the necessary funds to put a club in Sedalia and guarantee that it will play the entire season.

Harvester Trust Paid Fine.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Topeka, Kas., March 1.—The International Harvester company paid its fine and costs of $13,700 for violation of the Kansas anti-trust law today.

REVENGE ON THE WIFE

CAUSED MONTANA MAN TO MURDER HER HUSBAND SUNDAY MORNING.

BLAMED WOMEN FAR 5 YEARS IN PRISON

Just Released, Shoots With Fatal Effect—Claims Self-Defense, but Witness Says It Was From Ambush.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Missoula, Mont., March 1.—To avenge himself on the husband of the woman for whose wrong "he had just completed a five-year term in the penitentiary," Joseph H. Brown Sunday morning shot and killed Robert Gilruth while the latter, accompanied by his brother, was walking along the road near Chickerman's mill, six miles west of Lolo, Mont.

Brown was arrested in Missoula a few hours later, and the brother of the slain man is held as a witness.

When arrested for the crime Brown claimed that he had been attacked by the Gilruth brothers with an ax and other weapons, and that he shot in self-defense.

He was wounded in several places, and it was while having these injuries dressed that he was captured.

The brother of the dead man flatly denies Brown's statements and declared that he and his brother were deliberately ambushed by Brown.

May Remove to Arkansas.

(From Monday's Daily.)

R. F. Cramer, the owner of Brown's Springs, left Sunday morning for Mammoth Springs, Ark., where he will likely purchase an 800 acre tract of land and locate permanently. Mr. Cramer is a well known brick contractor of the city. His family will remain here for the time being, but later will join Mr. Cramer provided he locates in Arkansas.

WANT A DANCE STOPPED

IN KANSAS CITY 6,999 MEN SUNDAY VOTED SALOME IS IMMORAL.

ONLY ONE PERSON REMAINED SEATED

City and Legislature Asked to Prohibit Such Performances—Exhibition Called An Insult to Women.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Kansas City, Mo., March 1.—Denouncing the Salome dance, which is drawing great crowds to a local theatre "as imoral, sacreligious, and as an insult to the pure and virtuous women of Kansas City," the 7,000 who attended the "men only" meeting conducted by Gipsy Smith at Convention hall Sunday adopted a resolution prepared by the Ministerial Alliance, asking that pictures advertising the dance be removed from billboards in the city; that the dance be stopped, and that the city council enact an ordinance forever prohibiting the repetition of "such disgraceful performances.'

A standing vote for the adoption of the resolution was taken, and but one man, far in the rear of the big hall, remained seated.

The resolution was introduced by Rev. J. B. Silcox, who made a strong plea for its adoption. He was followed by Judge J. G. Parg, who declared that Kansas City is threatened with a moral intellectual and spiritual disaster as the result of "a certain act at a local theatre, which is unbespeakably wicked." The attack was aimed at Gertrude Hoffman and her Salome dance at the Shubert theatre.

Gipsy Smith said that the resolution was not of his making; that he had not even suggested it, but that he believed all the men and women of the city who have the moal welfare of the city at heart should vote for its adoption.

"Would you want your daughter, your wife or your sister dancing half-naked before a shameless, senseless and immoral audience?" he cried. "If not, arise and show that you are men by denouncing this disgrace and asking that it be barred from your city."

The resolution goes farther than petitioning the city council to pass ordinances to prohibit such dances as the Salome. It asks the legislature of Missouri to enact a law forbidding such exhibitions in the state. The petition will be presented to the city authorities and an effort will be made at once to have the bill passed.

Home From the Pacific Coast.

Grant Crawford, his wife son "Jack," Mrs. J. D. Crawford and Miss Elizabeth Parberry returned Sunday morning from a six weeks' visit at different points on the Pacific coast, and were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Powell, who had spent the past three weeks in the same section of country.

"California is all right," said Mr. Crawford to the Democrat-Sentinel, "but Missouri for mine, thank you, every one of the 365 days in the year."

Mrs. Daugherty Some Better.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Mrs. C. W. Daugherty, wife of the circuit clerk, who gave birth to a still-born babe Saturday night and has been quite ill as a result of convulsions which followed, was pronounced some better today. Dr. W. J. Ferguson is attending her.

WILD MAN AT THE KNOBS

FOR TEN YEARS HE WAS A FIREMAN ON THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

ILL 2 YEARS AS A RESULT OF DRINK HABIT

James Jones Is the Unfortunate Man's Name and He Is the Son of a Widow Whose Home Is at Independence, Mo.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The Knob Noster Gem gives the following account of the capture of a Johnson county wild man. Another wild man was captured by citizens and turned over to Lafayette county officers. The Knobs' wild one was a former Sedalian. Here's what the Gem says:

About 3 o'clock Monday morning J. V. Campbell and wife were awakened at their home by a noise on the front porch. Looking out, they perceived a man of medium height moving around.

At first Mr. Campbell took the intruder for a burglar and brought forth a rifle to keep the fellow from entering.

It was soon evident that the prowler was not trying to enter, as he was only moving around the yard.

He contented himself with piling sticks and stones on the front porch, muttering to himself and doing freakish stunts. For about an hour he was watched, but he finally disappeared.

A little after 6 o'clock Frank Denton heard some one talking and on going to the door was confronted by the same stranger On being asked what he wanted, the fellow said he was looking for his bucket.

Mr. Denton saw where he had piled bricks on his porch in the shape of a furnace and was filling it with sticks. He summoned Frank Rothwell and Judge Summers and they brought the man down town, where Marshal Covey lodged him in jail.

The stranger said his home was in Independence, and a telephone message there brought down Sheriff R. Huckinson, of Jackson county, who took the crazed man there Tuesday afternoon.

The wanderer's name is James Jones, and he lives with his widowed mother in Independence. He is about 40 years old, with black hair and dark complexion. For ten years he was a fireman on the Missouri Pacific, between Sedalia and Kansas City.

It is said that he had been sick for two years past, the result of the drink habit, but was never insane until last Thursday, when he wandered from home. His face plainly showed his insanity, and while in jail he tore all the bedclothes to pieces.

DOUBLE MURDER CHARGED

A Suspect Believed to Be J. A. Long in Custody at Ardmore.

(Continued on Page 5.)

J. W. Allen, of Warsaw, sheriff of Benton county, arrived this afternoon on his way to Ardmore, Okla., in response to a telegram from Sheriff J. H. Akers, of that place, stating that a man had been arrested there who tallied to the description of J. A. Long, wanted at Warsaw for the double murder of Felix Crawford and Mrs. Theodicia Winemiller on Oct. 20, 1906.

Sheriff Allen will leave for Ardmore over the M., K. & T. this evening. A reward of $900 is still standing for the arrest of Long.

FOUND WIFE A SUICIDE

SHE LEFT A NOTE WISHNG HIM HAPPINESS WITH ANOTHER WOMAN.

ACT WAS SEQUEL TO FAMILY QUARRELS

Mrs. Lizzie Lowery Told a Neighbor That Life Had Become Unbearable and She Intended to Commit Suicide.

(From Monday's Daily.)

St. Louis, Mo., March 1.—Carrying out a threat which she made several days ago to take her life because of family quarrels, Mrs. Lizzie Lowery, 26 years old, drank carbolic acid yesterday afternoon, and was found dying on the kitchen floor in her home on the second floor of 1320 Hogan street by her husband, Solomon J. Lowery.

According to neighbors, there had been a number of quarrels between husband and wife. The last one occurred yesterday morning, and Lowery left the house. He returned at 1:30 and when he did not at first see his wife went into the kitchen. She was prone on the floor and a bottle which had contained carbolic acid was on a chair near her. Lowery summoned Dr. P. Huggins, 1902 Cass avenue, but when he arrived the woman was dead.

In discussing her marital troubles with Mrs. Louise Schultenberg, 1322 Hogan street, a few days ago, Mrs. Lowery said that life had become unbearable and that she intended to kill herself.

Mrs. Lowery left two notes, one addressed to her husband and the other sealed, to R. Kessler, Salem, Mo., who, it is thought, is her father. The note to the husband said:

"Dear Johnny: Be good to the boys and teach them to remember me. May God forgive me for this act, and leave you happy with another. May you soon forget the unhappiness of the past. I have been true to you until death."

MEETING OF SOROSIS

The Monthly Magazine Was the Feature This Afternoon.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The ladies of Sorosis held their regular weekly meeting this afternoon with a good attendance.

Mrs. Betty Gentry was chairman of the "current events" section, the other ladies on the program being Mrs. J. M. Johannes, Mrs. Louis Hoffman, Mrs. Lawrence Ginter, Mrs. C. C. Evans and Mrs. Charles Wallace.

The reading of Sorosis Monthly Magazine, with Mrs. H. A. Pratt in charge as editor, was the feature of the meeting. The following subjects were written upon by the ladies named:

"Word Coinage"—Mrs. George M. Riddle.

"A Century's Development of Light"—Mrs. George McKown.

"Influence of Clothes"—Mrs. T. E. White.

Serial story, part 2—Mrs. Charles Wallace.

MAY BE NO SUNDAY BASEBALL

Bill Prohibiting It Is Reported Favorably in House.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Jefferson City, Mo., March 1.—The house committee on criminal jurisprudence today reported favorably Stanley's bill prohibiting baseball on Sunday.

The bill now goes on the calendar for engrossment.

SHOT TO SAVE HIS MOTHER

Kansas Boy Killed Father in Defense of Helpless Ones.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Garden City, Kas., March 1.—John D. Nite, a farmer near here, was shot and killed last night by his son, Samuel, who says he shot in defense of his mother and sisters. The coroner's jury today exonerated the boy.

"Lucky" Baldwin Is Dead.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Los Angeles, Cal., March 1.—E. J. "Lucky" Baldwin, aged 81 years, died at his home in Arcadia early today, after an illness of several weeks.

MAKING OF A PRESIDENT

THE INAUGURAL CEREMONIES FROM GEORGE WASHINGTON TO W. H. TAFT.

HISTORY WILL REPEAT ITSELF MARCH 4

Induction of Chief Executive Into Office Is Distinctively American—Is Sublime in Its Simplicity.

Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 27.—History will again repeat itself next Thursday, when William Howard Taft bows his head over the Holy Bible and takes the solemn obligation which shall make him, for a stated period, the chief magistrate of the United States.

The ceremony of the induction of a president into office is distinctively American. Conceived in the minds and hearts of the nation's fathers, while they yet were in the throes of a great revolution, it is grand in its motive—sublime in its simplicity.

Through the lapse of years, since the establishment of the American government, substantially no change has been made in the ceremonial form, although elaborate and beautiful accompaniments, in recent years, have become notable features of this most important of American functions.

No Emperor, King or Dictator.

In the time of Taft, as in the time of Washington, the spectacle bears the same simple impressiveness. Here is no emperor, or king, or dictator, arrogating to himself, "through the law of succession or monarchial expediency" the powers of government; but the creature of a willing, enthusiastic and homogenious people taking upon himself, through the expression of his peers, the responsibility of carrying out their mandates and directing the execution of their will. Yesterday he was one of a hundred million people; today, yet one of the people, but chosen for a brief time to direct their destinies and to protect and defend their nation.

It was Washington, who, to a large extent, devised the plan of a president's inaugural. In this respect, as in others, his work has stood the test of time. It will endure, too, for so long as the nation may live, in its original form of beautiful and impressive simplicity.

Inauguration of Washington.

Washington was inducted into office at New York. At the time of notification of his election, he was residing at his beautiful country home, Mount Vernon. He proceeded to the then seat of government on horseback, in coaches and in eight-oared barges. His journey was a triumphal march. No such scenes of enthusiasm ever had been witnessed in this country as attended his progress. The country people gave him hearty greeting by the road side; in Philadelphia the citizens had decorated the streets and buildings elaborately and he rode on a splendid milk-white charger beneath triumphal arches; and in towns and hamlets farther east his pathway was strewn with flowers by women and children.

Details of the ceremony attendant upon the administration of the oath of office were worked out after his arrival in New York. It took place in the old Federal building, which then was the seat of congress, and the oath was administered by Chancellor Livingston. The first president was waited upon by committees of the house and senate at his temporary abiding place and an escort of regular United States troops accompanied him to the "capitol."

Alone in a Carriage.

He was driven in a handsome coach and as he had no predecessor he was alone in the carriage. When the announcement was made formally that Washington had taken the obligation which made him the first president of the United States, the multitude waiting outside of the building gave itself up to an enthusiastic demonstration. Speeches were delivered and patriotic songs were sung, and that night there was a display of fireworks.

The second inauguration of Washington took place in Philadelphia. While the ceremony was more elaborate, in its accompaniments, than the first had been, it remained, as always, in its essential form, simple and impressive. Washington was conveyed to the capitol in a handsome coach drawn by six white horses. His attire was notably elegant, being of black velvet, with diamond-studded buckles, silk hose and cocked hat.

John Adams Inaugurated.

Four years later, John Adams was inaugurated as president, also in Philadelphia. Apprehension had been expressed that the young government would be unable to withstand the strain of a change of presidents; but the result was a superb vindication of the wisdom of the fathers. Washington passed the reins of government to his successor with the same patriotic grace and willingness and wisdom that had characterized his every public action.

The real test of the government's institutions came four years later when Thomas Jefferson became president. He was not elected by the people, but by the house of representatives. The election had resulted in a tie and the house of representatives exercised its constitutional prerogative of choosing the president. The contest in the house was very bitter, but again the nation withstood the strain magnificently.

Then Came Mr. Jefferson.

"The Sage of Monticello," as Jefferson was affectionately termed, was the first president to be inaugurated in Washington, the seat of government again having been changed. Accompanied by only a few friends, he rode on horseback from his home to Washington. He was joined by a small detachment of cavalry, which escorted him into the city. He went, unaccompanied in his carriage, to the capital, not because he had no predecessor, but because President Adams, embittered by the result of the action of the house, left the city early in the day, declining to await the new president. The inaugural ceremony took place in the old senate chamber, the oath of office being administered by Chief Justice Marshall. At its conclusion the new president proceeded to the White House.

"A Vast Concourse."

According to contemporaneous accounts, "a vast concourse" of about a thousand people stood in the gardens, fields and strips of woodland along Pennsylvania avenue and gave Jefferson enthusiastic greeting. As Washington was nearly inaccessible in those days, celebrations of the inauguration were held in many cities and towns throughout the country.

It is reported that a throng of ten thousand people assembled on the east front of the capitol to witness the inauguration of President Madison. An immense crowd that was to Washington in those days. Regular troops and militia formed the nucleus of a parade, which was the first real inaugural procession. The ceremony was concluded with a reception at the White House, at which former President Jefferson was a prominent figure.

Monroe Inducted Into Office

President Monroe was the first to take the oath of office on a stand in the east front of the capitol, midway between the senate and house of representatives. He had announced that he proposed to have the obligation administered in the hall of the house, but the senate objected. The result of the wrangle that ensued was that the ceremony took place in the open air, as it takes place now. It was regarded as an omen of good that American eagles flew majestically over the capital at the time of Monroe's inauguration.

John Quincy Adams Came Next.

The struggle over the election of John Quincy Adams by the house of representatives was so long that the inauguration had to be postponed until the latter part of March; but it was the most elaborate ceremony that yet had been held in Washingon.

Inauguration of Jackson.

The inauguration of Andrew Jackson in 1829 was a notable ceremony. It probably would have been even more spectacular than it was had the president not suffered the loss of his wife shortly before. As it was, however, Washington gave evidence of its appreciation and patriotism and hospitality with a demonstration which called from Daniel Webster this comment:

"Never has such a crowd been seen here before. There must have been fully 8,000 people along the line of march. Persons came 500 miles to see the president inaugurated." The president that day occupied a carriage constructed from a part of the hull of the frigate Constitution.

Twenty thousand spectators were banked along the line of march at the inauguration of President Van Buren. The ceremony attendant upon the inauguration, however, had no specially distinctive features.

William Henry Harrison

At the inauguration of President William Henry Harrison for the first time citizen soldiery from the various states participated in the ceremonies.

In the inaugural parade elaborate campaign devices were used, the log cabin being a prominent feature. The protective doctrine, on which Harrison had conducted his campaign, was illustrated by working looms and other machinery, illustrative of the progress of American industries. General Harrison rode on horseback to the capitol and returned to the White House in a coach presented to him by the Whigs of Baltimore. It was estimated that seventy-five thousand people witnessed the ceremony.

Tyler Takes the Oath.

Scarcely a month later Vice President Tyler was called upon to take the oath of office as president, President Harrison having passed to his reward. The ceremony of inducting President Tyler was conducted in his own home in Washington without pomp or display of any kind in view of the grief-stricken city and country.

Bad Weather for Polk.

The inauguration of President Polk was, to an extent, a personal disappointment to him, as the weather was execrable. Polk was fond of display, although his tastes were not specially military. The inaugural procession, therefore, was somewhat heterogeneous. It included not only the military, but members of his cabinet, the clergy of the District of Columbia, the professors and students of Georgetown college and what was known as the Fairfax cavalry, a kid glove Virginia regiment, representative of the best families in the Old Dominion.

Taylor Died in Office.

President Zachary Taylor was not inaugurated on the fourth of March, that date falling on a Sunday. The old fighter was fond of pomp and ceremony and the inaugural procession was one of the finest, up to that time, that had been seen in the country.

Fillmore Followed Taylor.

Fillmore, through the death of President Taylor, came into the office of the presidency, without special ceremony, although the oath of office was administered to him in the usual way before the congress.

Pierce and Buchanan.

Pierce and Buchanan were inaugurated in no distinctive fashion, although the ceremonies in both instances were attended with great demonstration.

When Lincoln Became President.

When Lincoln came into the presidency the country throughout was trembling with apprehension. For the first time in the history of the United States regular troops had been ordered to Washington, not for display, but for protection. Although Lincoln himself expressed no fear, extraordinary precautions were taken to preserve his personal safety. When he delivered his inaugural address on the east front of the capitol in the presence of an immense throng, his rival, Stephen A. Douglass, stood at his side and held his hat. Following the formal inaugural ceremony, Lincoln tendered to the populace an elaborate reception at the White House. His second inauguration followed the greatest internecine conflict known to history. Elaborate precautions were taken to insure the president's safety, yet many were the misgivings as to the outcome.

No Ceremony for Johnson.

The induction of Andrew Johnson into the office of president, following immediately upon the assassination of Lincoln, was conducted in the private room of a hotel. No ceremony attended it.

Spectacular for Grant.

The greatest spectacular display made up to that time was at the inauguration of President Grant. It was practically purely a military demonstration, and although magnificent in all of its features, was marred to an extent by the refusal of his predecessor to ride with Grant to the capitol in the same carriage. It was a bleak, cold and dismal day on which Grant was inaugurated the second time. The demonstration attending the ceremonies, however, were notably fine, notwithstanding the intense cold. Many visiting organizations declined on account of the repellent weather to participate in the parade, and many persons who did take part in it, including some naval cadets, paid for their patriotism with their lives.

Hayes' Oath Is Private.

On account of the manner of the election of Rutherford B. Hayes, it was deemed necessary, as in the case of Lincoln, to exercise the utmost precautions to insure his personal safety. The oath of office was administered to him in private on the 3d of March, but the ceremony was repeated on a stand at the east front of the capitol on March 5th.

Hancock Greeted Garfield.

When Garfield entered the senate chamber on March 4th, just prior to taking the oath of office, one of the first men to greet him was General Hancock, the unsuccessful democratic candidate for the presidency. The ceremony of inducting Garfield into office, with its accompaniments, did not differ materially from previous functions of the kind.

Arthur Took Oath Twice.

In succeeding the martyred Garfield to the presidency Chester A. Arthur twice took the oath of office. On receipt of the news of Garfield's death, he took the obligation at his home in New York city. Two days later the oath again was administered to him in Washington, in the vice president's room on the senate side of the capitol. His inaugural address was brief and was delivered in the presence of comparatively few persons. No spectacular ceremonies attended his induction into office.

Perfect Day for Cleveland.

A perfect day characterized the first inauguration of Grover Cleveland. The crowd in attendance upon the ceremony was one of the greatest ever seen in Washington, and the parade was elaborate and magnificent.

Bad Weather for Harrison

The inauguration of President Harrison, while elaborate and beautiful in all of its arrangements, was attended by bad weather. A notable feature of the ceremony was his escort of honor, the Seventieth Indiana volunteer infantry, which he had commanded in the civil war. President Harrison delivered his inaugural address in a drivng rain, being sheltered by an umbrella held by one of his war comrades.

Cleveland's Second Term.

Not probably in the history of inaugural ceremonies has the weather ever been so bad as it was at the time of Cleveland's second induction into office. Pennsylvania avenue was inches deep in slush and practically throughout the day rain and sleet fell, to the serious discomfiture of all who participated in the ceremony.

Twice for McKinley.

On the contrary, the day on which McKinley was inducted into office the first time was one of the most beautiful that ever dawned. In a carriage drawn by four black horses, he rode to the capitol, accompanied by Mr. Cleveland, under the escort of Troop A, Cleveland, Ohio's famous black horse cavalry. The demonstration attendant upon the ceremony was magnificent, nearly forty thousand men being in the line of parade.

At his second inauguration, rain fell incessantly, and many were the prophesies of ill as a consequence. These prophesies came too true, for in the following September McKinley fell before the bullet of an assassin.

Roosevelt Became Successor.

Following the death of McKinley at Buffalo, Theodore Roosevelt took the oath of office in the drawing room of John G. Milburn's residence in Buffalo. Present at the simple ceremony were the members of President McKinley's cabinet and about thirty others. Assuming the presidency in the shadow of a great national tragedy, no spectacular features were permitted by Mr. Roosevelt. He came to Washington on a special train and quietly and unostentatiously assumed in this grief-stricken city the duties of his high office.

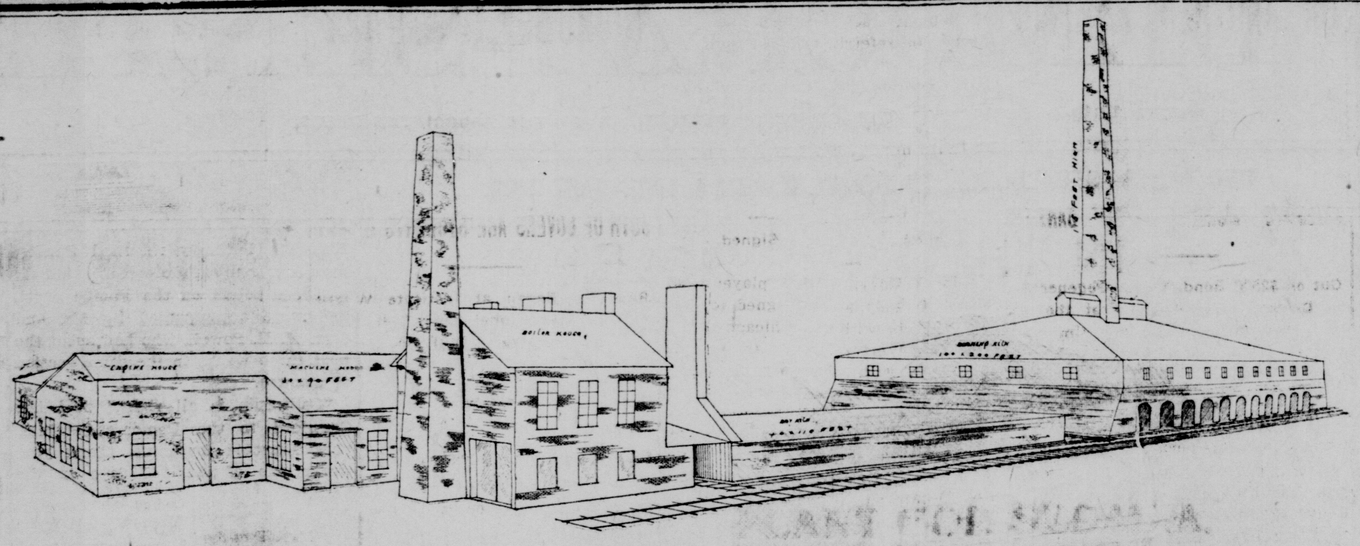
Teddy's Second Term.

Later, in 1905, elected to the presidency in his own right by an overwhelming majority, Roosevelt again took the oath of office, this time in the presence of a throng of quite one hundred thousand people on the east front of the capitol.

The day was lowering, but rain held off, and the inaugural parade following the ceremonies at the capitol was one of the most beautiful and picturesque ever witnessed in this country.

Race Suicide

Is not nearly the meance to increase in population that death among infants are. Eight out of ten of these deaths are directly or indirectly caused by bowel troubles. McGee's Baby Elixir cures diarrhoea, dysentery, sour stomach and all infant ailments of this nature. Just the thing for teething babies. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.



THE PROPOSED BRICK PLANT FOR SEDALIA.

Very few people have an idea of the magnitude of a modern, fully equipped brick plant, such as Mecusker Bros. propose to erect in Sedalia should their proposition be accepted by the citizens of the city. A brick plant usually brings to their minds the picture of the old time haphazzard affair with cheap sheds and mud covered kilns. But the kinds that are needed now are great business establishments, costing large sums of money and capable of creating and expanding an industry of extensive proportions. This is the kind that, if all goes well, will be erected here. The Democrat-Sentinel wishing to fully inform the people as to just what sort of a plant the specifications call for had the above cut made from the official drawings as proposed to the Business Men's association and presents it, so that all may realize just how big a thing it will be. Following are the authentic specifications:

Foundations.

All foundations shall be concrete, one part cement, one part good, clean sand, and four parts good gravel or broken stone, all to be well tamped in place and made level and true. To be not less than two inches wider than brick work they are to carry. Not less than three feet below the surface and deeper where the soil requires.

Engine, Boiler and Machinery Buildings.

Walls to be not less than twelve inches thick, of good well-burnt brick. Mortar to be the best quicklime and sand and to have one part cement added. All to be laid straight and true to line, both outside and in. All buildings to have windows so as to light all rooms in a good and sufficient manner. Roof to be of good three ply composition roofing, well laid and properly coated. Rafters and trusses to be made of not less than two by eight (2x8) yellow pine, properly put in place according to details. All walls not less than twelve feet high and all others carried up to give pitch for roof. Dimensons 30x90 feet.

Dry Kiln.

Outside walls to be not less than twelve inches thick. All partitions four inches thick. Same rules to govern as engine house. Ceiling to be of cinder concrete, interwoven with four inch mesh woven wire fencing, stretched tight and true. Roof to be same as engine house. Dimensions 40x110 feet. Dry kiln to cost $15,000.

Burning Kilns.

Kilns to be Dunn's continuous kiln of latest pattern, sixteen chambers, and built according to his drawing and specifications. Dimensions 100x200 feet. Walls at bottom seven feet thick tapering to top, which will be five feet thick. Burning kilns to cost $15,000.

Machinery.

Machinery to be J. D. Fate Co. make or equally as good. Preimere type augur machine. Twelve foot pug mill. High speed disintegrator. Automatic cutting table, separating belt, elevators, etc. To have a capacity of not less than 50,000 common building brick per day. Boilers and engine to be not less than 80-horse power, stationery type. Erie City Iron Works make or equally as good. All to be set on concrete foundation to be made in same proportion as herein specified. All foundations where necessary to have one inch anchor rods, running to the bottom of the concrete. All line shafting to be set on concrete piers. All dryer tracks to be laid of twelve pound steel rails nailed to ties not less than two inches thick of two foot gauge, transfer tracks, four foot gauge. Machinery to cost $12,000.

The balance of the $50,000 to be expended on other buildings, equipment, etc.

The plant to occupy 16 acres of ground.

AGONY OF ECZEMA BEYOND WORDS

Whole Body a Mass of Raw, Torturing Humor—Hair All Fell Out and Ears Seemed Ready to Drop Off—Clothing Would Stick to Bleeding Flesh—Hoped Death Would End Fearful Suffering.

CASE SEEMED HOPELESS BUT CUTICURA CURED HER

"Words cannot describe the terrible eczema I suffered with. It broke out on my head and kept spreading until it covered my whole body. I was almost a solid mass of sores from head to foot. I looked more like a piece of raw beef than a human being. The pain and agony I endured seemed more than I could bear. Blood and pus oozed from the great sore on my scalp, from under my finger nails, and nearly all over my body. My ears were so crusted and swollen I was afraid they would break off. Every hair in my head fell out. I could not sit down, for my clothes would stick to the raw and bleeding flesh, making me cry out from the pain. My family doctor did all he could, but I got worse and worse. My condition was awful. I did not think I could live, and wanted death to come and end my frightful sufferings.

"In this condition my mother-in-law begged me to try the Cuticura Remedies. I said I would, but had no hope of recovery. But oh, what blessed relief I experienced after applying Cuticura Ointment. It cooled the bleeding and itching flesh and brought me the first real sleep I had had in weeks. It was as grateful as ice to a burning tongue. I would bathe with warm water and Cuticura Soap, then apply the Ointment freely. I also took Cuticura Resolvent for the blood. In a short time the sores stopped running, the flesh began to heal, and I knew I was to get well again. Then the hair on my head began to grow, and in a short time I was completely cured. I cannot praise Cuticura enough. I wish I could tell everybody who has eczema to use Cuticura. My condition was so terrible that what cured me cannot fail to cure anybody of this awful disease. If any one doubts the truth of this letter, tell them to write to me. Mrs. Wm. Hunt, 135 Thomas St., Newark, N. J., Sept. 28, 1908."

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent (Liquid or pills) are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, Latest Cuticura Skin Book.

Czar Ferdinand



Will He Change His Mind.

In an address at Indianapolis, Ind., Friday night, Hon. W. J. Bryan stated that he "came as one not in politics, and as a private citizen who expected to remain so for the remainder of his life."

An Indigestion Remedy Free

Many people who are otherwise healthy suffer from indigestion, or dyspepsia. When you consider that the stomach and allied digestive organs are the most important organs of the body, it would seem that a disorder there is to be taken very seriously.

Dyspeptics cannot eat the things they like; food sours in the stomach; then chronic constipation begins, or, as is often the case, you have been constipated all along, and the stools are forced and irregular.

But there is no use letting indigestion go until it becomes chronic and undermines your health. It is good advice to suggest to you that you go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the wonderful cure for stomach, liver and bowel troubles. That is what C. Fowler, of Carson City, Mich., did and he is well today. Others who did the same and are cured are Ida A. Fortune, of Grand Junction, Tenn., B. F. Thompson, of Shenandoah, Ia., who actually considers that it saved his life. You can obtain a 50-cent or $1 bottle of the druggist, and, taken according to directions, it will probably be all you need. It is a liquid, acts gently, never gripes, and besides the laxative effect, contains exceptional tonic properties which tone the stomach, and that is what is especially needed in indigestion.

All sufferers from indigestion who have never used Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin can obtain a free test bottle by writing the doctor. It will be sent direct to your home without any charge. In this way thousands have proven to their own satisfaction Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the very remedy they needed to cure indigestion. When once you use this grand remedy you will throw violent cathartics, tablets, salts, etc., away.



If there is anything about your ailment that you don't understand, or if you want any medical advice, write to the doctor, and he will answer you fully. There is no charge for this service. The address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 509 Caldwell bldg., Monticello, Ill.

W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

week the one-half interest in the grocery story of E. H. Schlotzhauer.

Otto Preuss, wife and two children were the guests of Mrs. Preuss' mother, Mr. A. V. Beasmore, in Sedalia, the fore part of the week.

Mrs. William Selken and Mrs. William Kirkendall returned from Sedalia last Thursday, where they had been at the bedside of their aunt, Mrs. S. Brinton.

Saturday was Mrs. J. R. Huntress' birthday and she has as her guests at dinner her sisters, Mrs. Will Evans and Mrs. Sullivan, of Sedalia. Mr. Evans accompanied his wife.

Retires From Smithton Times.

C. A. Silken has sold the Smithton Times to F. A. Tavenner, who will continue its publication.

California

Wouldn't you like to visit California now while the climate's contrast is more striking than at any other time? Orange and lemon groves in blossom and in maturity; flowers in rich profusion and endless variety; charming valley and mountain resorts; at the seashore swimming, bathing, boating,—all these and more waiting for you.

To make the trip economically buy one of the

$25 Colonist Tickets

the Santa Fe will have on sale daily Mar. 1 to April 30, 1909, from Kansas City, St. Joseph and intermediate points on the A. T. & S. F. Ry. Similar reductions to Prescott, Phœnix, etc. Corresponding rates from other points on the A. T. & S. F. and from points on other lines in connection with the Santa Fe.

Through tourist sleepers and chair cars (seats free) carried daily on Santa Fe trains leaving Kansas City at 11:30 A. M., 2:35 P. M., and 9:05 P. M. Meals at Santa Fe dining-rooms, managed by Fred Harvey, of the same superior quality supplied standard sleeping-car passengers.

I have some folders and other printed matter telling about the train service and attractions en route, including the ever-alluring Grand Canyon, a side-ride costing $6.50 additional. I'll send these and full information about other stopovers allowed on these tickets if you expect to go to California this spring.

Santa Fe

G. W. Hagenbuch, General Agent, 905 Main Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Directors—Hoffman, J. W. Murphy, E. Andler, S. M. Lodge, W. E. Staley.

SEDALIA UNDERTAKING CO.

Exclusive Undertakers

W. E. STALEY, Manager

120 Ohio Street

Both Phones 115

SEDALIA AND SMITHTON

Half a Dozen Items Clipped From the Smithton Times.

These paragraphs are from the Smithton Times:

Miss Virginia Towers was down from Sedalia, Sunday, to spend the day with home folks.

Miss Mabel Foster was down from Sedalia, to spend Washington's birthday anniversary at home.

Elston Demand has purchased this

We Both Lose Money If You Don't Trade With Us



is what you get when you buy

DEERE VEHICLES

They are made of selected hickory stock, and the tires are set HOT.

A vehicle that is built with such care is bound to give its owner good satisfaction, and prove to be a good investment.



We would be pleased to have you come in and see our line.

Knight-Marshall Hdw Co.

VEHICLES AND IMPLEMENTS.

214 East Second St. Telephones 118

FORMER SEDALIAN DEAD

Israel Day Highleyman In Kansas City Sunday Night.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Mr. I. D. Highleyman, a former resident of Sedalia, uncle of W. H. Highleyman, the local real estate dealer, died at Bethany hospital in Kansas City Sunday night, following an operation for gallstones. The Kansas City Times of this morning had the following:

"Israel Day Highleyman, 61 years old, of 2211 North Twelfth street, Kansas City, Kas., died last night at Bethany hospital. Mr. Highleyman was a traveling man for forty years, with different firms. He came here from Chetopa, Kas., and had lived here about eighteen months. He is survived by a widow and two children. The body will be sent to Sedalia, Mo., tomorrow for burial."

The body will arrive in this city on Missouri Pacific train No. 8 at 4:25 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and will be taken direct to Crown Hill cemetery for interment.

MR. DOW GOING TO CAPITAL

Invited to Assist in Receiving Club Members.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Prosecuting Attorney H. D. Dow received the following telegram today:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 28.—H. D. Dow, Sedalia, Mo.: The National League of Republican Clubs inaugural headquarters established at New Willard hotel the coming week. Meeting Friday to consider future plans. Hope you will come and help President Hammond and national officers receive members. Please wire New Willard hotel.—Snell Smith, Secretary."

Mr. Dow will leave for Washington tomorrow.

Killed Wife and Then Himself.

Hutchinson, Kas., March 1.—Frank Devorak, a Bohemian farmer, near Iuka, shot and fatally wounded his wife at Preston Saturday night. A posse surrounded Devorak in a barn, and with no apparent means of escape, he committed suicide.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss
County of Pettis }

In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, February 3, 1909, February term, 1909.

W. H. Jackson.....Plaintiff
vs.
Carrie Jackson .....Defendant

Now, at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by his attorney, Homer G. Phillips, and files his petition and affidavit, alleging among other things, that defendant, Carrie Jackson, is a non-resident of the state of Missouri, and that her present whereabouts are unknown to the plaintiff; whereupon it is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against her in this court, the object and general nature of which is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the grounds that defendant has offered plaintiff such indignities as to render his condition intolerable, and also that defendant was guilty of the crime of adultery, and unless the said Carrie Jackson be and appear at this court, at the next May term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house, in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May, next, and on or before the first day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Weekly Democrat-Sentinel, a newspaper printed and published in Pettis county, Missouri, and designated by the plaintiff, four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

Attest: C. W. DAUGHERTY.
(SEAL) Circuit Clerk.

A true copy from the record.
N. W. KENNEDY, D. C.

Homer G. Phillips, plaintiff's attorney.

Knights of Father Mathew Met.

St. Vincent de Paul's council No. 38, K. F. M., met in regular session Sunday afternoon and balloted on one application. Other business of a routine nature was transacted.

March Came in Like a Lamb.

March came in like a lamb, and, according to the old saw, it will go out like a lion. Spring proper begins March 21st, but we are likely to have cold weather even after that date.

ON ANOTHER RAMPAGE

BEACH HARGIS, WHO KILLED HIS FATHER, TEARS THINGS LOOSE.

ATTEMPTS MURDER, ROBS BANKER

Out on $2500 Bond, Young Degenerate Demonstrates Again That the Only Proper Place For Him Is a Strong Prison.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 27.—Beach Hargis, who has been at liberty on a bond of $25,000 awaiting his second trial for the murder of his father, Judge James Hargis, was surrendered by his bondsmen today, after a sensational day and night of revelry.

Although suffering from a wound in the foot he invaded a dance and attempted to murder his cousin, Arch Crawford, who aided in the prosecution for the murder of his father.

He then tackled the inmates of a "blind tiger" near Jackson, and routed the crowd by firing into the room, and early this morning returned to town, and at the point of a pistol secured $25 from the cashier of the Jackson Deposit bank.

As he left the bank he encountered Deputy Sheriff Flint Davis, who had been sent after him by his mother. Davis took his into custody and he was turned over to Jailer Little and taken to the county jail at Irvine to await his second trial which is set for April.

CARNIVAL BROUGHT RIOTS

There Were Many Encounters and 200 Arrests Made.

Associated Press.

Lisbon, Portugal, Feb. 27.—The carnival celebrations held here this week resulted in serious rioting and a number of encounters with the police during which numerous people were injured and 200 arrests made.

The population took advantage of carnival time to indulge in political manifestations in connection with the anniversary of the assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince.

NO STATEHOOD IN SIGHT

For New Mexico and Arizona at Present Session.

Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 27.—There will be no statehood legislation for New Mexico and Arizona at the present session.

At a meeting of the committee on territories, today, all the members, regardless of party, in a sensational scene, abandoned consideration of the house bill.

RIGHT TO PROVE INNOCENCE

Is Accorded Negroes Who Were In the Brownsville Affair.

Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Under a special rule the house today passed the senate bill granting the discharged negro soldiers of the Twenty-Fifth United States infantry, said to have been involved in the "shooting up" of Brownsville, Texas, the right to prove their innocence, and thus make them eligible for restoration to the army.

Wormology.

Should be studied by every parent. If your child is nervous, fretful, starts in its sleep, is pasty faced, has rings under its eyes, always seems hungry, is not gaining weight, you can be sure the trouble is worms. White's Cream Vermifuge is an absolute cure for worms. Is its own purgative. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

A Suicide in a Soldiers' Home.

Leavenworth, Kas., Feb. 27.—Allen R. Curran, a veteran of barracks B., Soldiers home, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head yesterday. Curran left a note saying he had decided to kill himself because of ill health. He was a soldier in Company I., Thirty-seventh Illinois infantry in the Civil War.

SIMPLE REMEDY FOR LA GRIPPE

La grippe coughs are dangerous, as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough, but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes.—Arlington Pharmacy.

Sedalia Boy Who Made Good.

F. A. Leaming, a former Sedalia printer and son of Judge R. G. Leaming, was one o fthe characters to present the play, "Jemima, or the Watch of Bender," at Mansfield, La., last week. In referring to the play the De Soto Progress, of Mansfield, said: "Mr. Leaming's work could not have been excelled by a professional." Evidently 'Fenn" has not forgotten his training when he did the "devil" act in the office of the old Sedalia Democrat.

Mike Welday Has Signed.

Mike Welday, a ball player well known in Sedalia, has signed to play another year with the Chicago White Sox, he having come to an amiable agreement with Comiskey in regard to salary.

A PERMANENT "Y. M. C. A."

Was Organized in Sedalia With 160 Charter Members.

A permanent organization was effected by the Sedalia Y. M. C. A. at Friday night's meeting by the election of the following officers, trustees and directors:

President—J. W. McClain.
Vice president—Dr. E. D. Holbert.
Recording secretary—W. S. Dixon.
Treasurer—R. F. Harris.
General secretary—D. B. Bulkley.
Trustees—Harry Deming, Arthur Meuschke, J. B. Brown, Arthur Hoffman, E. J. Simpson, E. E. Johnston, Ira Melton and Will Momberg.

Directors for three years—J. B. Brown, D. B. Bulkley, J. W. McClain, R. F. Harris and Dr. K. Raymond Barnum.

Directors for two years—Harry Deming, Turner Wilson, John Montgomery, Jr., Dr. F. D. Holbert and Arthur Hoffman.

Directors for one year—Dr. Fletcher Carter, William S. Dixon, Sherman Whiprecht, Harry Hammond and Arthur Meuschke.

The association already has a charter membership of 160. Harry Deming is chairman of the committee. The list will be kept open a few days longer, and those who wish to escape a larger initiation fee and at the same time become a charter member should join the association at once.

A GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Knipp, of Tipton, Married Fifty Years Ago.

(From Sunady's Daily.)

A. J. Knipp left Saturday night for Tipton, where, today, with his seven brothers and sisters, he will celebrate the golden wedding anniversary of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Knipp, two of Moniteau county's most esteemed residents.

Exactly one-half century ago Mr. and Mrs. Knipp were united in marriage by the late Rev. Fr. Hildner. Ten children were born of the union. Only eight are still living and all of these will attend the celebration.

They are: Joseph, St. Louis; A. J., Sedalia; William, Peter, Charles, Mrs. Ella Koechner, Mrs. Joseph Kuttenkueller and Mrs. Louis Geiser, all living near Tipton.

Mr. Knipp is 72 years old, the same age as his wife. He spent the greater part of his life in farming in Moniteau county, and retired six years ago.

A family dinner will be a feature of today's celebration.

ONE YEAR IN PENITENTIARY

Former State Treasurer of Kentucky Convicted of Serious Crime.

Hearst News Serice.

Jackson, Ky., Feb. 27.—Walter R. Day, ex-state treasurer of Kentucky, was sentenced today to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period of one year on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. He was convicted of having forged the name of his uncle, Floyd Day, to a note for $4,000 in favor of Mrs. Zerilda Cope, about four years ago.

There had been one trial of the case before, in which the jury could not agree. Day was elected state treasurer in 1899 on the ticket with W. S. Taylor and other republicans.

When Your Joints are Stiff and muscles sore from cold and rheumatism, when you sprain a joint, strain your side or bruise yourself, Perry Davis' Painkiller will take out the soreness and fix you right in a jiffy. For over 70 years it has been the standby for emergencies in thousands of families. Don't go home without a 50c. or one of the new size 35c. bottles.



Kemp Hieronymus
Live Stock Auctioneer
Write or Wire For Dates

YOUNG GIRL TO WED A JAP

MISS LUCENE GOODENOW, A SOCIETY FAVORITE, LAUGHS AT THE LAW.

BOTH OF LOVERS ARE STUDENTS OF ART

Romance Began at Institute Where She Met Kiohei Inukai—If it Is Necessary Will Go to Another State to Marry.

Chicago, March 1.—Fear that the anti-Japanese bill intended to prevent the marriage of subjects of the mikado and white women in Illinois may become a law has caused a furore among the Japanese in Chicago.

Miss Lucene Goodenow, a young Woodlawn society woman and art student, expressed contempt for the measure, which, if passed, would prevent her marriage in Chicago with Kiohei Inukai, a young Japanese artist. The fact that she might not be able to be married in her Chicago home did not perturb her.

"We shall marry, despite any law the legislature may pass prohibiting the marriage of Japanese with the white," said the young woman.

"Even if Illinois passes a law that would render our marriage illegal there is nothing to prevent us from going to some other state to have the ceremony performed. We both love art and are suited to each other."

The romance of the young artists began in the Art Institute, where both were students, two years ago. The engagement was announced last December. It caused much comment among club and society women. Many opinions in opposition to the marriages of Caucasians with Orientals was expressed.

Mr. Inukai, who is better known among his friends as "Little Tokio," gained a reputation during his two years' course at the Art Institute. Much of his work adorns the walls of the building.

Miss Goodenow's paintings were attracting attention at the time "Little Tokio" entered the Institute. The date for the wedding of the couple has not been announced.

Other romances in Japanese circles have been jarred by the introduction of the bill at Springfield. There are rumors that when the bill comes to a vote a strong protest committee will be sent to Springfield.

WORKMEN WERE DRINKING

A Riot Following, During Which Two Citizens Were Shot.

Uhling, Neb., Feb. 27.—Italian laborers and citizens of this town last night engaged in a riot in which two citizens sustained bullet wounds and many combatants were injured, but none fatally.

The laborers had been drinking, began a disturbance, and when the city marshal attempted to quiet them, proceeded to riot.

Today all is quiet, the laborers having locked themselves in their cars, while the officers and citizens are maintaining strict surveillance.

PAYS $22.50 FOR A CENT

It Was One Dated 1811 and It Was Sold at a Coin Auction.

New York, March 1.—Several silver dollars of comparatively recent date brought good prices at the coin sale held at the Elder auction rooms Saturday. One dated 1852 brought $72. Another silver dollar struck in 1851 sold for $67, and still another of 1839 brought $61.

Quite a number of early cents sold for high prices, a cent dated 1811 bringing $22.50.

Of the gold coins a North Carolina $5 piece brought $33.50, and a Mormon $5 piece of 1849 sold for $25

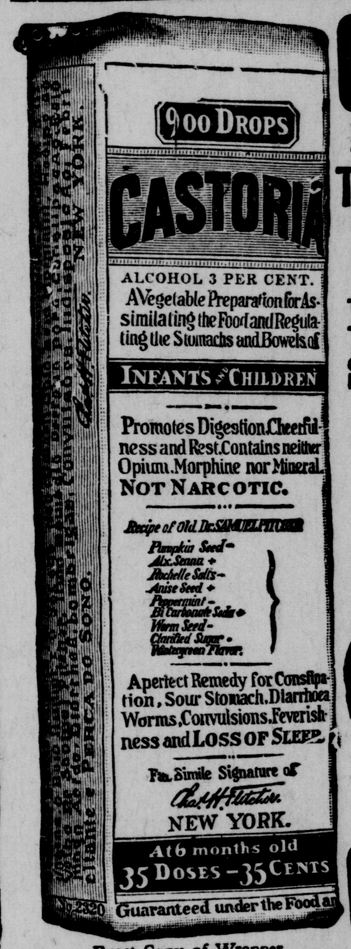
Notice of Assignee's Application For Discharge.

Creditors and others interested in the estate of Hill's Business College under a general deed of assignment to the undersigned, I. N. Sprecher, as Assignee, are notified that on the first day of the next May term of the Circuit Court of Pettis County, to be begun and held at the court house in the City of Sedalia on the 3d day of May, 1909, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I will make application to be discharegd.

I. N. SPRECHER.
Assignee.

IF YOU NEED FENCING

Sedalia Hardware and Grocery Co. will make special prices on American wire, next ten days.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

They Have a Son and Heir.

There was born on Friday, February 26, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rodman, of 4262-A Moffit avenue, St. Louis, a son and heir. Mrs. Rodman, formerly Miss Varina Hughes, of Sedalia, and babe, are doing nicely. Grandmother F. M. Hughes is with her daughter, and all are exceedingly jubilant over the only grandchild of either side of the relationship.

Feel languid, weak, run down? Headache? Stomach "off?"—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sells it.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned executor of the estate of William J. Kelk, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such executor at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri, to be holden at Sedalia, in said county, on the 10th day of May, A. D., 1909.

CHARLES T. KELK,
Executor.

County Court Proceedings
(From Monday's Daily.)

At today's session of the Pettis county court, G. L. Bennett was appointed justice of the peace of Green Ridge township, vice Fred Reams, removed from the township.

Oron Skinner was appointed road overseer in road district No. 13, and Frank Voigt in district No. 8.

Senate Committee Does Not Agree.

Washington, March 1.—The senate committee on judiciary today voted to report a disagreement on the resolution providing for an investigation of the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the United States Steel corporation.

Called Away by Wire.
(From Monday's Daily.)

Mrs. J. J. Coats and daughter, Estelle, left at noon today for Hamilton, Canada, in response to a telegram telling of the dangerous illness of Mrs. Coats' mother, Mrs. James Omand.

FOR THE BEST BREAD

Mrs. Mary A. Neely Won the Prize Offered By E. L. Calvert.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Mrs. Mary A. Neely, 406 East Seventh street, won the prize of $2.50 in gold, offered by E. L. Calvert for the best loaf of bread made by any Sedalia or Pettis county lady. The contest was held at Scott's Book store Saturday, fifty contestants enrolling.

Mrs. Bettie Gentry, Mrs. J. S. Rodgers and Miss Carrie Sprecher were the judges, and after the decision had been rendered all loaves entered in the contest were donated to Mrs. Eula Cole, who disposed of $3 worth and the remainder will be given to the city's poor tomorrow.

THE "DRYS" IN THE SADDLE

Are Certainly Pushing Things in the Hoosier State.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 27.—But one county held a local option election today. The temperance forces claim a victory during the week of eleven counties that have declared against the saloon.

Were Married at Court House.

Earl M. Thurman and Miss Alice Lawson, both of Longwood, were married by Circuit Judge Hoffman at the court house Saturday.

EVERY HOUR OF THE DAY

Dan Wilcox, the reliable druggist, of 104 W. Main street, Sedalia, Mo., is having calls for "HINDIPO," the new Kidney Cure and Nerve Tonic that he is selling under a positive guarantee.

Its merits are becoming the talk of the town and everybody wants to try it, and why not? It costs nothing if it don't do you good—not one cent.

He doesn't want your money if it does not benefit you, and will cheerfully refund the money. Try it today.

The Heth-Lamm Marriage.

The marriage of J. D. Heth, of St. Louis, and Miss Jennie M. Lamm was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Lamm, at Maplewood neighborhood, at high noon Saturday, the Rev. F. S. Beegs, of Smithton, officiating. After a brief honeymoon trip the bridal couple will be at home to friends at 3414 Bell avenue, St. Louis.

Queen City Grove's Meeting.

Mrs. Ethel Peacock was initiated and five applications were balloted on at Friday night's meeting of Queen City Grove No. 1, Woodmen Circle.

MERCHANDISE BROKERS
H. D. WILLIAMSON CO.
WHOLESALE FLOUR AND FEED.
Agency for Cox & Gordon's Celebrated Hams and Bacon.
208 WEST MAIN PHONES 510 SEDALIA, MO

Did You See the Bread?
PRIDE OF PERRY IS CERTAINLY THE BEST FLOUR MADE.
E. L. Calvert, Agent Bell. 602.

FINISH OF MIDDLE MAN

"KALAMAZOO DIRECT TO YOU," AS APPLIED TO ORANGES, IS EXPLAINED.

FRESH SUCKER BORN EVERY MINUTE

Dispatch Tells How the Consumer May Now Get the Fruit Direct From California at Bargain Counter Prices.

Salt Lake, March 1.—There is nothing like a bargain. It is decidedly human to seek after the things that are free or nearly so. Great hardships and much personal inconvenience will frequently be endured in the search for a trivial thing providing it can be had for nothing.

This market is kept well supplied with fine California oranges at all times in season and no consumer need ever go hungry for them—you can get the best kind at any time right around the corner at reasonable prices. A few days ago, however, the man around the corner—the fruit stand man—suddenly found that his oranges were not moving, they were getting stale and nobody wanted them. He picked up one of the Salt Lake papers and read this ad:

"California oranges. Ripe, juicy, luscious. We ship only choice fruits. We will ship you by express, prepaid, one box of navel oranges for $2.60. In ordering, give nearest express office. We ship direct and fill orders same day. Dexter Supply Co., Long Beach, Cal., lock box 65."

He looked in the other daily papers and found the same thing. Just think of it, a box of oranges in a sort of "direct to you Kalamazoo" fashion right straight into the hands of the consumer at a price which does not much more than cover the express charges from Long Beach to Salt Lake. It certainly did look like "free doin's" and they bit. Of course they did.

The express companies have been doing a land office business. But most of those who ordered the oranges and who, of course, sent their money in advance, are not telling about it.

One victim, J .E. Galigher, manager of the Utah Mining Machinery and Supply Co., got his box, however, and he is pretty hot. He admits he got a sure enough box of oranges all right, but there were only a dozen navels. Two dollars and sixty cents for an even dozen—22c each.

Mr. Galigher is not averse to telling how it happened.

"We noticed an ad of the company in one of the Salt Lake morning papers,' said he, "and sent $2.60 for a box of the oranges as advertised. Saturday night we received the box. It was about a foot square and contained an even dozen oranges of such quality as could be purchased in any of the local markets for about forty cents.

"I am determined that no more people shall be taken in if I can help it. It is evident that such work is in direct violation of the postal laws and I have placed the matter in the hands of C. D. Lowe, postoffice inspector. At the request of the postoffice inspector, I am now writing a letter giving all the details to H. E. Booth, United States district attorney. Mr. Lowe states that he will take up the matter with the chief postoffice inspector at Denver and that then a fraud order will be issued."

Mr. Galigher is going after the proposition from the standpoint of a public spirited citizen, and does not consider his personal feelings in the matter at all.

"I will spend $100 if necessary," he said, 'to put this thieving company out of business and warn other people that they may not become dupes of this smooth concern."

There, are, no doubt, many people in Salt Lake who took advantage of the apparently fine offer made by the Long Beach firm, but when they found out that they had been 'taken in" they lay low rather than admit they had been bilked.

The company will contend, very likely, that it fulfilled the terms of its contract when it shipped a box of oranges. No number of oranges was stipulated, neither was the size of the box mentioned. But Uncle Sam, in other cases of similar nature, has held and there is an intent to defraud and it is directly in violation of the postal laws.

KING EDWARD AND KAISER WILHELM



Cabli to the Democrat-Sentinel.

Hearst News Service.

London, Feb. 27.—This picture has just been received from the other side. It is a snapshot showing King Edward, of England and Kaiser Wilh elm, of Germany, during the king's recent visit to Berlin.

HEINOUS CRIME CHARGED

Bert Bidwell Arrested in Green Ridge For Fearful Offense.

Bert Bidwell, 35 years old, employed as a plasterer at Green Ridge, was arrested by Marshal Calvert and Constable Hampton at 7 o'clock Saturday night, ten minutes after he had committed rape upon Myrtle Eller, a 12-year-old daughter of Will Eller, a well-known resident of that place.

Fearing mob violence the officers decided to bring the prisoner to Sedalia, but later altered their plans when the excitement subsided.

Bidwell has been working at Green Ridge, and has a wife and two children living in Illinois. He has an office near the M., K. & T. tracks.

His victim was en route from her home to the butcher shop at the specified hour last night, when she was seized by Bidwell, who lured her into his office, where he accomplished his fiendish purpose.

The girl then made her escape and sounded the alarm, and ten minutes later Bidwell was under arrest. The news of the act spread rapidly and farmers surrounded the prisoner and for a time lynching was feared, but cooler heads prevailed and the excitement was quelled.

Lovers

Of good health should prevent sickness instead of letting themselves get sick and then try to cure it. So long as you keep your liver, bowels and stomach in a healthy and active condition you won't get sick. Ballard's Herbine relieves constipation inactive liver and all stomach and bowel troubles. Sold by W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Decided Against the Governor.

Guthrie, Ok., March 1.—Judge Strang this afternoon held that the writ of search and seizure in the Scott MacReynolds-Gov. Haskell case was issued without sufficient fact and ordered all papers returned to MacRaynolds.

Accused Murderer Escaped Jail

Montgomery, Ala., March 1.—Luther Anderson, accused of the murder of George Wagner, escaped from the county jail last night. He evidently had aid from the outside.

LOCAL SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Reports of Attendance and Collections Yesterday.

(From Monday's Daily.)

W. W. Herold reports the following attendance and collections at the different Protestant Sunday schools in the city yesterday:

Second Congregational—Attendance 63; collection $2.65.

East Sedalia Baptist—Attendance, 259; collection, $3.98.

German M. E.—Attendance, 45; collection, 74 cents.

First Baptist—Attendance, 281; collection, $5.84.

Epworth M. E.—Attendance, 168; collection $2.65.

First M. E.—Attendance, 265.

Broadway Presbyterian—Attendance, 191; collection, $6.72.

M. E. church, South—Attendance, 218; collection $5.61.

East Broadway Christian—Attendance, 128; collection, $2.12.

First Congregational—No report.

Central Presbyterian—No report.

First Christian—Attendance, 369; collection, $14.16.

EXCITEMENT IN THE "PIT"

Wheat Market Continued Record-Breaking Ascent.

Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—The wheat market continued its record-breaking ascent today, May selling at $1.19 and July at $1.05⅞ shortly after the opening of the board of trade.

The pit was in a ferment of excitement.

IF YOU ARE A TRIFLE SENSITIVE

About the size of your shoes. It's some satisfaction to know that many people can wear shoes a size smaller by sprinkling Allen's Foot-Ease into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties, Patent Leather Shoes, and for breaking in New Shoes. When rubbers or overshoes become necessary and your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease gives instant relief. Sold Everywhere, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted Le Roy, N. Y. Don't accept any substitute.

The "U. D. C." Meets Wednesday.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy will meet with Mrs. John Menefee, Jr., at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, the hostesses being Mesdames Menefee, Frank Monroe, Charles Agle, Mrs. W. M. Monroe and daughter, Miss Kathryn, of Tipton, and Miss Lou Menefee.

Circuit Court Entries.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The following entries were made on the docket in the circuit court today:

E. D. Bosserman vs. W. F. Yankee, breach of contract; settled and dismissed at cost of defendant.

Cahill-Swift Manufacturing Co. vs. C. P. Werner, appellant, account; judgment against defendant for $211.25.

Mr. Sprecher Has a Novel "Ad."

W. L. Sprecher, owner of the Sprecher Cigar company store, has a novel advertisement in his front window, which attracts much attention. The purpose is to advertise a new cigar, and a score or more of worn-out shoes are placed in the window, with a sign, reading, "These shoes were worn out walking for cigars."

ATTACK ON NEGRO FEARED

Confessed Slayer of Miss Rosen in Des Moines Jail.

Des Moines, Ia., March 1.—John Junken, self-confessed negro slayer of Clara Rosen at Ottumwa, February 5, was brought to Des Moines yesterday from Albia, and was placed in jail hee for safekeeping, as feeling runs high in Ottumwa, the scene of five brutal murders of women by negroes.

Junken, in a confession here yesterday, declared he had deliberately planned to commit the deed at Ottumwa while he was still an inmate of the Fort Madison penitentiary, serving time for robbing and beating a woman.

Miss Rosen was killed a few days after his release from For Madison prison, January 19. The grand jury meets in Ottumwa Wednesday, when the case wil be considered first, and immediately upon the return of the indictment the trial will be called before Judge Roberts. Junken will be kept in jail until that time.

No Demonstration in Ottumwa.

Ottumwa, Ia., March 1.—There was no repetition of last Sunday's mob demonstration in Ottumwa yesterday. Crowds were attracted to the streets by the news of Junken's confession, but the statement of officers that the negro would be tried soon seemed to satisfy the crowd.

Notice to Live Stock Owners.

When you contemplate employing a veterinarian, remember that the better the qualifications of the man you employ the less your chances for loss in proportion. Walter Warren has been practicing in Sedalia for over three years and desires that you make inquiry about his work. He is the only graduated veterinarian located in Pettis county that does a general practice. When you have a valuable animal that needs attention you cannot afford to employ any but the best. If you desire to consult him call at his residence, 1021 South Kentucky street. Phone 246, or at Hardings barn, 218 South Osage.

Departure of Bridal Couple.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Heth, the latter formerly Miss Jennie M. Lamm, who were married at the home of the bride at Maplewood Saturday noon, left on the noon train today for St. Louis, where they will make their home.

Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.

Preventicsare little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 5c boxes for the pocket, also in 25c boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

Preventics

W. E. BARD DRUG CO.

MISSOURI PRISON RANK

GOV. HADLEY URGES $250,000 FOR NEW PENITENTIARY CELL BUILDINGS.

EXECUTIVE SUGGESTS A PARDON BOARD

Plans for a Tuberculosis Camp for Convicts Initiated, He Says—The Full Text of the Recommendations Made.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 1.—Governor Hadley gave out a report Saturday afternoon relative to a report made by a medical committee, chosen by the senate, as to conditions in the penitentiary.

He suggests a number of improvements, among which is the placing of convicts afflicted with tuberculosis on the prison farm, just east of the penitentiary. He also refers to his intention to have at least a semi-annual inspection made by the Missouri state board of health, that the sanitary and hygenic conditions may be kept as good as possible.

The management is not in fault, he says, for many of the evils which exist there, and which have grown up as a result of the surroundings.

For instance, "C" hall was built in 1836, "B" hall four years later, and "D" hall in 1876. It is particularly true that the first of those buildings was constructed when less was known of the importance of sanitation, ventilation and light than is now known. Governor Hadley's statement follows:

"I have read the newspaper synopsis and will await with interest the receipt of the full report. This report confirms, in a general way, a published interview which I gave early in January in reference to the conditions existing in the penitentiary. I, at that time, called attention to the unhygenic conditions existing there by reason of the fact that the cellhouses, with one exception, were not modern, two of them being little more than dungeons, more characteristic of the middle ages than of the twentieth century.

"I also, in my interview, referred to the prevalence of tuberculosis in the penitentiary and announced my intention of having prompt action taken to do what could be done to prevent the continuance and spread of this disease. I am glad that the senate had this investigation made, for it is something that should have been done before.

"I propose during the next four years to have at least a semi-annual inspection made by the state board of health as to the sanitary and hygenic conditions existing in the state penitentiary, as well as all state educational and eleemosynary institutions and I will require the physicians in charge of all these institutions to make an examination and record as to the physical condition of all persons admitted, and also at regular intervals thereafter.

"Over a year ago at my instance, a committee of the state board of health visited the state penitentiary in order to investigate the conditions there, particularly in reference to smallpox, but with that exception, so far as I know, no inspection has been made of the penitentiary or other state institutions by the state board of health.

The inspection that is made by the state board of prison inspectors, consisting of the state treasurer, state auditor and attorney general, is necessarily largely perfunctory and of little or no value. By long established precedent the work of that board has become largely advisory to the warden in matters relating to the business management. The board is, of course, lacking in technical knowledge to make such an inspection as that made by the state board of health or that made by the committee of doctors selected by the senate.

"I think that there should be a pardon board established in this state, and that it should also be made a board of prison inspectors.

"I have already initiated plans to establish a tuberculosis camp upon the prison farm, to the east of the penitentiary, and I hope during the next few months to be able to have placed there all the convicts in the penitentiary who are tubercular.

"I am in hopes that the legislature will pass the bill that has been introduced by Senator Eads providing for the appropriation of a quarter of a million dollars for the building of new cell houses. It is my judgment that fully this amount is needed to correct the unhygenic and unsanitary conditions which now exist in the state penitentiary.

"I am also awaiting with interest the report of the examination that was made of this penitentiary and also of the leading penitentiaries of the country nearly two years ago by a committee consisting of Senators McDavid, Eads and Bradley.

"I hope from these different sources that we can secure the information necessary to enable us to establish in the state penitentiary during my term of office modern methods, not only as to hygiene and sanitation, but also as to the discipline, occupation and effort at reform of convicts."

We Both Lose Money If You Don't Trade With Us.

Garden Tools



It'll soon be time to "make garden." Have you the proper tools? See our line—we'll provide the best of anything desired at moderate cost.

Come in and see our line of

Cork Lined Refrigerators, Reliable Gasoline Stoves.

Watch the Democrat-Sentinel for announcement of sale of

Graniteware--Soon!

Knight-Marshall Edw. Co.

Order of Publication.

State of Missouri, } ss.
County of Pettis. }

In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, February 13, 1909. February term, 1909.

Lena Wecker, plaintiff, vs. Oscar Wecker, defendant.

Now, at this day comes the plaintiff herein by her attorney and files her petition and affidavit, alleging among other things, that defendant is a non resident of the state of Missouri, and that the ordinary process of law can not not be served upon him in this state.

Whereupon, it is ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this Court, the object and general nature of which is to procure a divorce from the defendant on the grounds of desertion, and for the care and custody of their two minor children, and unless the said Oscar Wecker be and appear at this court, at the next May term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house, in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the first day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the Weekly Democrat-Sentinel, a newspaper printed and published in Pettis county, Missouri, and designated by the plaintiff, four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

Attest:

C. W. DAUGHERTY,
Circuit Clerk.

A true copy from the record.

By H. E. CARPENTER,
Deputy Clerk.

Sangree & Bohling, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Vetoed Sunday Ball Games.

Governor Marshall, of Indiana, has vetoed the Sunday baseball bill, islature by good majorities.

HIGH SCHOOL SOCIETIES

Are to Go to California For a Debate On April 16.

The Athenian society of the Sedalia High school met at the school auditorium after school hours Friday afternon and carried out an interesting program.

Miss Susan Hurlbut opened the program with a piano selection, this being followed by a debate, "Resolved, That Prohibition Deals More Effectvely With Intemperance Than Local Option."

Albert Boughner, George Bellas and Emery Guinn had the affirmative, while Joseph Norton, Vincent Carroll and Albert Wright had the negative.

Another piano solo was rendered by Miss Hurlbut, followed by the report of the critics, after which Vincent Carroll, Albert Wright and Albert Boughner were appointed a committee to arrange the preliminaries for a debate between the Athenian and Philomathean societies of the school, which will be conducted before the Central Missouri association at California, Mo., on April 16.

Had Couple of Initiations.

Ira Lindsay and Raola Taylor were initiated into Russell camp No. 2065, Modern Woodmen of America, at Monday night's meeting of the camp. Two applications were balloted upon.

Taken to Maywood Hospital.

Mrs. O. A. Conkle, wife of a former Missouri Pacific brakeman, who recently gave birth to a babe at her home, on East Seventh street, was removed to Maywood hospital late Saturday. Her condition is slowly improving.

AFTER 55 YEARS

OF ACTIVE SERVICE

among the sick people of the world, don't you think that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the medicine you need to restore your stomach and bowels to a normal condition and make you well again? You ought to try it at once.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

has become the recognized leader among stomach remedies and is always reliable. Try it for Headache, Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Colds, Grippe, Female Ills.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

It is a generally recognized truth that medicines made from vegetable ingredients are a great deal better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures and compounds. Mercury, potash, arsenic, etc., which are used in the manufacture of most blood medicines, are too violent in their action, and frequently derange the system by disturbing the stomach and digestion, affecting the bowels, and when used for a prolonged period often cause Rheumatism. S. S. S. is the only blood medicine guaranteed absolutely and purely vegetable. It is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, selected for their purifying and healing qualities. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, and all other blood diseases, because it cleanses and purifies the blood, and at the same time builds up the entire system by its fine vegetable tonic effects. S. S. S. may be taken by young and old with absolute safety, and with the assurance that it will cure the diseases and disorders due to an impure and poisoned blood supply, even reaching down and removing hereditary taints. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



VEGETABLES RAISED FROM BROWN SEED CO.'S SEEDS as well as flowers, always give the best results. We have a splendid variety of garden and flower seeds that have been selected with great care, and that will produce a crop that can't be beaten for luxuriant foliage, flowers or vegetables. Time to plant your garden now for early vegetables.

Special prices on Sheep Guano Fertilizer.

BROWN SEED CO.

R. W. TYREE, Prop. 310-312 W. Second Street

Bell Phone 869, Home Phone 455

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.



There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, head ache, back ache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and better health in that organ is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. **Swamp-Root** corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest because of its remarkable health restoring properties. A trial will convince anyone.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—if you do you will be disappointed.

Jno. Montgomery, Jr.
Lee Montgomery.

MONTGOMERY & MONTGOMERY, LAWYERS

PORTER-MONTGOMERY BLDG.
14 W . h. 'Phone 325

Time Table

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

No.	Arr.	Going East.	Depart.
4	12:15	St. L. Exp.	12:20 a m
12	2:10 am	St. L. Lim.	2:15 am
10	2:35am	St. L. Lim.	2:40 am
22	10:30am	Local Pass.	10:40 am
2	1:00pm	St. L. Sp'c'l.	1:05 pm
8	4:25pm	Mail & Exp.	4:30 pm
18	9:10 pm	K. C. Accom.	

East bound local freight departs from yards at 7.15 a. m.

No.	Arr.	Going West.	Depart.
9	1:45am	Jopm Lim.	1:50 am
3	4:00 am	Colo. Exp.	4:05 am
11	4:45am	K C St J Lim	4:50 am
37	.....	Local Pass.	7:15 am
21	2:50 pm	Local Pass	3:00 p m
1	2:30pm	Col & St J Spe	2:35pm

West bound local freight departs from station at 7:30 a. m.

LEXINGTON BRANCH.

No. 622,	Passenger, arr.	10:30 am
No. 624,	Passenger, arr.	9:445 pm
No. 623,	Passenger, dep.	5:15am
No. 621.	Passenger, dep.	2:55pm
No. 691,	Local Frt., dep.	6:40am
No. 696,	Local Frt., arr.	2:30 pm

WARSAW BRANCH.

No. 643	departs	7:15 am
No. 644	arrives	2:25 pm

MK-T

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS.

No.	Arr.	Going South.	Depart.
1	6:25 pm	Local Pass.	6:50 pm
3	8:50 am	Local Pass.	9:10 am
5	3:17 am	Flyer	3:22 am
511	.....	Local Freight	7:10 am

No.	Arr.	North and East.	Depart
No.	Arr.		Depart
515	.....	Da. Except Sun.	8:35 am
451	.....	Da. Except Sun.	2:00 pm

KANSAS CITY DIVISION.

Going East.

No. 616	arrives		3:55 pm
No. 452	arrives		5:00 am
6	12:35 am	Flyer	12:40 am
504	....	Da Except Sun	6:15 a. m.
2	8:25 am	Local Pass.	8:50 am
4	8:05 pm	Local Pass.	8:30 pm

34 Trains In and Out of Sedalia Every 24 Hours.

A CHURCH BELL STOLEN

IT WAS TAKEN FROM A STEEPLE SEVENTY FEET HIGH IN A FRENCH VILLAGE.

MAN KILLED WIFE AT HER OWN REQUEST

She Was a Victim of Asthma and Death Was Preferable to Life—Failed to Find Man Who Had Made Threat of Suicide.

By Paul Villiers.
Cable to the Democrat-Sentinel.
(Copyright by W. R. Hearst.)

Paris, Feb. 27.—For the moment church thieves are leaving objects of art alone and are turning their attention to articles of weight. A queer theft is reported from the village of Garrigues, a small commune in the Gard. Thieves have actually stolen the church bell.

As the steeple is seventy feet high and the bell weighs two and a half hundredweight, it is difficult to imagine how the thieves got away with their booty unobserved. As yet there is no trace of the bell or the thieves.

A curious discovery was made in connection with the arrest of a band of Apaches at Vaise, near Lyons. The band had committed a number of burglaries in the commune of St. Foy. Five were arrested, and another member of the gang was caught as he was about to break into a shop which he had watched for eight days.

On this thief was found a copy of the Apaches' articles of association and the rules to be observed by the members. The document sets forth that any member of the band who failed to keep an appointment would be fined a penny. Every member had to assist a friend who found himself in a tight corner. Any member who acted "on his own" would be expelled from the society.

If at any time the leader of the band showed a lack of capacity he would be deposed and another member elected. A thief could only be elected a member of the society after his qualifications had been strictly inquired into. The proceeds of all burglaries had to be equally divided among those who had taken part in them. The document was covered with curious inscriptions, such as "Death to the Police," "Honor to Men of Heart." With one exception all the members of the gang are under lock and key.

The police authorities of Puteaux are inquiring into a strange confession of murder made by a man named Baudin, who yesterday killed his ailing wife at her own request. Mme. Baudin was a victim of asthma, never leaving her house. She had a bad attack yesterday. Her husband helped her to undress and offered to cook her some food; but she refused the food, and implored him to kill her, and so put her out of her misery.

"At this moment," says Baudin, "a cold sweat came over me. I went into another room and took a revolver from my jacket pocket. I hesitated a moment, and then came to a sudden decision. Rejoining my wife I fired at her at arm's length. She did not utter a cry. At sight of the blood rushing from her head, I realized that I was a murderer. I placed my revolver on the table and called my sister, who advised me to surrender to the police.

"That is my crime," added Baudin. "Do with me what you like." The man's statement has been partially verified. He is kept in the lockup and will be sent to the depot.

The residents of the Rue Monge are perplexed by a strange hanging mystery. Recently an employe of commerce, named Cointreau, lost some papers to which he attached great importance. His loss preyed upon his mind. As all his efforts to find them were in vain he informed his concierge that he was going to hang himself and ascended the stairs to put his threat into execution.

The concierge heard him knock a nail in the wall, and ran to the police commissary and informed him of the resolution her tenant had taken. The magistrate forced Cointreau's door. On a table in the first room he entered he found a slip of paper on which these words were written:

"I have hanged myself in the cupboard of my bedroom."

The magistrate looked in the cupboard and found a nail from which a broken cord dangled. But the man's body was not found. The police commissary believes that M. Cointreau changed his mind, and has instituted a search, which, up till now, is without result.

With the object of studying dress designing in all its aspects, Miss Jane Fales has arrived in Paris from Columbia university, New York. Miss Fales says she is convinced that dress has a higher mission than it has yet been accorded. The moral influence of dress has been considerably overlooked.

"Having gathered a store of knowledge in Paris, London and possibly Vienna," she says, "I shall return home and start a branch of dressmaking and dress designing at the Columbia university. We shall send our pupils to every state in America, thus popularizing good taste and the possibilities of artistic effects through the country."

The campaign led by Senator Piot in favor of large families is being encouraged by the railway companies, some of whom have for a number of years distributed sums to those of their employes who are rearing families. The Orleans company has just decided to increase the sum allotted to the family men in its employ.

Those men whose wages amount to $300 a year and who have more than two children less than 15 years of age will henceworth receive a bonus of $13. If there are four children $38, and if five $60 a year. The bonus will be less in the case of employes receiving a salary between $300 and $425 a year.

Something like 6,000 employes will receive these bonuses. The generosity of the Orleans company does not stop here. In 140 districts where living is dear grants will be allowed as rent.

Whilst waiting for the discovery of the roads to Mars and Saturn, France will soon possess the first aerial road, which is to be between Paris and Orleans. The idea comes from the mayor of Orleans, and the plans have been drawn up jointly by the municipal council of Orleans and the Orleans Aero club.

The "road" will be indicated by high masts, or, if necessary, by derricks which will be placed two miles apart, with long and vividly painted pointers at the top. The road is not to be, as some might suppose, immediately above the fine highway which passes through Etampes and is as straight as any Roman road.

Just as Macadam, General Ade and their followers looked first of all at the gradients and natural obstacles, the engineers of the aerial road are looking for level plains and suitable fields where aeroplane drivers may alight or reascend with the greatest possible comfort.

The distance, accordingly, will be somewhat greater, and it seems probable that the length of the new road will be little short of a hundred miles. The various local aero clubs will provide members with a list of suitable stopping places when the road is made, and the time comes to use it.

THE LIST STILL GROWING

Merchants and Home Industry Association of Sedalia.

Following is a list of additional members enrolled in the Merchants and Home Industry association during the past week:

E. E. Codding.
L. S. Eddins.
Thomas J. Fletcher.
R. W. Barnett.
E. J. Donnelly.
E. R. Andler.
B. V. Edkins.
Moerschel Brewing Co.
H. G. Deppe.
Robert Fritz.
James Ferrell.
J. T. Cannon.
Cecil A. Brunk.
H. L. Barnum.
Germo Manufacturing Co.
Sedalia Egg Co.
J. T. Watkins.

Medical Society Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Pettis County Medical society was held at the court house Monday night. Dr. H. B. Cole read an interesting paper on "Auto-Intoxication," which elicited a general discussion.

THE LANDMANN
Abstract & Title Co.
Successors to Landmann Bros.
Abstracts of Title, Real Estate Loans, Rental Agency and Notary Public.
ROOMS 4 and 5—FIRST FLOOR
Porter-Montgomery Building, 114 West Fourth Street. Both Phones 56

P. H. Sangree Jno. D. Bohling
Sangree & Bohling
Lawyers
OFFICE 309 OHIO STREET
(Second Floor)
Phone 428 Sedalia, Mo.

Your Neighbors Can Tell You

No doubt, if you yourself don't know, of many marvelous cures of Stomach, Liver, Blood and Skin affections that have been made by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for it has a most successful record of over *40 years.*

These CURES embrace also many bad cases of Weak Lungs, lingering Coughs, Bronchial, Throat and Lung affections, some of which, no doubt, would have run into Consumption, had they been neglected or badly treated. We don't mean to say that the "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure Consumption when fully seated, but it will strengthen weak lungs, improve digestion, and make pure, rich, red blood thereby overcoming and casting out disease-producing bacteria and giving robust, vigorous health.

All particulars about the "Discovery," its composition and uses, in Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1000 pages, revised up-to-date, sent for 31 cents, in one-cent stamps in cloth covers, or 21 cents for paper covered, to pay cost of mailing *only.* Or send post card request for free booklet to WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Behind Dr. Pierce's Medicines stands the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, thoroughly equipped and with a Staff of Skilled Specialists to treat the more difficult cases of Chronic diseases whether requiring Medical or Surgical skill for their cure. Send for free INVALIDS' GUIDE BOOK.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are *little* in size but *great* in gentle acting sanitary results; cure constipation. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS



If You Don't Know

PAID TRIBUTE TO FLEET

TWO THOUSAND OFFICERS AND BLUE JACKETS MARCHED AT NORFOLK, VA.

RECEIVED CHEERS OF THE ENTIRE PEOPLE

Made a Splendid Showing, in Spite of Their Long Stay on Ship Board—Marching Compared Well With That of Army.

Associated Press.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 27.—Norfolk paid a home-coming tribute to two thousand officers and blue jackets from the American battleship fleet today.

With flaring trousers ends snugly reefed down in canvas leggings, with jaunty white caps setting off the deep blue of service uniforms, and with rifles slung over their shoulders, the men from the fleet paraded through the principal streets of the city and were received with cheers by practically all of Norfolk's population.

The blue jackets made a splendid showing in spite of their long stay on board the ship. Their marching compared most favorably with that of the army representatives.

THE THEFT OF 46 CENTS

Results In Life Sentence for Three Hold-Up Men.

Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Three hold-up men accused of the theft of forty-six cents, were sentenced to life imprisonment by a jury today.

The sentence was made possible by the passage of a law in 1907 providing the severe penalty inflicted for highway robbery committed with the aid of deadly weapons.

Mrs. Mary A. Hatton Dead.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Mrs. Mary A. Hatton, mother of Dr. O. F. Hatton, died from paralysis at her home, Twenty-fourth street and Missouri avenue, early Saturday morning, aged 69 years. The remains will be shipped to Columbia today for burial.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar.—Arlington Pharmacy.

Moved His Family Here.

Charles Miller, who recently established a small overall factory over the store of Messrs. Condict & Renie, on Ohio avenue, and family, have taken apartments at the home of Mrs. Ida Gresham, 401 West Fourth street.

Mock Case Again Continued.

At the request of Prosecuting Attorney Dow, Judge Clark Saturday continued for thirty days the case of James Mock, charged with mistreatment of his stepdaughter.

General Wright to Private Life.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Secretary of War Luke E. Wright announced today that after March 4th, he will return to his home in Memphis, Tenn., and resume the practice of law.

Young Boy Fractured His Leg.

Allan Scruton, aged 17 years, second eldest son of G. H. Scruton, editor of the Democrat-Sentinel, fractured his right leg between the knee and ankle while doing a "stunt" on a springing board at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium about 9 o'clock Friday night.

The lad was taken to his home, Third street and Grand avenue, where Dr. W. A. Ferguson reduced the fracture, but it will be several weeks before he is able to return to his school duties.

FACES SERIOUS CHARGE

James H. Dickenson Accused of Robbing the United States Mails.

James H. Dickenson, a 19-year-old boy, employed as assistant potmaster at Cross Timbers, Mo., was arrested Friday by Postoffice Inspector H. P. Mayhew, of this city, on the charge of rifling the United States mails.

He was taken to Clinton that night and Saturday morning was arraigned before the United States commissioner who held the prisoner in $1,000 bail. Dickenson furnished bond and was released.

Dickenson has been employed in the Cross Timbers postoffice since November 1, last year. He had full control of the office, being acting postmaster.

Shortly after his adventure into the government service, thefts from the mails were noticed and inspectors were set to work. Three letters containing money orders sent to the Sedalia postoffice had been opened and a total of $40 extracted from them.

When everything was in full bloom Postoffice Inspector Mayhew arrested Dickenson but the latter denied his guilt.

ADMIRAL SPERRY RELIEVED

Will Go to Washington and Act as Advisor to Naval Department.

Hearst News Service.

Washington, Feb. 27. — Admiral Sperry has applied for his relief from the command of the battleship fleet.

His request has been granted, and Rear Admiral Richard Wainwright has been designed to assume the command.

Admiral Sperry will retire in September and it was thought that his service would be of greater value if continued in an advisory capacity in Washington than it would be looking after the perfunctory duties on the ships under repair and in preparation for a target practice cruise.

REPRESENTATIVE KERR DEAD

The Member from Hickory County Died of Pneumonia.

Associated Press.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 27.—E. M. Kerr, republican, of Hickory county, a member of the house of representatives, died today of pneumonia.

The death of Mr. Kerr makes the third death since the general assembly convened.

Victim of Runaway Accident.

The report of the accident killing of Paul Appleby, son of Rev. A. B. Appleby, a former Sedalia divine, printed in Friday's Democrat-Sentinel, has been confirmed by Miss Ruth Pearson, of North Grand avenue, who is in receipt of a card from the Appleby family, stating that Paul died Sunday, Feb. 21, from injuries sustained in a runaway accident, his body having been thrown from a buggy in front of a moving train.

Paul was about 17 years of age and while a resident of Sedalia published an amateur newspaper called The Chum.

Will Move to Sedalia.

T. J. Lewis and family, whose lease on the hotel expires March 1, will move to Sedalia just as soon as the roads get dry enough to move their household effects, says the Houstonian.

Mrs. Jennie Boyles arrived from Kansas City Thursday and will take charge of the hotel or lease it to other parties.

Mr. Lewis will remain in Houstonia until April 1st when his lease of the blacksmith shop expires. Mr. Lewis and family have made many friends here, who will regret to see them leave Houstonia.

Five Slain and Bodies Burned.

Mrs. Minnie Beckman and four children were murdered in their home near Bakersfield, Cal., Friday, after which the house was set on fire and the bodies almost entirely cremated. There is no clew to the murderer.

SHOT HIS GIRL WIFE

KENTUCKY FARMER WANTED TO KEEP HER FROM VISITING MOTHER.

SHE WAS WAITING FOR THE TRAIN

Husband Rushed Into Station and Fired Upon Her Just as the Train Arrived—Posse Will Lynch Him if Caught.

Hearst News Service.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 27.—While waiting for a train at Bush Creek, a station on the Louisville & Nashville railroad near Mount Vernon, this afternoon, Mrs. Mary Drew, aged 17, was shot down by her husband, John B. Drew, the bullet piercing her left breast near the heart.

Mrs. Drew had been married but a few months, and had planned to go to Michigan to visit her mother, and her husband, a well-to-do farmer, objected, fearing she would never return.

He rushed into the station and fired on the woman just before the train arrived.

The shooting created great excitement, and a posse started on a hunt for Drew, vowing to lynch him if caught.

BABY'S VOICE

is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. Angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle.

The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass is such that she looks forward with dread to the hour when she shall feel the thrill of motherhood. Every woman should know that the danger and pain of child-birth can be avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, which renders pliable all the parts, assisting nature in its work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this crisis in safety. $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Valuable book of information to women sent free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND.



WE HAVE HAD MANY HARD JOBS TO TACKLE

But it's a waste of words to talk about our facilities for successful carriage and wagon repairing to old customers—they know all about them and us. This card only reminds them. To you it is a courteous request to let us try our hands and heads over your next job in our line. We'll do it right.

FISHER CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS
314-316 W. Second St.
Phone 1505

ESTABLISHED 1880.
McLAUGHLIN BROS.
Undertakers and Embalmers
315-317 Ohio Street
Chapel and Sanitary Morgue in Connection. Prompt, Careful Service.
Bell Phone No. 8. NIGHT CLERK. Queen City No. 8.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption
For Sale by the Arlington Pharmacy.

CONTAINS NO HARMFUL DRUGS
The Genuine is in the YELLOW PACKAGE

Our Advance Spring Showing

Our buyers leave this week for the east for the second time this year to complete our spring lines, but we have now in stock an elegant showing of the season's newest ideas in all the popular cloths.

Dress Goods

This line is exceptionally complete this season. We not only have all the most popular ideas in novelty cloths, but also a splendid assortment of plain colors in all weaves.

WE MAKE LADIES' SUITS TO ORDER.

Silks

We carry a beautiful line of the justly celebrated "Cheney" foulard silks; also a full line of colors in the popular "Ideal" messaline and Suissine silks.

SEE OUR FANCY NETS FOR WAISTS AND DRESSES.

Ginghams

In making your spring purchases it would not be right to overlook this line. We have an immense line of Zephyr, Tissue and Toile du Nord Ginghams now in stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS.
VISIT OUR ART DEPARTMENT.

H. W. MEUSCHKE DRY GOODS CO.
Corner Ohio & Third St. Phones 297.

AFTERMATH OF FAILURE

PRESIDENT OF THE FISH TRUST IS INDICTED IN CHICAGO—GOT $300,000 FROM BANK.

GOT $300,000 FROM NATIONAL BANK

Assistant Treasurer of the Concern is Also Charged With the Crime—Failure Was One of the Year's Sensations.

Hearst News Service.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—W. Vernon Booth and Frederick R. Robbins will be arrested Monday on an indictment voted against them today, charging felonious conspiracy whereby $300,000 was procured from the Continental National bank of Chicago on false pretenses.

Bail will be fixed at $25,000 each.

The maximum penalty for the offense charged is five years in the penitentiary, a $2,000 fine, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Booth is president of A. Booth & Co., a corporation which was proved to be an international fish trust, and which recently failed for a large amount, and is one of the social leaders of Chicago.

Robbins was assistant treasurer of the corporation.

The indictments are the aftermath of the Booth failure which at the time it occurred startled the entire country.

State's Attorney Wayman said tonight that the inquiry against those who contributed to the frauds on Chicago and New York banks on behalf of the defunct corporation to the extent of about $3,100,000 in four years is by no means ended in the one indictment, representing only a single transaction with a single bank.

"This is one of the grossest, most flagrant and most comprehensive collections of crooked finance that I ever heard of. It is a case in which certain men trafficked upon their social standing, and their apparent financial soundness to swindle some of our most careful bankers out of millions on representations which were absolutely false, which were made with no intent except of fraud, and which constitute on a high scale a confidence game in every conception of the law.

"The penitentiary is the place for men who operate huge swindles just as much as for the vagabond who sells gold bricks or the 'sure thing' man who operates a wire tapping swindle. Before the law they are all in the same class, and I propose to make them the same before the bar of justice."

A Religious Author's Statement.

Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy."—Arlington Pharmacy.

Revision of the Statutes.

The house at Jefferson City Friday adopted a joint resolution providing for the employment of the West Publishing Co., of St. Paul, Minn., and six leading lawyers of the state, to aid in making a thorough revision of the state's statutes. The West company is to receive $25,000 for its work and the six lawyers $10 a day each and expenses.

"My three-year-old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life."—A. Wolkush, Casimer, Wis. Arlington Pharmacy.

Cable to the Democrat-Sentinel.

[Hearst News Service.]

London, Feb. 27.—Czar Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, who has added another factor to the near eastern crisis by making a formal demand on the powers that the independence of Bulgaria shall at once be recognized.

LOONEY & BLOESS LUMBER CO., FOR RUBBER ROOFING, $1.50 PER SQUARE.

Wanted For Outlaw League.

Railway tickets from Kansas City to Stockton, Cal., have been sent to "Nig" Perrine, Lou Armstrong and Messrs. "Dusty" Miller and "Johnnie" Farrell to join Danny Shay's "Outlaw" league club at Stockton. Perrine is to get $2,400 for the season.



The Tenderfoot Farmer

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds *himself* regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak" the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

CHANGES ON THE M. K. & T.

MADE NECESSARY BY THE REMOVAL OF THE TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

IT GOES TO DENISON, TEXAS, MARCH 8

Present Quarters at the Station to Be Occupied By the Civil Engineer and Assistants—Other Changes.

The offices of the superintendent and assistant superintendent of telegraph of the entire M., K. & T. system, which have been located in Sedalia for twenty-five years past, will on Monday, March 8, be moved to Denison, Texas.

This information was officially announced Saturday by G. W. Neely, chief clerk of the general telegraph department. The transfer will necessitate the removal from Sedalia to Denison of S. K. Bullard, superintendent, and family; W. H. Hall, assistant superintendent, and family; G. W. Neely, chief clerk; Miss Audrey Grey, chief stenographer, voucher and bill clerk; T. L. Kerr, supply clerk, and family; J. O. Dougan, stenographer and clerk; J. J. Tryling, electrician and telephone expert, and family.

The monthly pay roll of the employes affected by the move is approximately $1,000. During the twenty-five years' stay of the telegraph offices in Sedalia all telegraph operators used on the system from St. Louis and Hannibal to Galveston and San Antonio Texas, have been hired here and sent out from this city, and all supplies and material have been kept on hand at the Sedalia office.

In addition, this department has absolute charge of all electric lights used in all offices on the system, stations and buildings, telephones, clocks, interlocking plants and block signals, and all accounting of all Western Union messages sent over the M., K. & T. wires has been done in this department.

All office furniture and fixtures will be taken to Denison on train No. 1 Monday evening, March 8, and all electrical supplies will follow by freight.

The offices at present occupied by the telegraph department will, after the change, be occupied by R. M. Garrett, resident engineer, and force, while A. Frakes, roadmaster, and clerk, will hereafter occupy the resident engineer's present office.

A new office, for the use of the claim department, will be established at the Katy station as soon as the change is made.

WALKUP-POSSON NUPTIALS

Happy Couple Now at Home on a Farm in Benton County.

Mr. Bert Walkup, one of Pettis county's most prosperous young farmers, and Miss Lizzie Posson, daughter of a prominent family of near Windsor, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday, February 24.

On Thursday, February 25, Mrs. J. J. Walkup, of near Manila, gave a dining for the happy couple, those present being: A. F. Posson and wife, W. D. Walkup and wife, C. E. Walkup and wife, R. C. Clark and wife, Arthur and Myrtle Walkup, D. V. Ferguson and wife, Ethel Posson and Mrs. Pendarvos, of McAllister Springs. A sumptuous dinner was served at noon by Mrs. Walkup and daughter, Miss Grace.

The groom owns a fine farm, well improved in Benton county, at which place they are at home to their friends. Congratulations are extended.

MISS ETHEL MAY WED

Formal Announcement is Expected to Come Right After Easter.

Hearst News Service.

Boston, Feb. 27.—Formal announcement of the engagement of Ethel Roosevelt to William Phillips, of Boston, third assistant secretary of state, is expected immediately after Easter.

The news that such an engagement already existed reached Boston today, and while no denial was made of it, no one would go so far as to admit the facts.

HARRY BOULLT TO LEAVE

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Popular Clothing Salesman Will Go to Tulsa Oklahoma.

D. H. Boullt, better known as Harry Boullt, for the past sixteen years one of Sedalia's most efficient and popular clothing salesmen, and as nice a gentleman as ever resided in the Queen City, has tendered his resignation at the Palace Clothing company and will leave Thursday for Tulsa, Ok., to accept a better position with the Lee Agee Clothing company.

Mrs. Boullt will remain in Sedalia until their house and furniture are disposed of, after which she will join her husband in the new state.

Mr. and Mrs. Boullt are two of Sedalia's most esteemed residents, and every acquaintance will extend best wishes for them in their new place of abode.

Lievd Over a Century.

Hearst News Service.

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 27.—Joseph Raczynski, 103 years old, died here today. He was born in Poland where he lived fifty years in the same house, and came to America 18 years ago.

A MUSICAL FESTIVAL

LADIES' MUSICAL CLUB TO INAUGURATE A YEARLY GATHERING OF MUSIC LOVERS.

THE PLANS ARE NOW BEING PERFECTED

The Very Best Talent, Both in Vocal and Instrumental Work Will Participate—The Event Promises to Be a Grand Success.

The Ladies' Musical club Saturday perfected plans for a grand May Festival musical concert to be given at the Sedalia theater on Friday night, May 7, and the event promises to be a lasting memory to the club members, as well as others who will have the privilege of attending.

The festival will be conducted on the plan of those held annually at Macon City, Moberly, Columbia, Boonville, Fayette and other towns, and will be under the personal direction of Johannes Goetze, of Moberly, a director of the first class, who for years past has been engaged in giving successful musical festivals.

The festival will have as instrumentalists a thirty-five piece orchestra, and the intention of the club is to make the event an annual occurrence. The orchestra is composed of the most talented musicians in the state.

Hugo Olk, the noted cornet meister of the St. Louis Symphony orchestra, and P. G. Anton, the famous cellist from the same organization, are among the orchestra members, who will not only take part in the concerted work, but will render solos as well.

A feature of the festival will be selections by a quartette composed of Mesdames Sturtevant and Cunningham and Messrs. Grand Hadley, baritone, and Edward Walker, dramatic tenor, who will also render separate solos.

The committee in charge of the event is composed of Mesdames W. D. Steele, C. H. Bard, E. F. Yancey, Richard Waddell, Oscar Ott, Eugene Thomson, Harry Carpenter E. B. Quisenberry and J. H. Rodes and Misses Jessie Blair, Jessie Smith and Hattie Gold.

A musical festival is a new thing in Sedalia, but the Ladies' Musical club members have developed a vim and determination to make it an annual affair, and judging from the success attained from past entertainments under the able direction of the club members, the coming event will no doubt attain the success that it so justly merits.

Mr. Goetze, who will be in charge of the festival, is a noted musician, who has an international reputation, and music lovers of this city and surrounding country will be given a treat soon that is envied by many cities much larger by far than the Queen City.

Former Sedalian to Move.

Mayor John W. Kistler has completed arrangements to give up his business in Pilot Grove and remove to Columbia, where he will engage in the bakery and confectionery business, exclusively, on a large scale.—Pilot Grove Record.

Prior to his removal to Pilot Grove, Mr. Kistler was a resident of Sedalia.

A Swollen Jaw

Is not pretty or pleasant. Whether it's caused by neuralgia, toothache or accident, Ballard's Snow Liniment will reduce the swelling and relieve the pain. The great and sure cure for rheumatism, cuts, burns, bruises, scalds—any and all aches and pains. —W. E. Bard Drug Co.

Names Police Commissioner.

Governor Hadley has appointed R. B. Middlebrook and Thomas R. Marks members of the Kansas City board of police commissioners. Neither was an applicant for the position.



"Cook says it's **K C** Baking Powdah, lady."

"Are you sure, waiter? I thought that was a cheap baking powder."

"Yes, lady, cook says that powdah'd be cheap at any price. 'Fraid you all's prejudiced, lady."

Yes, lady, we're afraid so too. Prejudice does keep us out of lots of good things in this life. When it comes to baking powder, the prejudice vanishes when you try

KC BAKING POWDER

Moderate in price,—but not cheap. Used exclusively on the diners of many railroads and in the finest hotels, where highest quality is sought regardless of cost.

Made of the purest tested ingredients. Guaranteed under all Pure Food Laws. If you don't like **K C** *better* than any other your grocer returns your money.

You'll be more than pleased and wonder at the modest price. Here's the reason—we're not in the trust. Our price is the fair price for a perfect baking powder—25 cents for a 25-ounce can. A higher price is extortion.

Get a can on trial under our guarantee. Send in the coupon it contains, mentioning this paper, and we will mail you "The Cook's Book," a fine collection of selected recipes by Mrs. Janet M. Hill, beautifully illustrated,—a book you will prize. Don't fail to get it. It's worth a dollar to any housewife.

Jaques Mfg. Co., Chicago

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

Those of Beiler Grocer Co. Met Saturday Forenoon.

The stockholders of the Beiler Grocer company held their annual meeting at the company's offices at 10 o'clock Saturday morning and re-elected the old directors, as follows:

E. B. Farley, William Jolly, J. W. Teasdale, of St. Louis; J. T. Baxter and H. H. Hawkins.

The directors then re-elected the old officers, as follows:

President—E. B. Farley.
Vice president—William Jolly.
Secretary—J. T. Baxter.
Treasurer—H. H. Hawkins.

Sturgeon to Have a Fair.

Sturgeon, Mo., March 1.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Sturgeon Fair association held Saturday night it was decided to have a four days' fair, beginning Tuesday, August 21. A. E. McComas was chosen president, Charles Palmer secretary, and J. H. Winscott treasurer.

Will Erect a 5-Cent Airdome.

The Bell-Olendorf-Ballard Airdome Co., will erect a 5-cent moving picture airdome on the site of the old Crystal park, and work will begin within a few days.

The Pope Still Indisposed.

Rome, March 1.—The indisposition of the pope continues, but it did not prevent him from arising Sunday morning and working for several hours in his library. The attending physicians maintain that the suspension of audiences was brought about chiefly because of hoarseness, and they expect that his holiness will be entirely recovered in a few days.

Wichita Has a Slasher.

Wichita, Kas., Feb. 27.—James Ballard, the slasher arrested here last night, confessed today to having cut the skirts and coats of three women. In his confession he also told of cutting holes through his walls in boarding houses and watching women in adjoining rooms. He gave his home as Lacygne, Kas.

Death of a Little Girl.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Little Hazel Halley, daughter of Estell Halley, a well known citizen living just east of Otterville, who died Friday evening, February 26th, was interred in the Odd Fellows' cemetery at Otterville Saturday. Services were conducted by Rev. Richards, a Baptist minister, at the Halley home. Measles was the cause of death.

A Sneeze Saved His Life.

New York, Feb. 27.—Wilbert Healy, a 17-year-old boy of Bloomfield, N. J., sneezed violently yeserday and regained consciousness after being in a ten-days' trance. He was injured in a basket ball game ten days ago, and after returning home lost consciousness and was kept alive only by the use of liquid foods forced between his clenched teeth. It is the belief of physicians that his sneezing loosened a blood clot on his brain and that he will recover. He was conscious today and apparently improving rapidly. Dust from a sofa cushion evidently caused him to sneeze, although he was unconscious at the time.

A Roast of Missouri Pacific.

The Boonville Branch of the Missouri Pacific is given a roast of one and one-quarter columns in the Buncetton Eagle of February 26. Here is a sample paragraph:

"The trouble here as well as on the main line seems to be due to the lack of motive power. The kind of engines that the company has been running on the branch are said to be worn out and entirely unfit for service. In fact, it is almost a farce to try to operate trains with such engines as are being used. The faithful crew on the branch road makes every effort possible to get over the line with the patched-up old engines, but such a thing as running on time is an impossiility."

Members of Reception Committee.

Senator Frank C. Hayman, of Houstonia, was a member of the committee on reception at the banquet tendered former Governor Joseph W. Folk by 600 leading citizens of the state in St. Louis Friday night.

The 1909 Fair at Buncetor.

The Buncetor Fair association has decided to hold its 1909 exhibition on August 24 25, 26 and 27. This particular fair is always one of the best held in interior Missouri.

Five Men Were Killed.

Five men were killed instantly and two others fatally injured in an accident in the mine of the West Seventh Street Mining Co. at Joplin, Mo., at 10 o'clock Friday night.

MISSOURI WINS AGAIN

Student of the University Captures Valuable Prize.

Columbia, Mo., March 1.—Edwin R. Stroeter, for two years a student in the Missouri College of Agriculture, won first prize for writing the best paper on "Sheep Production" at the last International Live Stock show held at Chicago. Young Stroeter when he entered the college had had no experience whatever in sheep raising, and acquired, therefore, all of his knowledge while connected with the institution as a student.

At the end of two years he undertook the management of his grandfather's 240-acre farm within twenty-five miles of Kansas City. He began to raise early lambs and met with unusual success from the very first. When the international Live Stock show offered a special prize for the best description of practical methods of sheep production Stroeter decided to enter the contest.

A large number of papers were submitted and the prizes were unanimously awarded as follows:

First prize—Edwin R. Stroeter, Kearney, Mo.

Second prize—O. W. Johnson, Ames, Iowa.

Third prize—James Raymond Jones, Lafayette, Ind.

Fourth prize—Elmer Henderson, Leland, Ill.

Never before has the agricultural college at Columbia been teaching subjects that were so close to the practical farmer as at the present time. Increasingly large numbers of students are returning to the farm and putting into practice the improved methods taught at this institution.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes.—Arlington Pharmacy.

"Billy" Sunday Horsewhipped.

In the presence of 8,000 people, Rev. W. A. Sunday, better known as "Billy" Sunday, a former professional ball player, was horsewhipped at Springfield, Ill., Friday night by Sherman Potts, once an inmate of the insane asylum at Jacksonville, Ill. The evangelist was not badly hurt. The police consider Potts a religious fanatic. The cause for the attack was Sunday's alleged criticism of the virtue of women.

BEES LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

CONFORMS TO NATIONAL PURE FOOD AND DRUGS LAW.

An improvement over many Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies, because it rids the system of a cold by acting as a cathartic on the bowels. No opiates. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Prepared by PINFULE MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.

W. E. BARD DRUG CO.